

Beaver POWER TOOLS

No. 6200 9" TILTING ARBOR SAW

417-97-651-0001

Operating and Maintenance Instructions

Dated:11-63

HELPFUL HINTS ON THE SET-UP AND OPERATION OF YOUR BEAVER

The Beaver 9" Bench Model Tilting Arbor Saw can perform all operations commonly done on larger and more expensive machines of its type. The working parts are enclosed in a welded steel cabinet. It is light in weight, has a large working capacity and is ruggedly designed. Cross cutting, ripping, mitering and bevelling operations can be easily accomplished. Accessories for dado and moulding operations may be purchased extra.

Maximum depth of cut is 23/4 inches. When the saw blade is tilted 45 degrees to the right, 1 7/8 inches depth of cut can be obtained. The "Auto-Set" miter gage is adjustable for cuts at any angle up to 60 degrees right or left. The rip fence can be clamped at any point along the entire width of the table including the side extensions when mounted.

The table height should be approximately $34\frac{1}{2}$ inches above the floor when mounted. Its size is 24 inches wide by 22 inches deep; when both side extensions are mounted, its size is $49\frac{1}{2}$ inches wide by 22 inches deep. The cabinet size is 16 inches wide, 14 inches deep by $11\frac{1}{2}$ inches high.

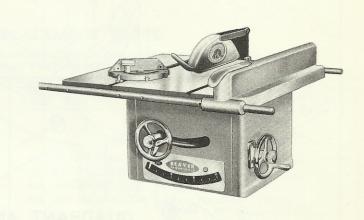
Under the basic unit, No. 6200, the standard parts furnished with the machine are as follows: 9 inch combination saw blade. 2 inch arbor pulley, rip fence and guide rails, "Auto-Set" miter gage and 34-661 table insert for saw blade.

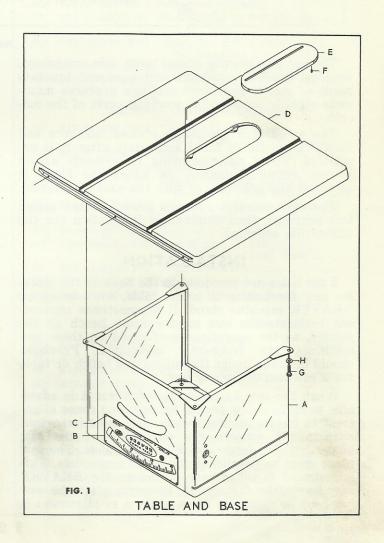
Accessories which may be purchased as additional equipment are the No. 9-32121-S guard and splitter attachment, combination saw blades, special table inserts, Nos. 34-663 and 34-662, for dado and moulding cutter head respectively, No. 4 moulding cutter head and knives, No. CS-3236 side table extension, No. MS-9-32-100 steel stand, No. 49-362 retractable caster set, No. 864 miter gage, No. 5225 2½ inch motor pulley or No. 5450 4½ inch motor pulley.

Refer to the photographs, drawings and Table 1 to identify the parts mentioned in the following instructions.

CONSTRUCTION FEATURES

Use of a welded steel cabinet ruggedly constructed as a frame for mounting the table and carrying the working parts provides maximum safety for the operator and presents a machine of modern lines which can easily be kept in a neat condition. Details of the cabinet which allows ready access to the working parts of the machine are shownin Fig.1.





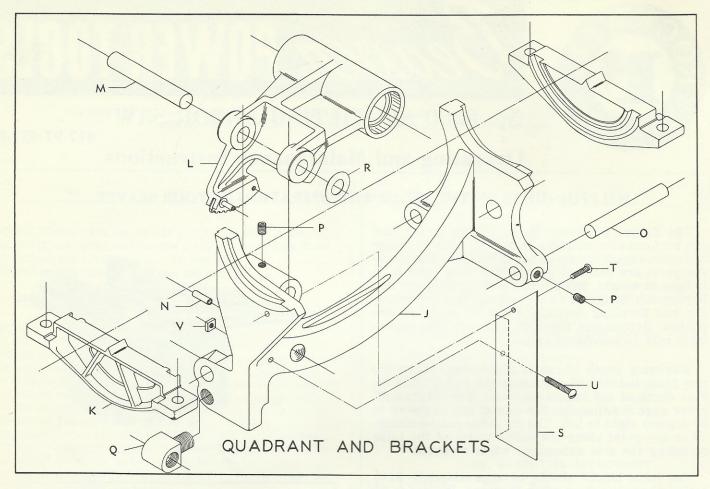


FIG. 2

The use of a heavily ribbed table, side extensions, mandrel bracket, quadrant and quadrant brackets made of sturdy grey iron castings produces maximum rigidity between the working parts of the machine.

The mandrel is ground to a close tolerance and its flange is finish faced accurately after it is assembled. These manufacturing refinements assure a true running mandrel on which the blade is mounted and held square with the axis of rotation.

The saw mandrel runs in pre-lubricated sealed ball bearings, thus eliminating lubrication for the life of the bearings.

INSTALLATION

Four holes are provided in the base of the circular saw for bolting it to the table, work bench or BEAVER machine stand. It is sometimes convenient to locate the saw on the same bench as the jointer, as the operations performed on these two machines are frequently correlated. Provision should be made under the supporting bench or table for a sawdust drawer or box.

When the saw has been bolted down it is advisable to make a few checks for saw and fence alignment to ensure accurate work. The most important adjustments concern the parallelity of the saw blades, ripping fence and miter gage slots. The saw blade must be parallel to the miter fence slots. This adjustment is taken care of before the BEAVER saw leaves the factory. If, however, after the saw has been in operation for a while, a re-alignment is

necessary, it may be accomplished by a slight movement of the trunnion supports where they fasten to the underside of the table.

The fence adjustment is described later under the heading the Ripping Fence.

POWER REQUIREMENTS

For average conditions, a $\frac{3}{4}$, hp motor will furnish ample power for this machine. A $4\frac{1}{2}$ inch motor pulley is recommended for use with a 60 cycle 1725 rpm motor to obtain a mandrel speed of 3450 rpm. A $2\frac{1}{4}$ inch motor pulley should be used with a 60 cycle 3450 rpm motor.

Before installing the motor make sure it rotates in the right direction. To run the blade forward through the table, the correct rotation of the motor is clockwise when viewed from the left side of the machine. If the motor runs the wrong way, reverse it according to the manufacturer's directions.

Before connecting the motor to the power line, be sure the electric current is of the same characteristics as stamped on the motor name plate.

Do not connect the motor to a circuit which will be overloaded. If an extension cord is used, it must have adequate capacity. All line connections should make good contact. Running on low voltage will injure the motor.

Fasten the motor to the motor plate, X, Fig. 4, with suitable carriage bolts, fastening them loosely so the motor can be shifted to line up the motor pulley

with the mandrel pulley. It is important that the motor shaft and the mandrel shaft be parallel.

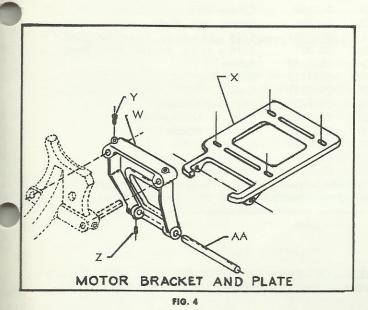
Slip the motor pulley on the motor shaft with its hub extending away from the motor and tighten it n place. To prevent excess wear and loss of power, the V-belt must run true. Place a straight edge across the faces of the pulleys—working through the opening in the rear of the cabinet—and shift the motor pulley on its shaft until it is in line and tighten its set screw. Refer to Fig. 4.

All adjustments for pulley line-up must be made on the motor pulley. Do not move the arbor pulley, as it also acts as a bearing retainer.

Place the V-belt over the arbor pulley, then lift the motor plate slightly to stretch the V-belt over the motor pulley. The weight of the motor will give the V-belt the correct tension.

RAISING MECHANISM

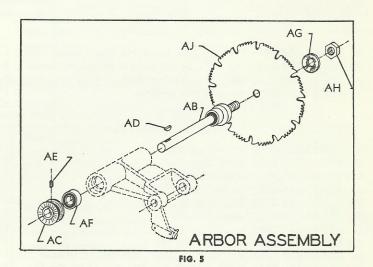
The saw blade is raised by turning the handwheel to the right and lowered by turning it in the opposite direction. The pitch of the raising worm and spacing of the teeth on which it rides are such that one complete turn of the hand-wheel moves the blade approximately 5/16 of an inch.



The hand knob, AN, which extends from the centre of the hand-wheel assembly, screws onto the sheel shaft, AK, and locks the saw blade at the desired height by tightening it moderately, any aditional force merely places unnecessary strain upon the raising mechanism. When making an adjustment for depth of cut always raise the saw blade to the proper height, then lock it in position to avoid a slight change in height which might occur. Refer to Fig. 6.

To prevent the mandrel from raising too high, a steel pin has been placed in the mandrel bracket assembly. This pin strikes against another steel pin, N, projecting from a boss on the quadrant. Refer to Fig. 2.

Undue looseness between worm, AQ and sector in arbor bracket will cause vibration. Sleeve, AL, is eccentric and by loosening set screw in quadrant, the sleeve may be rotated until a good mesh is obtained. Then lock set screw to sleeve.



AR AS AQ AR RAISING MECHANISM

FIG. 6

TILTING MECHANISM

The saw blade is tilted by turning the hand-wheel on the right side of the cabinet. Each complete turn of the hand-wheel gives approximately eight-tenths of one degree of tilt.

The hand knob, AW, which extends from the center of the hand-wheel assembly, screws onto the steel shaft, AT, and locks the saw blade at the desired angular position by tightening it moderately; any additional force merely places unnecessary strain upon the tilting mechanism. Refer to Fig. 6A.

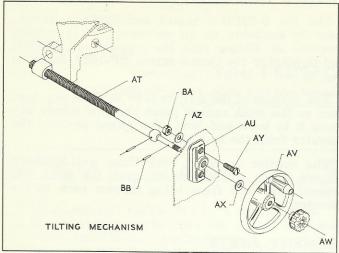


FIG. 6A

Place the saw blade at right angles to the table and check its squareness by using a combination square then set the pointer, AM, to the zero point.

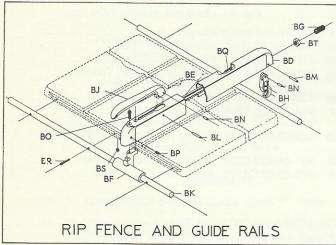


FIG. 7

A position stop is provided on the end of tilt shaft, AT, to stop the blade at the 0° position. Place the saw blade at right angles to the table and check its squareness by using a combination square. Set pointer, AM, to the zero on the scale. Loosen jam on shaft, AT, and move adjusting nut till it contacts tilt shaft nut, Q. Then tighten lock nut.

THE RIPPING FENCE

Of cast construction, is ground on both sides for use on either side of the saw blade and slides smoothly on the support rails. It is readily clamped in position by means of a level arm on one end which actuates a link-clamping bar, thereby locking both ends simultaneously. The fence is used for cutting lumber lengthwise with the grain. This operation is known as ripping or rip sawing. Refer to Fig. 7.

The fence must be parallel to the miter gage slots. If adjustment is required, loosen the clamp handle and holding the guide at mandrel end of fence against the guide rails, loosen socket head screws in top of fence and adjust by means of set screws in the side, until the fence is correctly lined up with the slot in table top. Tighten top screws.

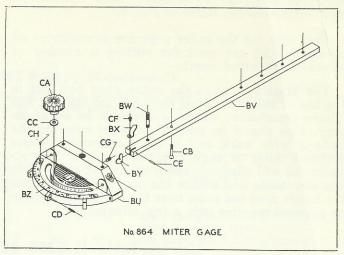


FIG. 8

MITER GAGE

The No. 864 Miter Gage, Fig 8, has a 7 inch face and $3/8 \times 3/4 \times 18$ inch bar which fits the table slot. It can be set at any angle up to 60 degrees right or left, and has adjustable stops for instantaneous settings at zero and 45 degrees right or left.

To adjust this unit, flip the stop link, BY, away from the stop screw at the 90 degree mark. Take a piece of scrap wood and make a trial cut, check the cut with a combination square resetting the gage until the cut is square. Lift the stop link and adjust the special Nylok stop screw, CD, bringing it against the link. Take another trial cut to recheck the setting. The right and left 45 degree stops should be adjusted in the same manner as described above. From time to time, check the accuracy of the cut by using a combination square.

The tapered pivot screw, CB, holds the miter gage head so the bar can be adjusted to compensate for wear or loosening the head to suit the operator. To do this, loosen the headless set screw CG, in the face of the miter gage and adjust the tapered pivot

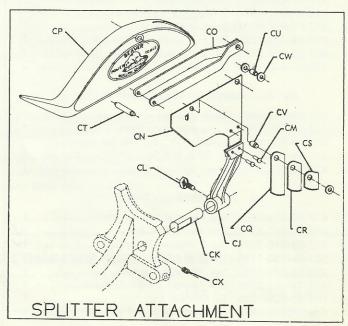


FIG. 9

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screw to the required tension. Then tighten the headless set screw. Refer to Fig. 8.

Stop rods for the miter gage are available as an accessory and are used for cutting a number of pieces of a required length.

The tapped holes in the miter gage bar and in the top of the miter gage body are for the No. 865 Clamp attachment which is available as an accessory. This should be used when bevel mitering the ends of wide work, and in other operations where accurate miter or angle cuts are required. This attachment will eliminate creep toward or away from the saw blade and makes the operation safe, since the hands need not come near the blade. Installation or removal requires only a few minutes time.

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GUARD AND SPLITTER ATTACHMENT

The No. 9-32121-S Guard and Splitter Attachment is available as an accessory. It is quickly mounted by sliding onto the support rod, 9-3251, and tightening the thumb screw, SP-1520. Refer to Fig. 9.

The purpose of the splitter is to hold the saw kerf open so the stock cannot pinch the saw which will cause it to burn and bind. The guard protects the operator from the saw blade.

The splitter is fitted with three anti-kickback fingers which will effectively grab the stock and prevent the work from being thrown back to the operator.

Table 1. 6200 REPLACEMENT PARTS

IMPORTANT: Give both the Part Number and the Description of each item when ordering from this list; also the Serial Number of the machine on which the parts are to be used.

Key Lette	er Part No.	Description Requi		Key Letter	Part No.	Description Requ			
	7477 740.	/ Requi		Letter	run no.	Description Requ	irea		
	Fig. 1 — BASE AND TABLE ASSEMBLY				Fig. 6 — RAISING MECHANISM				
A	417-97-331-0001	Base Sub-Assembly	1	AK	417-97-106-0002	Elevation Shaft	. 1		
В	960-02-011-8348	Tilt Scale and Name Plate	1			Elevation Shaft Sleeve			
C		No. 2 x 3/16 long drive screws	4			Pointer			
D		Table	1			Locking Handknob, Tapped			
E		Insert with screws	1			3/8-24 x 3/4" deep	. 1		
F		No. 10-32 x 1/4" Set Screw, cup pt.	4	AO	930-01-041-9010	Handwheel Assembly	. 1		
G	901-01-061-8367	5/16-18 x 1" Hex. Hd. Cap Screw	4	AP	904-07-020-5556	Fibre Washer 3/4 O.D., 25/64 I.D.,			
Н	904-01-010-1620	5/16" Steel Washer	4			1/16" thick	. 1		
	7010101020	37 TO Steel Waster	7	AQ	422-02-051-0001	Worm, 7/8" O.D. x 13/32" long, 3/8" bore, L.H.			
	Fig. 2 - QUADR	ANT AND BRACKETS ASSEMBLY		AR	901-04-150-0208	1/4-20 x 1/4 Soc. Set Screw			
,			,	AS	905-02-021-8112	1/8" x 5/8" Groove Pin	. 2		
		Quadrant	1	1	700 02 021 0112	76 A 76 GIOOVE I III	. 4		
<		Quadrant Bracket	2		E:_	THE TIME MECHANISM			
-		Mandrel Brkt. with sector assembled	1			- TILTING MECHANISM			
M		Mandrel Bracket Pivot Shaft	1	AT	417-97-406-0003	Tilt Shaft Assembly with			
1		½"'x ¾" Roll Pin	1			905-02-021-8112, Roll Pin			
0		Motor Mounting Bracket Rod	2	~ AU	417-97-089-0001	Bearing	. 1		
		5/16-18 x 5/16" Soc. Set Screw	3	AV	930-01-041-9010	Handwheel Assembly	. 1		
5		Tilt Shaft Nut	1	AW	931-02-011-6354	Locking Handknob, tapped			
3		Spring Loading Washer	1			3/8-24 x 3/4" deep			
5		Sawdust Deflector	1	AX	904-07-020-5556	Fibre Washer 3/4 O.D., 25/64 I.D.,			
Г		Rd. Hd. Mach. Scr. No. 10-24 x 3/4	1			1/16" thick			
J		Rd. Hd. Mach. Scr. No. 10-24 x 11/4	1	AY	901-01-061-8367	5/16-18 x 1" Fil. Hd. Cap Screw	. 2		
V	902-01-020-1216	Nut, 10-24	2	AZ	904-01-010-1620	Steel Washer, 11/32 I.D., 11/16 O.D., 1/16" thick	. 2		
	Eig A MC	Fig. 4 MOTOR BRACKET AND PLATE				5/16-18 Hex Nut			
						1/8 x 5/8 Groove Pin			
N		Motor Bracket	1	BC	902-01-100-1002	7/16-14 Heavy Hex Jam	. 2		
X	422-09-089-0002	Motor Mounting Plate	1						
Y		$\frac{1}{4}$ -20 x $\frac{1}{2}$ " Sq. Hd. Set Screw	2		Fig. 7 — RI	IP FENCE AND GUIDE RAILS			
Z		1/4-20 x 1/4" Soc. Set Screw	1	BD	417 07 043 0001	Rip Fence Body	. 1		
AA	422-08-108-0001	Motor Plate Rod	1	BE					
						Rip Fence Bar			
	Fig. 5	- ARBOR ASSEMBLY		BF		Rip Fence Front Slide			
A D	417 07 202 0001	C 44 1 1 C 1 A 11	,			Clamp Pivot Screw			
AB		Saw Mandrel Sub-Assembly	1			Rip Fence Clamp			
AC		Saw Mandrel Pulley	IV	BJ		Rip Fence Lever			
AD		No. 5 Woodruff Key	10			Guide Rail			
AE		1/4-20 x 5/16" Soc. Set Screw	1	BL	905-01-010-6738	1/4" x 13/8" Roll Pin			
AF		Saw Mandrel Bearing	1			1/4" x 11/4" Roll Pin			
		Saw Mandrel Loose Collar	1			1/4" x 5/8" Roll Pin			
HA		5%-18 Hex. Jam Nut	1	ВО	901-03-010-0757	5/16 - 18 x 3/4" Soc. Hd. Cap Scr 5/16 - 18 x 3/8" Soc. Set Screw	. 2		
AJ			1	BP	001 01 150 1000		. 1		

Table 1 REPLACEMENT PARTS (Continued)

IMPORTANT: Give both the Part Number and the Description of each item when ordering from this list; also the Serial Number of the machine on which the parts are to be used.

Ke Lett		Part No.	Description .	Number Required		Part No.	Description	Number Required
BR	90	1-02-051-288	71 No. 10 - 24 x 1" Fil. Hd. Mach. Scr 36 No. 10 - 24 x 1½" Fil. Hd. Mach 6 No. 10 - 24 Hex Nut	. Screw 5		No. 34-662 No. 34-663	Table Insert with Levelling Screws, for Moulding Cutter Head	1
			26 5% - 18 Hex Jam Nut			CS-3236 9-32121-S	Dade Head	
BV	417	7-97-004-000	2 Miter Gage Body	1			Long Guide Rails	shers 1
BX BY	417	7 <mark>-97-075-000</mark> 2-01-088-000	7 Miter Gage Stud	1 1		CS-32157-S No. 864 No. 865 No. 873	Trammel Assembly	1
CA CB	931	1-02-010-108 2-01-112-000	15 Handknob	1 1		No. 49-362	Retractable Caster Set	
CE CF	991-04-121-3615 8/32 x ½ Slotted Headless Nylok S 995-01-010-2729 3/16 x ½ Lg. Roll Pin				Fig. 9—SPLITTER ATTACHMENT			
			1 Set Screw		CK CI	9-3250 9-3251 SP-1520	Splitter Brkt	Plated) 1
		No. 4	ACCESSORIES 3-Knife Moulding Cutter Head, 4" dia	am	CM CN CO	20-001 CS32122 CS32123	3/16 x ½ Lg., Rd. Hd., Alum. Rivet Splitter	1
	1	No. 36-014	5% bore	1 Hole 1	CP CQ	CS32121 CS32124	Guard	1
			2½" Motor Pulley, with set screw (S ½, 5% or ¾" Bore) for 60 Cycle, rpm Motor	34501	CR CS CT	CS32125 CS32126 CS32127	2 11/16 Anti-Kickback	1
1		טנדנ. טנדנ	4½" Motor Pulley, with Set Screw (S ½, 5% or ¾" Bore) for 60 Cycle, rpm Motor	1725	C) (to	CS32128	Guard Arm and Spreader Pin	

