# THE BRADFORD MACHINE TOOL CO.

CINCINNATI, OHIO

# LATHES AND HIGH PRODUCTION DRILLING AND TAPPING MACHINERY

Also Portable Electric Tools and Pedestal Model
Grinders and Buffers

Metal Working Machinery Manufacturers For More Than A Century

Sevial 8025 (Stort)
Sevial 8025 (Duty 12 11 X.6) FOREWORD

The Lathe you are going to operate is a high-grade machine tool representing many hours of careful work by its makers and thousands of dollars of investment by your employer.

Upon you rests the responsibility for its successful performance and the fulfillment of the expectations of both maker and your employer, to give trouble-free service for a long time.

This lathe has been built to stand the strains and stresses of the work that will come within the range of its capacity. However, in many places there are very close fits, to fractions of a thousandth of an inch-small bearings have been used on shafts, etc., and these must be lubricated thoroughly and often. If too much oil is used, it will increase your maintenance costs slightly, however, not enough oil will result in big repair bills-Hence Please Do Not Save Oil and Ruin The Lathe.

Sure, this lathe will stand heavy loads. It has been designed and built to take deep cuts as well as take those fine finishing cuts which spell precision. It will not, of course, stand mis-use or abuse. Don't drop wrenches or tools on the bearing ways, or use these ways for an anvil for removing arbors from work, etc.

Take good care of your lathe and it will take good care of you by making your job easier because it will do the job so well.

Brad ford Mach, Tool Co 722 Porter Street Lansing Michigan 48905

Hoosier Bearing Richmond

Phone: 517-484-9100



#### IMPORTANT

#### READ CAREFULLY:

This BRADFORD LATHE is a precision machine and is built from especially selected material, thoroughly tested for accuracy and designed for adaptability. It has been carefully run-off in our factory by expert workmen, picked for their long experience and exacting work.

In crating for shipment, the utmost care has been taken to prevent damage in transit; occasionally however, due to rough handling, breakages for which the transporting agent is responsible do occur; therefore before accepting shipment be sure that the lathe is not damaged from such causes.

The serial number of this lathe is stamped in the bed at the tailstock end between the front "V" and flat way. Be sure to give this number in all correspondence regarding your BRADFORD LATHE to avoid delays.

#### **ERECTION:**

For best results from any machine, which depend to a great extent upon the skill of the operator, it is important that a well-lighted place be selected for its erection. The place selected should be comparatively dry to prevent corrosion and rusting of parts and while no special foundation is necessary, it is essential that the floor be firm to assure good work.

Upon receipt of shipment, remove crating carefully, but do not remove skids from under the legs until the lathe has been moved to the approximate place selected for its erection. Handle carefully to avoid injury.

If a crane is used in lifting, exercise care that none of the mechanism is injured. Ropes are always better than chains. Always see that blocking prevents the ropes from slipping, to prevent marring the finish or bending any parts of the lathe. The skids should not be removed until the lathe is placed in its permanent location.

#### CLEANING:

Before moving carriage and tailstock, clean slush oil from all bright surfaces, preferably with rags saturated with kerosene or naphtha, to be sure that all grit and foreign substances have been thoroughly removed. The screws and gears can best be cleaned with a brush and kerosene. After removing the slushing compound, apply a thin film of light lubricating oil on all moving parts and bearing surfaces.

#### **INSTALLATIONS:**

As with any piece of fine machinery, every lathe must be set-up properly. Accuracy cannot be expected unless this lathe is installed on a firm foundation, preferably concrete. To turn or bore straight the bed must be kept level; without twist or distortion.

After the foundation is properly prepared, remove skids from under legs and set down carefully. Leveling screws have been provided at the corners of each leg next to the holes for the hold-down bolts and it is advisable to place metal plates under them, especially on wood floors.

Leveling a lathe and keeping it level is one of the first essentials for accuracy of operation. Use only a precision level for this important part of the installation. DO NOT USE A CARPENTER'S OR MACHINIST'S COMMON LEVEL.

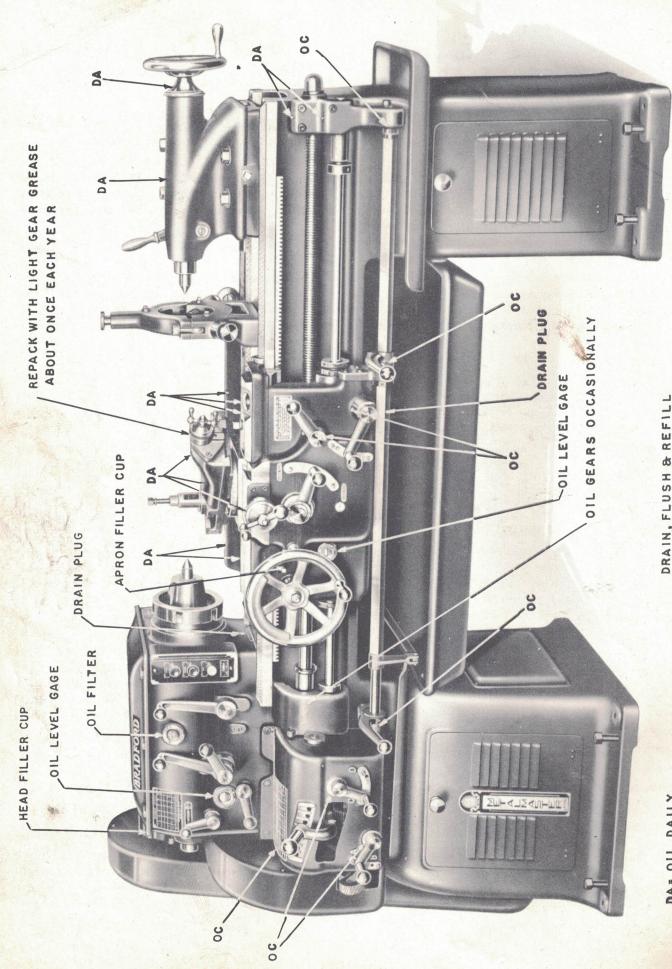
Place the level on accurate parallel blocks, one on the front and one on the rear flat bed ways, directly in front of the headstock. Adjust leveling screws in the leg under the headstock end of the bed until level, reversing the level as a check. Move the level and parallel blocks to the tailstock end of the bed and repeat the leveling operation. Recheck both ends. Bolt lathe to the floor and recheck after bolts are drawn down securely. It is not absolutely necessary that the lathe be level lengthwise but preferable. Place level on carriage lengthwise of bed and move the carriage along the bed and check for level at several points, then place the level on the carriage transverse of the bedways and repeat leveling check.

During the first few weeks of operation, or until the floor has taken a "set", the leveling should be checked frequently. If at anytime the lathe does not bore or turn true, check the leveling first.

#### TESTING:

This lathe has been thoroughly tested at the factory before crating for shipment; however, after setting-up it should be checked again for alignment. We recommend the use of a ground test bar with a taper shank, accurately fitted in the tapered hole in the headstock spindle and extending 12" to 18" beyond the end of the spindle. Of course, the bar should be accurate, and straight. By clamping an accurate dial test indicator in the tool post and running it along the test bar, both on top and along the front will indicate how well the lathe has been leveled and how accurately the lathe will turn and bore.

After checking the headstock spindle alignment, the tailstock should be checked. The same ground test bar should be inserted in the tailstock spindle and the dial test indicator should be run along the top and then the front of the test bar to test for alignment. To check the alignment of the headstock spindle with the tailstock, place a bar of stock about 18" long between the headstock and tailstock



DRAIN, FLUSH & REFILL HEADSTOCK & APRON EVERY SIX MONTHS

DA = OIL DAILY
OC = OIL OCCASIONALLY
USE 20 SAE OIL

centers and take several light cuts along the bar. Measure the diameters at both ends. If the diameters are not the same, the tailstock should be set over until the cut is straight, indicated by showing the same diameter at both ends.

#### LUBRICATION:

During testing operations at the factory this lathe was operated for several hours with full lubrication. Before leaving the factory, the oil was drained from the headstock and the apron, and they were thoroughly flushed. Be sure to fill the headstock and apron to the proper level as indicated by the sight gages. Saturate the felt pads in the oil reservoir on the top of the Quick Change Box, and oil other points as indicated on the oil chart. We recommend a high grade, acid free dehydrated oil of S A E 20 Viscosity. The head and apron should be drained, flushed thoroughly with a mixture of four parts kerosene and one part light lubricating oil and then refilled with clean oil every six months to one year, depending on the actual operating time the lathe is in use.

All shafts and the spindle have been provided with oil seals to prevent leakage; however, the seals may have dried out somewhat in transit and may show slight leaks at first, but they should gradually adjust themselves. A plunger pump in the headstock, operated from the spindle, forces oil through a disc filter to all the bearings, including the driving shaft and clutch housing. Dirt filtered out of the oil accumulates in the filter pocket and must be cleaned from time to time. To clean the filter, remove bezel and glass and clean out pocket and wipe outside of filter. When filter cartridge becomes clogged, it may be removed by unscrewing and cleaned by blowing out from the inside. Do not take cartridge apart as the discs may become damaged and destroy the efficiency of the unit.

The life and performance of a lathe, like that of an automobile or any other piece of mechanical equipment depends upon the attention and care it receives during the first three or four days—"the breaking in period."

Allow the spindle to run at low speed for a short period of time to see that the bearings do not overheat. Do not mistake dry oil seals for hot bearings. Squirt a liberal amount of oil between the seal leather and the shaft or spindle if these feel unduly hot.

The life of any machine depends on the care with which it is maintained. Before starting this lathe each morning, be sure that it is cleaned and oiled properly.

The lubrication of the headstock has been explained above. For draining dirty oil and flushing, a drain plug has been provided at the front of the head, just below the front spindle bearing. A pan should be provided to catch the drainage and to prevent the oil from running into the motor leg. An additional plug is provided in the bottom of the head toward the rear end of the spindle, accessible through the motor leg. This drain is provided to remove any sludge or dirt that may have accumulated in the gear pocket. After slushing be sure the drain plugs have been replaced securely to prevent leakage.

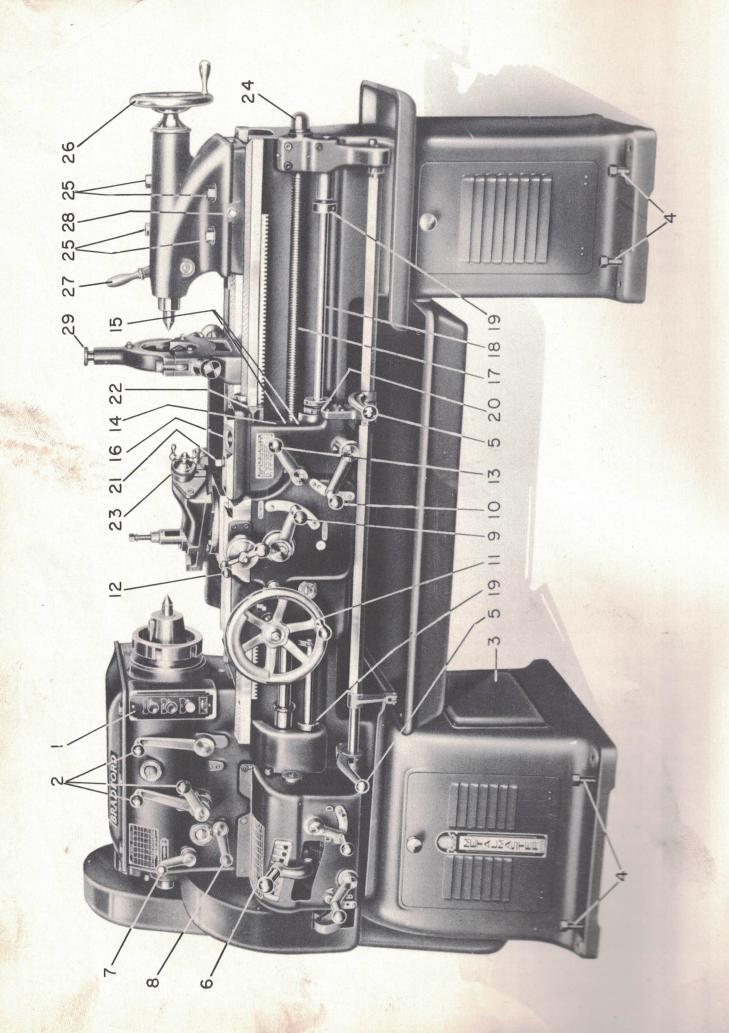
For adding oil, a filler is provided at the end of the head, just above and to the back of the rear

spindle bearing.

The apron is also provided with a filler. It is located just in back of the hand wheel. The oil level gage is below the filler, in back of the hand wheel. A drain plug is provided on the under side of the apron on the right end beneath the feed reverse lever. As the feed reverse gearing runs in the oil reservoir, the feed rod must pass through this same reservoir. Seals are provided where possible to prevent leakage but a slight amount of oil may find its way out along the keyway in the feed rod. The oil should be replenished occasionally as required. When the oil in the sight gage shows decided discoloration, the apron should be drained, flushed and refilled with the same grade oil as is used in the steadstock.

#### CARE AND OPERATION:

The life of a machine depends upon the care with which it is maintained. Each unit of this lathe has been constructed from material best suited for its function and is built for efficiency and service. A good worker takes pride in his tools and we have tried to make a tool that he will be proud to operate. We have tried to make a tool that is easy to operate, is accurate and looks well. Great care has been used in the finish of the painted parts as well as the polished parts. If the machine is cleaned and oiled at the beginning of the day and care taken to prevent the marring of painted parts, it will look well throughout its entire life. Removing all oil stains (with a rag saturated with kerosene) about once a week will preserve the new appearance.



- 1. Forward, Reverse and Stop Push Button
- 2. Spindle Speed Change Handles
- 3. Magnetic Starter
- 4. Leveling Screws
- 5. Clutch and Brake Control Handles
- 6. Quick Change Box
- 7. Fine and Coarse Compound Lever.
- 8. Screw Reverse Lever
- 9. Length and Cross Feed Handle
- 10. Feed Reverse Lever
- 11. Hand Wheel
- 12. Cross Feed
- 13. Half Nut Operating Handle
- 14. Half Nut Adjusting Screw
- 15. Half Nut Gib Screws
- 16. Chasing Dial
- 17. Lead Screw
- 18. Feed Rod
- 19. Stop Collars
- 20. Stop Adjusting Nut
- 21. Carriage Clamp
- 22. Carriage Gib
- 23. Compound Rest Feed
- 24. Lead Screw Thrusting Adjustment
- 25. Tailstock Clamp Bolts
- 26. Tailstock Hand Wheel
- 27. Tailstock Spindle Clamp
- 28. Tailstock Set Over Screws
- 29. Steady Rest Jaw Adjusting Knob

The photograph shows the BRADFORD LATHE and enumerates the principal units and operating levers and handles.

#### **MOTOR MOUNTING:**

The motor sheave and the belts are furnished as standard equipment and will be found packed in a box fastened to the skids. They will be the correct size and ready for mounting when the motor data has been supplied with the order.

To mount the motor proceed as follows: Remove the belt guard, clutch sheave and guard backplate from the lathe. Place the motor sheave on the motor shaft and tighten the set screws over the key, then slide the motor onto the hinged motor plate into the leg. Start cap screws through motor feet into motor plate and draw them down uniformly but not too tight, so that motor can be shifted a little. Replace the clutch sheave lock washer and nut on drive shaft. Adjust the nut carefully, as this adjusts the tension on the roller bearings. If too tight, the bearings will run hot and if too loose, will cause wear due to end play. Be sure to lock the adjusting nut by means of the lock washer.

Place a long straight-edge on the rim of the clutch sheave and align the motor sheave carefully, so that the belts will track properly without twist. Draw down screws securely so that motor cannot shift on the base.

Motor and base together can be shifted on the hinge rod if necessary. When the proper position has been found be sure to tighten the collars on rod to prevent further shifting.

Replace belt guard back-plate and fasten securely. Loosen upper adjusting nut at front of motor plate and tilt plate with motor upward until belts can be placed over sheaves. Adjust tension on belts by lowering motor plate by means of adjusting screw. Be sure belts have uniform tension, neither too tight nor too loose. Correct adjustment will prolong the life of the belts considerably.

#### **ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS:**

All electrical connections have been made between the push button control at the front of the head and the magnetic starter in the leg, also from the starter to the junction box at the rear of the motor leg, just under the drip trough. When the motor is mounted by us, before shipment, all necessary motor connections are made and it is only necessary to make connection to supply line. When the motor is not mounted by us, it is necessary for the customer to make electrical connections to the leads supplied from the starter. Before making any electrical connections, be sure that the voltage in case of DC (direct current) or voltage, frequency (cycles) and phase in case of AC (alternating current), are correct as stated on the motor name plate, also that the lines are of sufficient size to carry the load.

After connections are made press start button to ascertain that motor is running in the right direction. If not, change line connections to suit. The motor should run (forward) clockwise when facing the sheaves from the head end of the lathe.

Check motor plate adjustment to be sure belts track properly and are under proper tension. Test starter for both forward and reverse rotation and for stopping before replacing the belt guard.

It is not necessary to depress the stop button before pressing the reverse button when the motor is running forward or vise-versa, as the motor can be reversed instantaneously. The stop button is used only to stop the motor completely. Before starting the motor be sure all oiling directions have been carefully followed.

The starter supplied as standard equipment is provided with overload protection and no-voltage release and when the motor specifications are furnished with the order, proper heaters are supplied. The starters have automatic reset and therefore require no reset buttons. Should the motor be stalled and the overload relays cut out, remove the cause; then after allowing a minute or two for the heaters to cool, start again in the usual manner.

#### SPINDLE SPEED CHANGES:

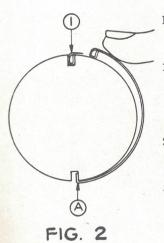
The spindle speed change levers are on the front of the headstock, and operate sliding gears and jaw clutches. Their correct position for various speeds is indicated on the speed plate on the front of the head. In changing spindle speeds we highly recommend that the driving clutch be first disengaged, especially when changing to higher spindle speeds, allowing sufficient time for the gears to synchronize.

With a large chuck on the spindle or heavy work between centers it is advisable to apply the spindle brake before changing speeds. With a little care and practice, the operator can soon learn to change speeds without clashing the gears or subjecting the head to sudden shocks. These slight precautions will keep the head running smoothly and avoid repair bills later on.

#### SPINDLE START AND STOP LEVERS: (See illustration Page 6)

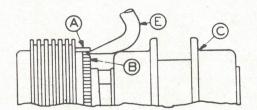
One of these levers is located at the right of the apron and the other at the head end of the bed, just at the right of the quick change box. Pulling upward on the levers engages the driving clutch to start the spindle. Pushing down to the neutral or central position disengages the clutch allowing the spindle to be turned by hand. Depressing the starting handles farther engages the brake to stop the spindle quickly or hold it after stopping. When a heavy chuck is on the spindle nose or with heavy work between centers it is advisable to apply the brake gradually to avoid a sudden stop, as this may cause the chuck to spin off or loosen the driving dog on the work. With a little practice, jogging is easily effected to turn up to shoulders or for chasing threads.

The multiple disc clutch and brake have been carefully adjusted before leaving our factory and are of adequate size for the heaviest load, however, they are subjected to wear and may require adjustment from time to time. The clutch and brake are in the housing at the rear of the headstock, and partially submerged in oil, which is supplied from the pump in the head. The clutch and brake can be adjusted by removing the cover on the rear of the clutch housing. To adjust the clutch or brake (see drawing) follow directions carefully. Be sure to replace the cover plate (with gasket in place) to prevent oil leakage.



Instructions For Assembling Adjustment Spring

- First insert double width end A of spring in one slot of pressure plate.
- 2. Roll loop end into position 1 with the thumb.
- 3. Adjustment made by raising end A as per sketch below.



#### Instructions For Adjusting Pullmore Clutch

- 1. With shifter sleeve C in neutral lift end A with tool E resting on sleeve C as shown.
- 2. Lift spring just high enough for lip D to clear teeth on collar B.
- 3. Turn collar B one notch at a time-by hand.
- 4. Turn clockwise to tighten-counter-clockwise to loosen.

#### QUICK CHANGE BOX:

The quick change box provides sixty-four distinct changes. The index plate clearly indicates all the lever positions to secure any desired thread or rate of feed within the range. Compound A & B and compound C & D levers are located on the front of the box and the coarse compound lever is on the front of the headstock at the extreme left end.

To make changes with the tumbler yoke, pull out on the knob and allow the yoke to drop, slide it to the position indicated on the index plate for the thread or feed desired, raise the yoke into mesh with the gear required and allow the plunger to drop into the hole, which will hold the gears in mesh. To change compound levers A & B or C & D, pull out on knob and shift to position indicated. The compounding levers operate sliding gears and clutches, and therefore it is recommended that changes be made with the spindle clutch disengaged. It may be necessary to jog the spindle clutch slightly to engage the gears. To shift coarse compounding gears, move lever to position indicated.

The direction of rotation of the feed rod and lead screw can be reversed by means of the feed reverse handle on the front of the head, just below the coarse feed compounding handle. This handle operates single jaw clutches in the head. With moderate spindle speed and load, the feed may be reversed without first disengaging the spindle clutch, however; at higher speed it is highly recommended that the spindle be stopped before reversing the feed to prevent subjecting the gearing to severe and damaging shock.

A simple oiling reservoir has been provided on the top of the gear box to take care of all the bearings and gears. The reservoir is provided with felt pads so that grit and dirt cannot be carried to the bearings with the oil. Filling this reservoir once daily will provide filtered oil all day where necessary. Do not remove pads, except for cleaning when necessary.

The Feed Box is driven from the headstock through a quadrant gear at the end of the lathe. The gear is mounted on an adjustable quadrant plate that swivels on the end of the feed box and is held in position by means of two studs and nuts, and is accessible by removal of the gear guard. This quadrant gear rotates on a hardened steel stud bushing held in place by a T bolt. An oiler is provided in the hub of this gear and is accessible from the back of the lathe between the head and the belt guard without removing the gear guard.

The quadrant gear need not be removed unless it is desired to replace it with compound gears or with metric translating gears. The quadrant gear is provided with a long hub having a keyway for mounting such compound or translating gears.

When meshing the quadrant gear it is imperative that it mesh properly with the stud pinion and also with the feed box drive gear. To do this, place a piece of cellophane between the teeth of the quadrant gear and the feed box drive gear and hold gears in mesh while tightening the T Bolt. Next, place a piece of cellophane on the quadrant gear and raise the quadrant plate to mesh the quadrant gear and stud pinion and hold in place while tightening the stud nuts on the plate. Be sure to remove cellophane before operating. This procedure will assure proper clearance for the gear teeth.

#### APRON:

The apron is of double wall construction, carrying all the necessary gears for operating the carriage and cross slide. The feed movement of the carriage and cross slide is controlled by handle 9 just below the cross feed dial. By pulling out on the knob and pulling the handle upward as far as possible engages the cross feed gearing. By pushing downward on the handle as far as possible engages the carriage traverse gearing. The middle position is neutral in which position both feeds are disengaged.

The lever at the lower right and bottom of the apron is used to reverse the feeds, either the cross feed or the length feed. The center or neutral position is provided for disengaging the feed reverse gears when the lead screw is used. The lever (9) must be in the center or neutral position when the hand feed is used. The hand wheel at the left of the apron is used for feeding the carriage by hand. The cross feed may be operated by hand by means of the ball crank at the front of the slide. The cross feed is equipped with an adjustable micrometer dial for gauging the depth of the cut. Each graduation on the dial indicates a feed of one-half thousandth of an inch which is a reduction in diameter of one-thousandth of an inch.

For chasing threads, a pair of hair-nuts are engaged with the lead screw by means of a lever (13) at the right of the apron and can only be operated when the lever (10) is in the neutral position. Pushing downward on the lever, engages the half-nuts. A simple interference device prevents the engagement

of the feed gearing and the half-nuts at the same time, thus preventing damage to the gearing. The half-nuts are engaged easily and should not be forced. If seeming unnecessarily hard, investigate the feed reverse handle, it may not be in neutral.

A screw (14) at the side of the apron is used for adjusting the depth to which the half-nuts engage the lead-screw. Turning this screw in a counter-clockwise direction allows the half-nuts to grip the lead screw tighter and take up for wear. To adjust the half-nuts, press down on handle (13) with light but firm pressure and turn screw (14) counter-clockwise until half-nuts are closed on the screw.

The half-nuts should now be opened slightly by turning screw (14) clockwise slightly, but not enough that the half-nuts are loose on the lead screw. The half-nuts slide in a dovetailed slide having an adjustable gib. The gib is tightened by screws (15) on the side of the apron and should be adjusted to take all undue play out of the half-nuts, but allowing sufficient clearance for the half-nuts to slide freely but without shake.

The feed or the leadscrew may be reversed by the reverse gearing in the headstock by means of a lever (8) on the front of the headstock, just below the coarse compounding lever, so that either left or right hand threads can be chased.

A chasing dial for "catching" threads is built into the top of the carriage at the right and is used in the following manner: The carriage is brought to the starting point of the thread by hand, watching the graduations on the dial as they pass the index mark on the carriage. As one particular graduation, say zero, coincides with the index mark, the half-nuts are closed. The chasing dial will remain stationary until the half-nuts are again opened at the finish of the thread. Withdraw the tool from the thread and return the carriage again by hand to the start of the thread and as before watch the chasing dial, closing the half-nuts as some particular graduation coincides with the index mark. The graduation to use will depend on the thread being chased.

For any number of threads per inch divisible by four the half-nuts can be closed at any point without regard to the chasing dial. For all other even threads close the half-nuts on any line. For odd full threads close the half-nuts on any numbered line. For half threads, for example  $11\frac{1}{2}$ , close halfnuts on every half revolution of the chasing dial, that is 0-2 or 1-3. For quarter threads, every full revolution. For eighth threads every second revolution.

When turning or boring, the half-nuts should be disengaged from the leadscrew and the feed rod used for moving the carriage. An automatic length stop is provided for turning and chasing in either direction. Stop collars are located on the feed rod on either side of the apron and may be slid along the feed rod and locked in position which will disengage the clutch at the proper instant. For close adjustment a screw collar is provided at each side of the apron. After setting the stop collars roughly to location, the screw collars are adjusted and locked by means of locknuts.

When facing, the carriage should be locked in position along the bed by means of the clamp screw on the top of the right front wing. The carriage is also provided with adjustable gibs to compensate for wear. One long gib is provided at the rear and a short gib at the outer end of both front wings.

#### COMPOUND REST:

The compound rest unit comprises a rest slide for holding the tool post and is movable on a dovetail slide by means of a feed screw and ball crank handle. A graduated dial is geared to the screw and indicates the slide travel. It is graduated in half-thousandths inches just as is the cross feed dial. The swivel base is mounted on the compound slide proper and is graduated in degrees and can be swung in a complete circle for turning or facing at any desired angle. "T" bolts are provided for locking the swivel in any desired position.

Both compound rest and cross slide are provided with adjustable gibs to take up wear. When such adjustment is necessary, tighten all gibs screws evenly but not too tight, yet sufficiently to take out unnecessary play.

The dial gears are packed in grease in their housing and should be repacked with a light high grade gear grease about once each year. This can be done by removing the gear housing supporting the dial shaft.

#### CARE OF BED:

The bed is the foundation of the lathe and is used to support all of the various units. The headstock and tailstock are supported on the inner "V" and flat which assures the centers being in perfect alignment regardless of the length of work between them, within the capacity of the lathe. The carriage is supported and slides on the outer "V" and flat. The vees and flats are planed straight and parallel at one setting and are then scraped to close tolerances.

Be sure the ways are always kept clean and free from chips and cuttings as the life of the ways is vital to the life of the bed and therefore the accuracy of the work that can be done on the machine. Do not use the bed as a tool try or an anvil on which to drive arbors in or out of work. A small wooden tray should be provided to hold tools.

The carriage wings are provided with synthetic rubber shear wipers to clean the ways as the carriage is moved; however, it is well to occasionally wipe the way carefully to remove chips and cast iron dust. Examine the ways occasionally to see if they have become marred or chipped in any way. If they have, file the spot carefully to a smooth finish but do not file holes which will cause the carriage to bump along. As the shear wipers wear, they may require a slight adjustment. To adjust: loosen the brass retainers slightly and with a thin piece of steel push the wipers down securely on the shears. Be sure to tighten screws after adjusting.

Whenever grinding is done on the lathe, be careful to cover the ways under the grinding wheel to prevent emery from falling on them, and when finished, always wipe the ways with a clean cloth saturated with oil to pick up loose dust and grit that may have accumulated.

Occasionally examine the feed rack to be sure that it is tight and that the teeth are free from gummy dirt.

#### STEADY REST:

The steady rest is used to support long and slender work when turning or chasing and to prevent it from springing under pressure of the cutting tool when turning between centers. It is also used when turning work that cannot be supported by the tailstock center in the usual manner, in which case the work is driven by a dog, clamped in the usual manner; but tied back to the face plate with a rawhide thong. The steady rest is supported on the inner ways and is secured to the bed by a clamp under the ways. It may be used at any desired position along the bed.

The jaws are round with replacable tips. Cast-iron tips are regularly furnished but bronze can be supplied when necessary. To replace tips; remove round jaws and drive out old tips and drive in new ones. In replacing jaws be careful that keyways are in line with the set screws.

When using steady rest, adjust the jaws carefully so that the work runs true but not too tight. When jaws are properly adjusted by means of the knurled knobs, lock with the set screws provided for that purpose.

#### **FACE PLATES:**

Two face plates are furnished with your BRADFORD LATHE. The small one, or dog plate; is used for driving work, such as shafts, mandrels, etc., by means of a bent tail dog clamped on the work. The dog tail is engaged in the open slot for driving.

The large plate performs the same function as the small one, except for larger work. Blocks, plates or small fixtures can be mounted on it and held by means of clamping screws in the slots.

These plates are screwed on the nose of the spindle for driving and are held central and true by a doweled fit at the rear of the threads. When a face plate or chuck is placed on the spindle, be sure that the bore and the threads are clean and free from dirt and chips and that the spindle nose itself is clean. Unless this precaution is taken, work will not run true. These plates are accurately fitted and should be maintained in good condition if accurate work is expected from your lathe. The face plates may be removed from the spindle and replaced by chucks or special fixtures as the work requires.

#### TAILSTOCK:

The tailstock unit consists of the stailstock top, tailstock bottom and tailstock clamp. The unit is movable along the ways of the bed to accommodate varying lengths of work within the capacity of

the machine and clamped in position by three clamping bolts. Before moving the tailstock, be sure the ways are clean and free of chips or any foreign matter that will throw the center out of alignment with the headstock center. The tailstock spindle is moved in or out of the tailstock barrel by a screw and handwheel. The front end of the spindle is bored and reamed to a Morse taper to hold the tailstock center, drills, drill chucks and reamers. To remove the tailstock center or tools as mentioned above, run the spindle back as far as it will go or until the inner end of their shank strikes the end of the screw, which will force them out of the tapered hole. Before replacing center, drills, etc., clean shank carefully and also the tapered hole in the spindle. Place a few drops of oil on the tool inserted in the spindle and spread over the surface to a thin film, then run the spindle out by a few turns of the handwheel and push center, drills, etc., in securely.

For turning tapers, the tailstock top can be set over by means of set-over screws in the tailstock bottom. The amount of set-over is indicated at the end by index lines. Before adjusting the set-over screws loosen the clamping bolts and tighten again after making the adjustment.

The tailstock spindle is clamped into position by a hand lever at the rear of the tailstock barrel. The locking position of the handle is adjustable by tightening or loosening the nut at the end of the handle screw.

#### FOLLOW REST:

The follow rest also is used for turning slender work as well as to prevent screws from springing when chasing. It is fastened on the side of the bridge of the carriage in the tapped holes provided and may be removed when not needed. The jaws are round with replacable tips. Cast iron tips are regularly furnished but bronze can be supplied when necessary. To replace tips; remove the jaws and drive out the old tips and drive in the new ones. In replacing jaws be careful that the keyways are in line with the set screws. When using the follow rest, adjust the jaws carefully so that the work runs true. After the jaws have been properly adjusted by means of the knurled knobs, lock with the set screws.

#### TOOL POST:

The tool post furnished with your BRADFORD LATHE is of the round pattern type with hardened ring and wedge. The square base is slid in the "T" slot to the desired position on the compound rest. After the tool is placed in the tool slot on top of the wedge, move back or forth on the ring to adjust the height of the tool nose to the center of the work. The tool post screw is then tightened which clamps the tool and the post in position.

Solid tools as well as tool bit holders can be used in the tool post. When it is desired to use special or multiple tools, special blocks can be clamped in the compound slide T slot.

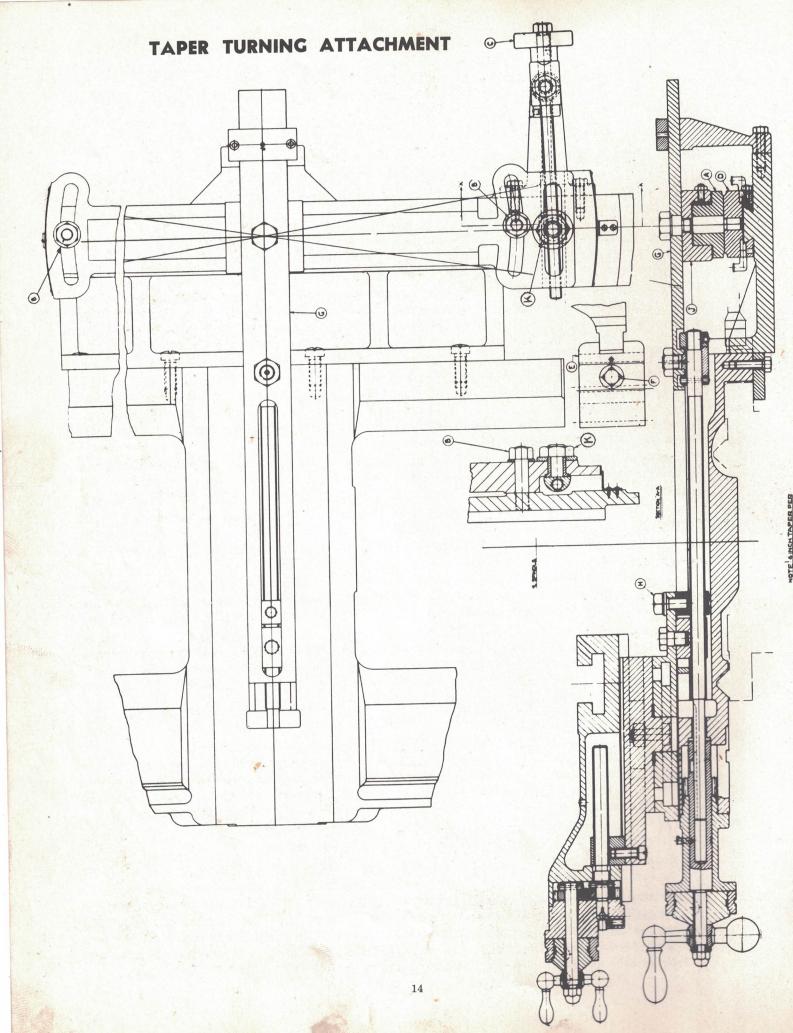
#### APRON LEAD SCREW REVERSE:

Operated from the right side of the apron, it is possible to reverse the leadscrew and feed rod to move the carriage or cross feed in either direction without changing the direction of rotation of the spindle.

When the half-nuts are engaged and the handle is raised as far as possible the carriage will move toward the tailstock and when pushed downward the carriage will travel toward the headstock. A central or neutral position is provided in which both forward and reverse clutches are disengaged and of course the movement of the carriage is stopped. By means of the apron control leadscrew reverse, it is possible to chase either right or left hand screws and it is especially useful for chasing threads hard to "catch" with the chasing dial; especially short threads.

Stop dogs on the operating rod can be set to automatically trip the clutches in either direction for chasing or turning up to a shoulder.

After setting the tool for the first cut, engage the feed clutch by pushing the operating handle downward (for right hand thread) allowing the carriage to travel until the full length of thread is cut. Pull upward on the handle to the neutral point, to disengage the clutch. Withdraw the tool from the cut, and pull the lever farther upward to reverse the feed to return the carriage to the start of the cut. Advance the tool for each successive cut and repeat the chasing operations until the screw is finished.



When the spindle is operating at high speed it is not advisable to throw the reverse gearing "in" without first disengaging the drive clutch and slowing down the spindle. It is quite obvious that the entire feed gear train would be subjected to severe shock and may result in costly damage unless this simple rule is followed.

#### TAPER TURNING ATTACHMENT:

The taper attachment is securely bolted to the rear of the carriage and therefore always in position and ready for use at any point along the bed. It is quite simple in operation and easy to adjust.

The swivel slide is graduated in both degrees (left end) and inches taper per foot (right end) and has a micrometer screw adjustment. The maximum capacity is 4 inches taper per foot or about  $9\frac{1}{2}$ ° (19° included angle) either side of center and a length capacity of 16" at one setting.

In operation, the swivel bar "A" is first roughly set to the desired angle by loosening the clamping nuts "B" and the nut "K." Tighten nut "K" and adjust by knob "C" to the angle as indicated by the graduated scales on either end of the bar. Finer adjustment can be made by means of the graduations on the extension of knob "C." Each graduation represents approximately one minute, therefore four complete turns of the knob will change the angle one degree. After setting the swivel bar, lock in position by means of nuts "B". When it is necessary to use the greater part of the length travel, the bottom slide "D" must be pulled or pushed to a position to allow for sufficient movement. This may be done by moving the slide by hand or by tightening clamp "E" to the bed by means of screw "F" and moving the carriage until the slide is in the proper position.

Loosen clamps "E" and screw "H", and set the tool in position for the first cut by means of the carriage and the cross feed or compound rest. Lock clamp "E" to the bed and lock the attachment bar "G" to the cross slide by screw "H". All subsequent tool adjustments for depth are made from the compound rest feed.

It is well to test all adjustments by moving the carriage by hand before applying the power feed.

As the carriage moves along the bed the shoe "J" with the attachment bar "G" moves the cross slide either toward or away from the work an amount depending on the angular adjustment of the swivel bar "A". Thus it can be seen that either right or left taper can be turned with the attachment.

The POWER cross feed must NEVER be engaged while the attachment bar "G" is clamped to the cross feed slide.

Adjusting gibs are provided to compensate for wear on the bottom slide "D" and the shoe "J". Care must be exercised in making adjustments of these gibs. If too loose, the attachment will not turn true tapers and if too tight will cause chatter in the work. Oil all working parts as needed and keep slides in clean condition.

When attachment is not in use be sure clamp "H" is loose. Clamp "E" may be loosened and allowed to slide along bed; however, it is better to remove the clamp from the attachment and secure it to the bed at some position out of the way. To remove the clamp "E" from the attachment, loosen screw "F" until the clamp can be raised clear of the projecting lip on bottom slide "D".

In tightening clamp to the bed, be sure it fits firmly and is not cocked on the flat way.

# THREAD CHASING STOP: "Rapid In & Out Feed" (With Taper Attachment)

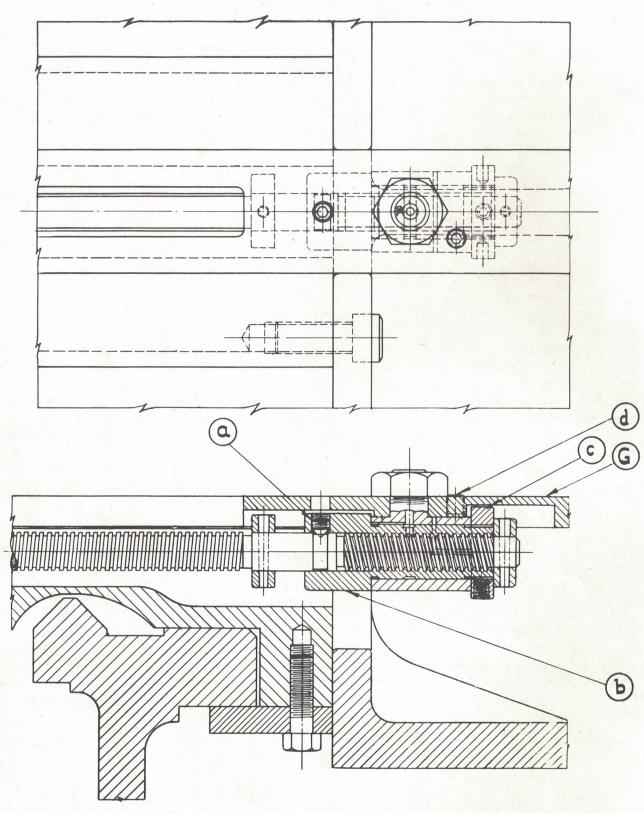
The thread chasing stop is quite simple to operate and can be used to advantage for chasing, or on repetitive turning operations since the cutting tool can be withdrawn from the work rapidly (three to one ratio) after each successive cut and returned to its previous position without changing the dial setting. The necessary adjustments are easy to make and can be accomplished in a few minutes.

Remove chip guard from rear of slide by loosening slightly the two round headed holding screws and slip the guard off the slide. This will expose the locking screws "a" and "d" in attachment bar "G".

When chasing, adjust tool in tool post to correct position for thread. Withdraw tool by cross slide handle about three-quarters to one inch or until screw "a" is in line with hole in attachment bar "G". Back off screw "a" until outer end is flush with top of hole in nut "b". Do not remove screw "a" or back it out so that it protrudes into the hole in the attachment bar. Leave wrench in socket head of screw "a" and through hole in bar, then advance cross feed to the stop collar. This position will be definitely noticeable when the wrench comes in contact with the side of the hole in the bar. Remove the

THREAD CHASING STOP

Rapid In and Out Feed with Taper Attachment



wrench from screw "a" and the bar, and advance the cross slide until the tool is at the full depth of cut or the bottom diameter of the screw to be chased.

With the same hex socket wrench tighten screw "d" in the bar, to lock nut "b" from rotation.

All further tool adjustments are made by means of the compound rest feed. Withdraw tool by means of the compound rest feed handle to the outside diameter of the work and set the feed dial to zero. Advance the compound rest to the cutting depth desired and take first cut. After taking each successive cut withdraw the tool by means of the cross feed sufficiently for the tool to clear the work. Return the cross feed each time to the stop and feed in on compound rest for depth of cut, noting dial readings. Each graduation represents one-half thousandth feed or a reduction in diameter of work of onethousandth. For boring or internal chasing, the cross feed is fed outward before locking nut "b" by means of screw "d" and of course the feeding operations are the reverse of chasing or turning external work.

To disengage the chasing stop and return the cross feed to the conventional feeding arrangement. Withdraw the cross feed slide to the outward stop. Release nut "b" by loosening screw "d". Rotate feed handle counter-clockwise until the screw "a" is in line with the hole in the attachment bar and lock cross feed screw by means of screw "a". Tighten screw "a" securely to prevent any slipping during any future turning operation. Any unnecessary end play that may develop in nut "b" due to wear can be taken-up by means of collar "c". Oil nut and screw occasionally.

Several precautions must be taken when using the rapid chasing feed to avoid damage and repairs.

DO NOT USE POWER CROSS FEED.

DO NOT LOCK ATTACHMENT BAR TO CROSS SLIDE.

KEEP CHIP GUARD IN PLACE DURING CUTTING OPERATIONS.

The rapid chasing feed can be used in conjunction with the taper attachment by following the above proceedure.

# THREAD CHASING STOP: "Rapid In & Out Feed" (Without Taper Attachment)

The thread chasing stop is quite simple to operate and can be used to advantage for chasing, or on repetitive turning operations since the cutting tool can be withdrawn from the work rapidly (three to one ratio) after each successive cut and returned to its previous position without changing the dial setting.

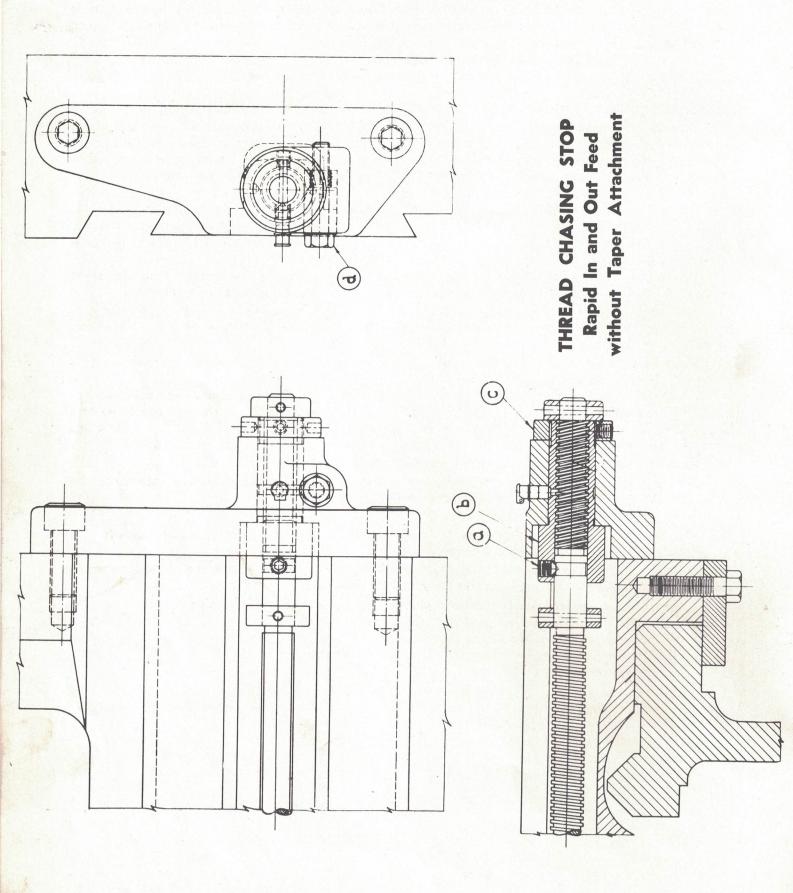
The necessary adjustments are easy to make and can be accomplished in a few minutes.

Remove chip guard from rear of slide by loosening slightly the two round headed holding screws and slip guard off side. This will expose the locking screws "a" and "d".

When chasing, adjust tool in tool post to correct position for thread. Withdraw tool by cross slide handle about three-quarters to one inch. Back off screw "a" until outer end is flush with top of hole in nut "b." Advance cross feed to the stop collar, then advance the cross slide until the tool is at the full depth of cut or the bottom diameter of the screw to be chased. Tighten screw "d" in the bracket to lock nut "b" from rotation.

All further tool adjustments are made by means of the compound rest feed. Withdraw tool by means of the compound rest feed handle to the outside diameter of the work and set the feed dial to zero. Advance the compound rest to the cutting depth desired and take first cut. After taking each successive cut withdraw the tool by means of the cross slide feed sufficiently for the tool to clear the work. Return the cross feed each time to the stop and feed in on compound rest for depth of cut, noting dial readings. Each graduation represents one-half thousandth feed or a reduction in diameter of work of one-thousandth. For boring or internal chasing the cross feed is fed outward before locking nut "b" by means of screw "d" and of course the feeding operations are the reverse of chasing or turning external work.

To disengage the chasing stop and return the cross feed to the conventional feeding arrangement. Withdraw the cross slide to the outward stop. Release nut "b" by loosening screw "d". Continue to rotate feed handle counter-clockwise until the screw "a" is at the top of the nut "b" and lock cross feed screw by means of screw "a". Tighten screw "a" securely to prevent any slipping during any



future turning operations. Any unnecessary end play that may develop in nut "b" due to wear can be taken-up by means of collar "c". Oil nut and screw occasionally. Several precautions must be taken when using the rapid chasing feed to avoid damage and repairs.

DO NOT USE POWER CROSS FEED.

KEEP CHIP GUARD IN PLACE DURING CUTTING OPERATIONS.

#### DRAW-IN COLLET ATTACHMENT:

When parts are to be made from bar stock the Collet Attachment can be used to advantage and may be set-up for operation quickly at any time. With the draw-in type, stock in bar lengths may be fed through the spindle and finished before cutting off, advancing the bar again for the next piece. When it is preferable to use pre-cut pieces, the stock may be held in the collet for finishing.

An extension is slipped over the back end of the spindle and held in place by a set screw. This extension need not be removed when the attachment is not in use as it does not in any way interfere with the usual lathe operations. It is well to first mark the spot on the spindle where the set screw will come in contact with it, then file a small flat at that point. This precaution will prevent the set screw from raising a burr to hinder the removal of the extension if necessary.

The center bushing should be removed from the spindle nose by "bumping" it out from the back end. This bush is fitted into the tapered nose of the spindle, and can be easily removed.

The special hardened tapered bush supplied with the attachment is inserted in the spindle nose after screwing the knock-off collar on the threaded spindle nose. The draw-tube with the handwheel attached is now slipped through the spindle from the back end.

A collet of the correct size for the bar stock to be worked is now placed in the spindle bush, being careful that the keyway in the collet slips over the key in the bush.

Push the draw-tube forward until it contacts the collet and rotate the handwheel clockwise until the thread on the collet is caught, it will then draw the collet into the bush. If the tube screws against the shoulder of the collet without closing it, loosen the knurled locknut behind the handwheel and adjust the handwheel until it strikes the end of the extension and draws the collet tight.

Lock the handwheel by means of the locknut after adjusting.

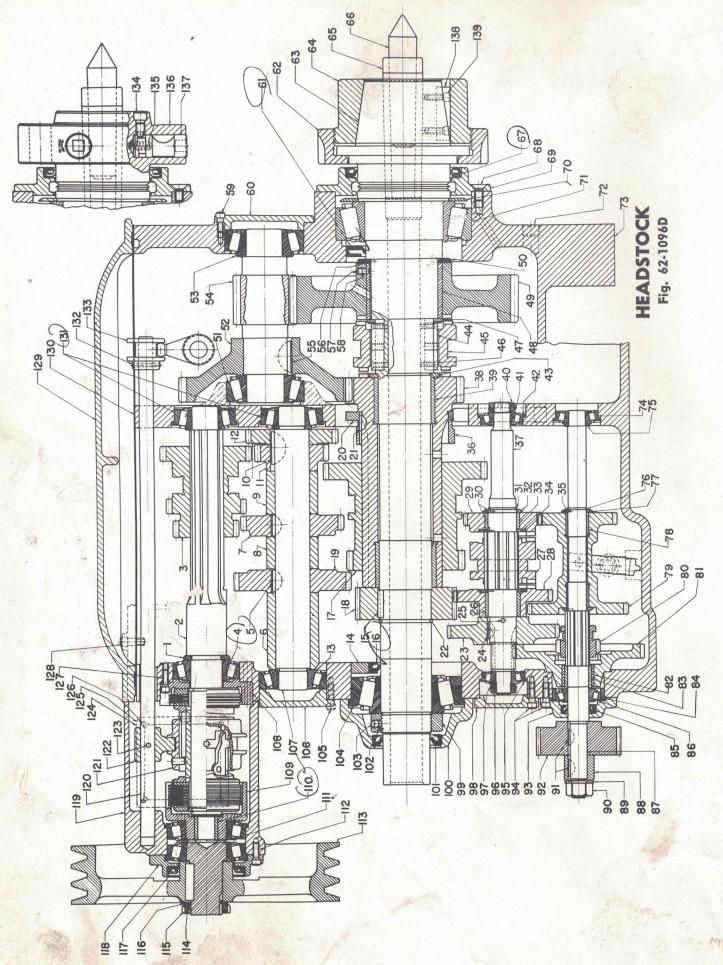
To place bars into the collet, loosen the chuck by rotating the handwheel counter-clockwise and to clamp the work rotate the handwheel clockwise.

Always use a collet of the correct size.

Collets for round, square and hexagon stock can be secured in standard sizes and collets for odd shaped stock can be made up on special order.

To remove Collet Attachment, rotate handwheel until tube is free and withdraw from spindle. Remove bush from spindle by backing off nut on spindle nose.

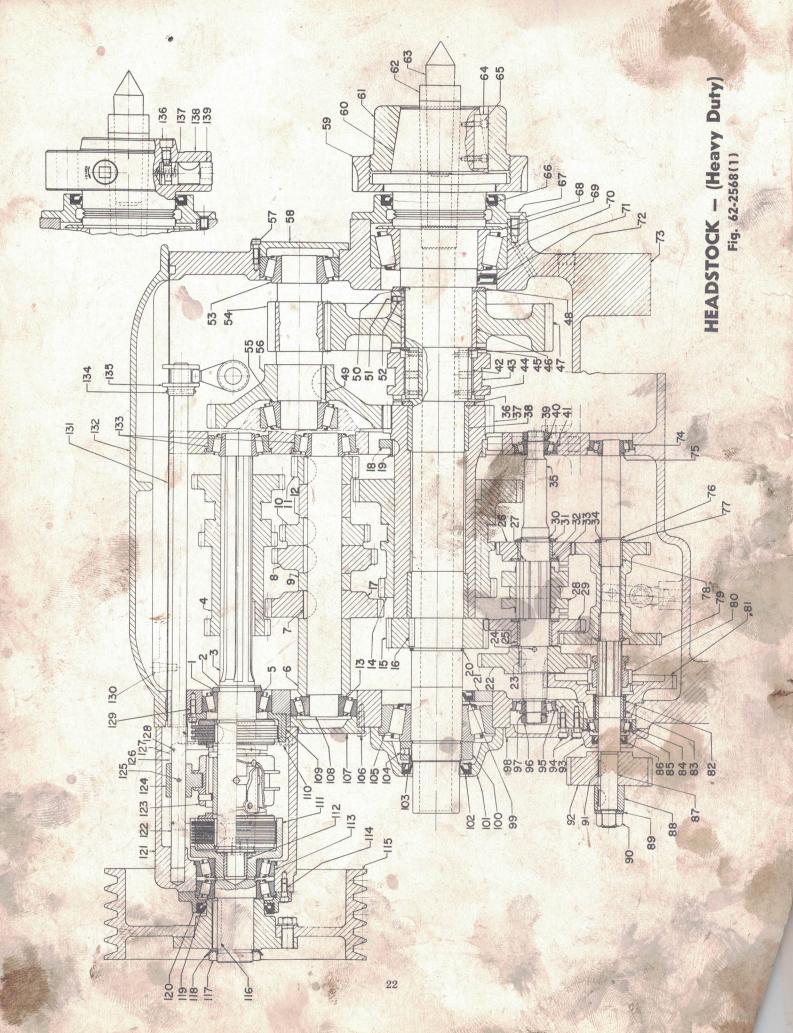
Keep collets and bush well oiled or greased when not in use to prevent rusting.



# HEADSTOCK (M.D.)

Fig. 62-1096D

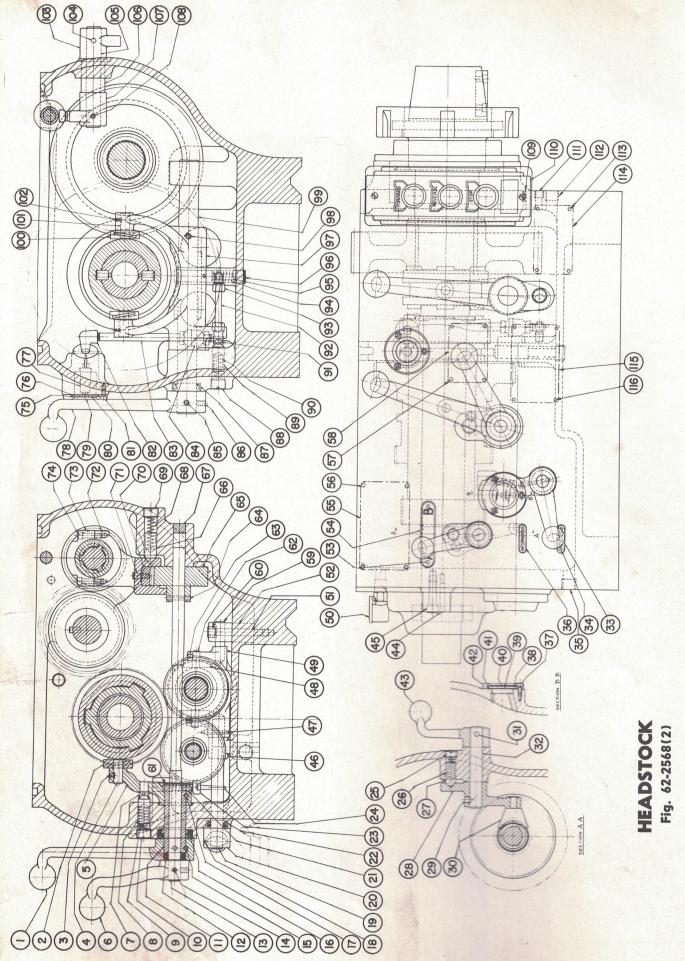
DET NO.	TAIL PART NAME	PART NO. 12"-14"-16"	DET NO.	CAIL PART NAME	PART NO. 12"-14"-16"
1	Washer—Clust. Gear Shaft		71	Tapered Roller Bearing	Timken #742-749
2	Shaft	42246-33B	72	Screw	12246-62
3 4	Gear—Cluster Tapered Roller Bearing	32246-34A	73	Headstock Tapered Roller Bearing	Timber #05075 05195P
5	Woodruff Key	#B (1 x 5)	74 75	Washer—Feed Drive Shaft	12-1026
6	Spacer—3rd Inter.	22246-28A	76	Snap Ring	12-1025
7	Gear—Inter. (34T)	22246-29B	77	Washer-Feed Dr. Shaft	12-1023A
8	Spacer—2nd Inter.	22246-27A	78	Bush	Oilite #A-1041-5
9	Spacer—1st Inter.	.22246-26A	79	Gear—Feed Rev.—Double	22-1024B
10	Woodruff Key Gear—Int. (23T)	29246-25 Δ	80	Pinion—Feed Clutch	22-1022 32-1021R
12	Gear—Int. (20T)	22246-24A	82	Bush	22-1825A
13	Tapered Roller Bearing	Timken #02876-02820	83	Spacer—Feed Drive Shaft	22-1826A
14	Ring—Spind. Oil Seal (Rear)	22-2540	84	Bushing—Feed Dr. Shaft Bearing	12-1027
15	Key—Spind. Fd. Rev. Gear	12-1056	85	Oil Seal	Perfect #15030
16	Oil Seal		86	Tapered Roller Bearing	Timken #07093-07196
17 18	Cluster Gear Gear—Feed Rev.—Spindle		87 88	Shaft—Feed Drive Collar—Feed Drive	12-1064
19	Gear—Inter. (39T)	22246-30B			
20	Eccentric—Pump	22246-11A	90	Nut—Hex. (Hardened)	5%-11
21	Woodruff Key Snap Ring	$^{#9} (34 \times \frac{3}{16})$	91	Woodruff Key	$^{#9} (34 \times \frac{3}{16})$
22	Snap Ring	12246-483	92	Washer—Feed Drive Nut—Hex. (Hardened) Woodruff Key Stud Gear	) 22-1848 (12"-14"),
23	Gear—Feed Rev.	22-1042	93	Cap—Feed Dr. Shaft	(22-1849 (16")
25	Woodruff Key Taper Pin	#4 x 21/	94	Screw—Soc. Hd.	
26	Bearing—Large Feed Rev. Gear	12-2435	95	Tapered Roller Bearing	Timken #05066-05185B
27	Clutch—Feed Rev.	22-1036B	96	Lock Nut	#N-03
28	Gear—Feed Rev. (Large)	22-1038C	97	Lock Washer	#W-03
29	Gear—Feed Rev. (Small)	22-1039C	98	Cap—Feed Rev. Shaft	22-2538
30	Pin .	32 Dia. x ¼	99	Nut—Spindle (Rear)	22-2547
31 32	Snap Ring Washer—Feed Rev. Shaft	12-1041 12-1040 A	100 101	Bearing Cap (Rear) Oil Seal	
33	Bush	Oilite #A-1512-14	102	Plug—Brass	
34	Washer—Feed Rev. Sh.	12-1037	103	Set Screw—Hollow—Cup Pt.	5 -18 x 3/8
-35	Pin	$\frac{3}{22}$ Dia. x $\frac{1}{4}$	104	Tapered Roller Bearing	Timken #622A-612B
36	Sleeve—Eccentric	22246-1309A	105	Screw—Soc. Hd.	½-20 x 5/8
37 38	Shaft—Feed Reverse	32-1035A 42246-10A	106	Bearing Cap	22-2537
39	Sleeve Gear Bush—Sleeve Gear	22246-13	108	Brake Cup	32246-35 A
40	Lock Nut	#N-03	109	Clutch Cup—Drive	32246-36C
41	Lock Washer	#W-03	110	Bush Tapered Roller Bearing	Oilite #A-1003-4
42	Tapered Roller Bearing	Timken #05075-05185B	111	Tapered Roller Bearing	Timken #355-354B
43	Washer—Clutch	12246-14A	112	Screw—Soc. Hd.	
44 45	Key—First Gear Clutch Clutch—Spindle Gear	12-14/7	113 114	Pulley—Drive (3 Groove)  Key—Drive Pulley	42246-43
46	Screw—Flat Hd.	10_32 × 3/	115	Lock Nut	#N-07
47	Washer—First Gear	22-640A	116	Lock Washer	#W-07
48	Bush—First Gear	22246-5	117	Oil Seal	Perfect #33528
49	Spindle Gear	42-2514	118	Cap—Clutch Cup	32246-39
50	Washer—First Gear		119	Clutch Housing Rod—Clutch Shifter	52246-37U
51	Tapered Roller Bearing	HM502049	120 121	Pullmore Clutch	#3-Double-Special
52	Back Gear		122	Fork—Clutch Shifter	
53	Tapered Roller Bearing	Timken #3820-3875	123	Taper Pin	
54	Pinion—Back Gear	32-2516	124	Cover—Clutch Housing	22-2533
55	Woodruff Key		125	Gasket-Clutch Housing Cover	
56 57	PinSet Screw—Hollow—Flat Point	1/ 20 - 1/	$\frac{126}{127}$	Screw—Button Hd. Screw—Soc. Hd.	
58	Set Screw—Hollow—Dog Point	1/ <sub>4</sub> -20 x <sup>7</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	128	Screw—Soc. Hd.	
59	Screw—Soc. Hd.	1/4-20 x 1/2	129	Head Cover	42246-860A
60	Bearing Cap	22246-20A	130	Gasket—Head Cover	32246-830A
61	Oil Seal	Perfect #500310	131	Tapered Roller Bearing	
62	Collar—Spindle	32-949	132	Taper Pin	#2 x 1¼
63	Spindle (Taper Nose)		133 134	Spool—Cl. Shift. Rod. Screw—Cam	
65	Guard—Spindle Nose Sleeve—Center	22-2541	135	Spring—Cam	
66	Center		136	Spindle (Cam Lock)	52-2509
67	Oil Seal	Perfect #5004	137	Cam—Cam Lock	
68	Screw—SocFlat Hd.	3/8 - 16 x 3/4	138	Kev	12-947
1	Bearing Cap (Front)	322-1368A	139	Screw—Soc. Hd.	
1	Oil Slinger	440-13D		Screw Nose (Not Shown)	04-1170A



# HEADSTOCK (H.D.)

Fig. 62-2568(1)

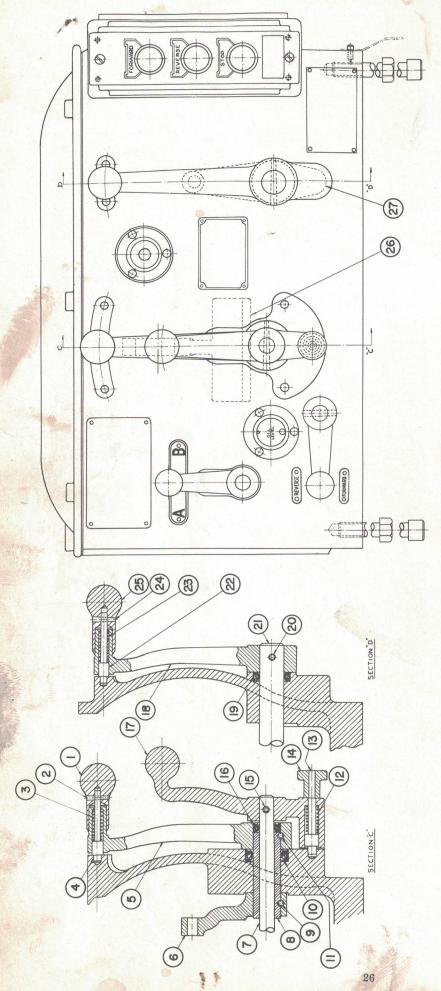
PART NO.   DETAIL PART NAME   PART NO.   12"-14"-16"   NO.   12"-14"-16"   NO.   12"-14"-16"   NO.   12"-14"-16"   NO.   12"-14"-16"   NO.   12"-14"-16"   Perfect #500	075-05185B 41-5 093-07196 030 2"-14") 6")
4 Gear—Cluster 32-2526 74 Tapered Roller Bearing Timken #050   5 Tapered Roller Bearing Timken #24780-24720 75 Washer—Feed Dr. Shaft 12-1026   6 Spacer—3rd Inter. 22246-28A 76 Snap Ring 12-1025   7 Woodruff Key. #1010 (1½ x 5/16) 77 Washer—Feed Drive Shaft 12-1023A   8 Gear—Int. (34T) 22-2522 78 Bush Oilite #A-104   9 Spacer—2nd Inter. 22-2524 79 Gear—Feed Rev. 22-1024B   10 Gear—Int. (29T) 22-2523 80 Pinion—Feed Clutch 22-1022   11 Gear—Int. (21T) 22-2523 81 Clutch Gear—Feed Drive Shaft 22-1021   12 Spacer—1st Inter. 2246-27A 82 Bearing—Feed Dr. Gear 22-1825   13 Tapered Roller Bearing Timken #02820-02876 83 Spacer—Feed Dr. Shaft 22-1826A   14 Cluster Gear 32-2519 84 Bushing—Feed Dr. Shaft 12-1027   15 Gear—Feed Rev. Spind. 22-2549 85 Tapered Roller Bearing Timken #070   16 Key—Spind. Feed Rev. Gear 12-1056 86 Oil Seal Perfect #150   17 Gear—Int. (39T) 22-2521 87 Shaft—Feed Drive 32-1020A   18 Eccentric—Pump 22-2569 88 Washer—Feed Drive 12-1064   19 Woodruff Key #9 (¾ x ½) 89 Washer—Feed Drive 12-1065   20 Snap Ring 12246-483 90 Nut—Hex. 58-11 R.H.	41-5 093-07196 30 2"-14") 6")
Timken #24780-24720 75 Washer—Feed Dr. Shaft 12-1026 6 Spacer—3rd Inter. 22246-28A 76 Snap Ring 12-1025 7 Woodruff Key. #1010 (1½ x ½) 77 Washer—Feed Drive Shaft 12-1023A 8 Gear—Int. (34T) 22-2522 78 Bush Oilite #A-104 9 Spacer—2nd Inter. 22-2524 79 Gear—Feed Rev. 22-1024B 10 Gear—Int. (29T) 22-2523 80 Pinion—Feed Clutch 22-1022 11 Gear—Int. (21T) 22-2520 81 Clutch Gear—Feed Drive 32-1021B 12 Spacer—1st Inter. 22-2524 82 Bearing—Feed Dr. Gear 22-1825 13 Tapered Roller Bearing Timken #02820-02876 83 Spacer—Feed Drive Shaft 12-1027 14 Cluster Gear 32-2519 84 Bushing—Feed Dr. Shaft 12-1027 15 Gear—Feed Rev. Spind. 22-2549 85 Tapered Roller Bearing Timken #070 16 Key—Spind. Feed Rev. Gear 12-1056 86 Oil Seal Perfect #150 17 Gear—Int. (39T) 22-2521 87 Shaft—Feed Drive 32-1064 19 Woodruff Key. #9 (¾ x ⅓) 89 Washer—Feed Drive 12-1065 20 Snap Ring 12246-483 90 Nut—Hex. 56-11 R.H.	41-5 093-07196 30 2"-14") 6")
7 Woodruff Key       #1010 (1¼ x 1/16)       77 Washer—Feed Drive Shaft       12-1023A         8 Gear—Int. (34T)       22-2522       78 Bush       Oilite #A-104         9 Spacer—2nd Inter.       22-2524       79 Gear—Feed Rev.       22-2244B         10 Gear—Int. (29T)       22-2523       80 Pinion—Feed Clutch       22-1022         11 Gear—Int. (21T)       22-2520       81 Clutch Gear—Feed Drive       32-1021B         12 Spacer—1st Inter.       22246-27A       82 Bearing—Feed Dr. Gear       22-1825         13 Tapered Roller Bearing       Timken #02820-02876       83 Spacer—Feed Drive Shaft       22-1826A         14 Cluster Gear       32-2519       84 Bushing—Feed Dr. Shaft       12-1027         15 Gear—Feed Rev. Spind.       22-2549       85 Tapered Roller Bearing       Timken #070         16 Key—Spind. Feed Rev. Gear       12-1056       86 Oil Seal       Perfect #1500         17 Gear—Int. (39T)       22-2521       87 Shaft—Feed Drive       32-10204         18 Eccentric—Pump       22-2569       88 Collar—Feed Drive       12-1064         19 Woodruff Key       #9 (¾ x 1/16)       89 Washer—Feed Drive       12-1065         20 Snap Ring       12246-483       90 Nut—Hex       56-11 R.H.	093-07196 030 2"-14") 6")
8 Gear—Int. (34T)       22-2522       78 Bush       Oilite #A-104         9 Spacer—2nd Inter.       22-2524       79 Gear—Feed Rev.       22-1024B         10 Gear—Int. (29T)       22-2523       80 Pinion—Feed Clutch       22-1024B         11 Gear—Int. (21T)       22-2520       81 Clutch Gear—Feed Drive       32-1021B         12 Spacer—1st Inter.       22-246-27A       82 Bearing—Feed Dr. Gear       22-1825         13 Tapered Roller Bearing       *Timken #02820-02876       83 Spacer—Feed Drive Shaft       22-1826A         14 Cluster Gear       32-2519       84 Bushing—Feed Dr. Shaft       12-1027         15 Gear—Feed Rev. Spind       22-2549       85 Tapered Roller Bearing       Timken #070         16 Key—Spind. Feed Rev. Gear       12-1056       86 Oil Seal       Perfect #150         17 Gear—Int. (39T)       22-2521       87 Shaft—Feed Drive       32-1020A         18 Eccentric—Pump       22-2569       88 Collar—Feed Drive       12-1064         19 Woodruff Key       #9 (34 x x \frac{3}{16})       89 Washer—Feed Drive       12-1065         20 Snap Ring       12246-483       90 Nut—Hex.       56-11 R.H.	093-07196 030 2"-14") 6")
10       Gear—Int. (29T)       22-2523       80       Pinion—Feed Clutch       22-1022         11       Gear—Int. (21T)       22-2520       81       Clutch Gear—Feed Drive       32-1021B         12       Spacer—1st Inter.       22246-27A       82       Bearing—Feed Dr. Gear       22-1825         13       Tapered Roller Bearing       Timken #02820-02876       83       Spacer—Feed Drive Shaft       22-1826A         14       Cluster Gear       32-2519       84       Bushing—Feed Dr. Shaft       12-1027         15       Gear—Feed Rev. Spind.       22-2549       85       Tapered Roller Bearing       Timken #070         16       Key—Spind. Feed Rev. Gear       12-1056       86       Oil Seal       Perfect #150         17       Gear—Int. (39T)       22-2521       87       Shaft—Feed Drive       32-1021A         18       Eccentric—Pump       22-2569       88       Collar—Feed Drive       12-1064         19       Woodruff Key       #9 (34 x x 36)       89       Washer—Feed Drive       12-1065         20       Snap Ring       12246-483       90       Nut—Hex.       56-11 R.H.	2"-14") 6")
12       Spacer—Ist Inter.       22246-27A       82       Bearing—Feed Dr. Gear       22-1825         13       Tapered Roller Bearing       Timken #02820-02876       83       Spacer—Feed Drive Shaft       22-1826A         14       Cluster Gear       32-2519       84       Bushing—Feed Dr. Shaft       12-1027         15       Gear—Feed Rev. Spind.       22-2549       85       Tapered Roller Bearing       Timken #070         16       Key—Spind. Feed Rev. Gear       12-1056       86       Oil Seal       Perfect #150         17       Gear—Int. (39T)       22-2521       87       Shaft—Feed Drive       32-1020A         18       Eccentric—Pump       22-2569       88       Collar—Feed Drive       12-1064         19       Woodruff Key       #9 (34 x 1/16)       89       Washer—Feed Drive       12-1065         20       Snap Ring       12246-483       90       Nut—Hex.       56-11 R.H.	2"-14") 6")
14 Cluster Gear   32-2519   84 Bushing—Feed Dr. Shaft   12-1027     15 Gear—Feed Rev. Spind.   22-2549   85 Tapered Roller Bearing   Timken #070     16 Key—Spind. Feed Rev. Gear   12-1056   86 Oil Seal   Perfect #150     17 Gear—Int. (39T)   22-2521   87 Shaft—Feed Drive   32-1020 A     18 Eccentric—Pump   22-2569   88 Collar—Feed Drive   12-1064     19 Woodruff Key   #9 (34 x 36)   89 Washer—Feed Drive   12-1065     20 Snap Ring   12246-483   90 Nut—Hex   56-11 R.H.	2"-14") 6")
15 Gear—Feed Rev. Spind.       22-2549       85 Tapered Roller Bearing       Timken #070         16 Key—Spind. Feed Rev. Gear       12-1056       86 Oil Seal       Perfect #150         17 Gear—Int. (39T)       22-2521       87 Shaft—Feed Drive       32-1020A         18 Eccentric—Pump       22-2569       88 Collar—Feed Drive       12-1064         19 Woodruff Key       #9 (34 x 3/16)       89 Washer—Feed Drive       12-1065         20 Snap Ring       12246-483       90 Nut—Hex.       56-11 R.H.	2"-14") 6")
16       Key—Spind. Feed Rev. Gear       12-1056       86       Oil Seal       Perfect #150         17       Gear—Int. (39T)       22-2521       87       Shaft—Feed Drive       32-1020A         18       Eccentric—Pump       22-2569       88       Collar—Feed Drive       12-1064         19       Woodruff Key       #9 (34 x 36)       89       Washer—Feed Drive       12-1065         20       Snap Ring       12246-483       90       Nut—Hex.       56-11 R.H.	2"-14") 6")
19 Woodruff Key #9 (¾ x ½) 89 Washer—Feed Drive 12-1065 20 Snap Ring 12246-483 90 Nut—Hex. %-11 R.H.	
19 Woodruff Key #9 (¾ x ½) 89 Washer—Feed Drive 12-1065 20 Snap Ring 12246-483 90 Nut—Hex. %-11 R.H.	
21 Ring—Oil Seal (Rear) 22-2540 91 Woodruff Key #9 (34 x 3/18) 22 Gear—Feed Rev. 22-1042B 92 Seal Co. (22-1848 (12	
22 Gear—Feed Rev	
23 Woodruff Key #11 $(\frac{7}{8} \times \frac{3}{16})$ 92 Stud Gear 22-1042 (16)	
24 Taper Pin	
25       Bearing—Large Feed Rev. Gear       12-2435       94       Screw—Soc. Hd.       4-20 x %         26       Gear—Small Feed Rev.       22-1039C       95       Tapered Roller Bearing       Timken #050	066-05185B
27 Pin	
29 Gear—Large—Feed Rev. 22-1038C 98 Cap—Feed Rev. Shaft 22-2538	
30 Snap Ring—Feed Rev. Shaft       12-1041       99 Oil Seal       Perfect #325         31 Washer—Feed Rev. Shaft       12-1040A       100 Nut—Spindle—Rear       22-2547	26
32 Bush 101 Bearing Cap—Spind, Rear 32-2532	
33 Washer—Feed Rev. Shaft 12-1037 102 Oil Seal Perfect #300 34 Pin 32 Dia, x 1/4 Dia, x 1/5 Plug—Brass 1/4 Dia, x 1/5	Jones Tones
35 Shaft—Feed Reverse 32_1025C 104 Set Screw—Hollow—Cup Pt 5-18 x 3%	
36 Washer—Clutch       12246-14A       105 Tapered Roller Bearing       Timken #662         37 Sleeve Gear       42-2518       106 Screw—Soc. Hd.       '4-20 x %	A-612B
38 Bush—Sleeve Gear 22246-13 107 Bearing Cap 22-2537	
39 Lock Nut       #N-03       108 Shaft—Inter. Gear       32-2525         40 Lock Washer       #W-03       109 Brake Cup—Drive       22-2535	
41 Tapered Roller Bearing Timken #05075-05185B 110 Screw—Soc. Hd. %-16 x 14	
43 Clutch—Spind. Gear. 32-2515 112 Bush Oilite #A-100	03-4
44 Screw—Flat Hd. 10-24 x ¾ 113 Tapered Roller Bearing Timken #355	5-354B
46 Bush—First Gear 22246-5 115 Sheave—Drive 42-2536	
47 Spindle Gear       42-2514       116 Key—Drive Pulley       25-2566         48 Washer—First Gear       22246-8       117 Lock Nut       #N-08	
49 Woodruff Key #1212 (1½ x ¾) 118 Lock Washer W-08	
50 Pin	216
52 Set Screw—Hollow—Dog Point 4-20 x 1/4 121 Clutch Housing 52-2529	
53 Tapered Roller Bearing         Timken #3820-3875         122 Rod—Clutch Shifter         12-2546           54 Pinion—Back Gear         32-2516         123 Pullmore Clutch         #4 Double-Spinion	pecial
55 Tangered Polley Pagering   Timken #HM502049   124 Fork—Clutch Shifter   22-2531	
56 Back Gear 32-2517 126 Cover—Clutch Housing 22-2533	
57       Screw—Soc. Hd.       ¼-20 x ½       127       Gasket—Clutch Housing Cover       22-2567         58       Bearing Cap       22-20A       128       Screw—Butt Hd.       10-24 x ½	1/2 0000
59 Collar—Spindle 32-949 129 Screw—Soc. Hd. 14-20 x 34	
60 Spindle—Taper Nose       42-1253A       130 Screw—Soc. Hd.       18 x 34         61 Guard—Spindle Nose       32-948       131 Gasket—Head Cover       32246-830A	
62 Sleeve—Center 22-2541 132 Head Cover 42246-860A	
63 Center—Head 22-2530 133 Tapered Roller Bearing Timken #269 64 Key 12-947 134 Taper Pin #2 x 1¼	91-2631B
65 Screw—Soc. Hd	
67 Screw—Flat Soc. Hd. %-16 x ¾ 137 Spring—Cam 12-2545	
68 Bearing Cap—Front	The Market
Tapered Roller Bearing Timken #742-749 Screw Nose Spindle (Not Shown) 52-1795A	



#### **HEADSTOCK**

Fig. 62-2568(2)

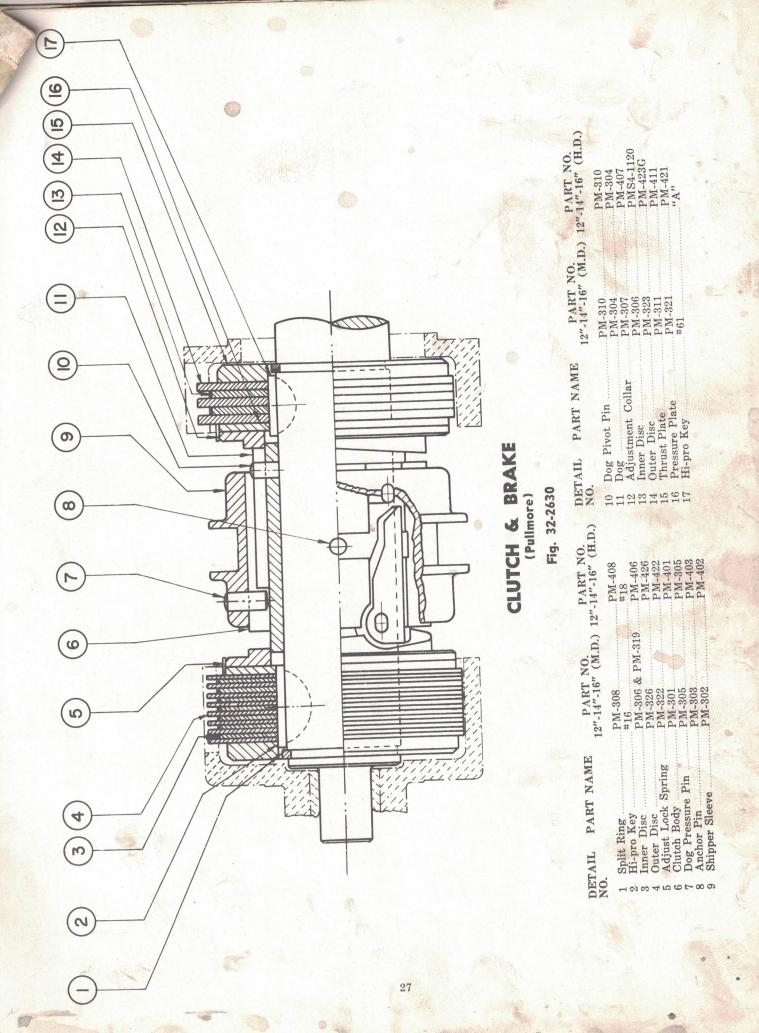
DETAIL PART NAM	PART NO. 12"-14"-16" (M.D. &		YAIL PART NAME	PART NO. 12"-14"-16" (M.D. & H.D.)
NO.		,	II G D	\[ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll
1 Handle—Spind. Ge	ar Shifter32246-615	60	Set Screw—Hollow—Cup Pt	38-16 x 38 (16")
2 Shoe—Spind, Gear	Shifter	61	Cnon Ping	Truare #5100-02
3 Set Screw—Hollov	v—Cup Pt10-32 x ½	62	Ct Lood Por Shitter	12-10101
4 Stud—Spind. Gear	Shifter 12-1046 ear 22-1480	63	Set Screw—Hollow—Cup Pt	#4 x 11/4
5 Shifter—Spindle G	er Gear 32-1464	64	Commont Clister Gear	22-10010
7 Stud_Shifter Lock	12240-05	65 66	Dlunger Clust Gear Shifte	r12240-33
Q Plunger_Cl Gear	Shifter12240-33	67	Dlug Chief Coar Shaft	12-2004
a Spring Spind (11	itch Shitter12240-01	68	Coming Slooms Gear Pllinge	r 12240-044
10 Scrow-Plunger	12240-02	69	Canour Plunger	12240-02
11 Clasers Spind (-00	r Shifter 14-1044	70	Rack—Shifter Screw—Soc. Hd.	14-20 x 5%
19 Oil Seel	Victoprene "00050	$\begin{array}{c} 71 \\ 72 \end{array}$	Chifton Chaster Gear	52-1412
		73	Chifton Can	02-1410
14 Taper Pin	#4 x 1½ #4 x 1¾ Victoprene #60318	74		
15 Taper Pin	Victorrene #60318	75	III	12240-012
16 Oil Seal	#4 x 1½ #4 x 1½ (22-1013B(12"-14")	76	Gasket-Cork	Fig. 1062
17 Taper Pin	#4 x 1½_	10	Filter Element	Zenith #F2 x 3
10 Gl of Food Pow	Shifter (Front) $\begin{cases} 22-101\overline{3}B(12''-14'') \\ 22-1465B(16'') \end{cases}$	77	Filter Element	$1\frac{3}{16}$ Long
19 Shaft—Feed Rev.	Shirter (Front) (22-1465B(16")	78	II andle Spind Clutch Shit	fter 32246-614
20 Handle—Feed Rev	7. Shifter22-1017	79		
	12-1019 Victoprene #60096	80		
22 Oil Seal	ev. Shifter 12-1018	81	March Con Fill Hd	10-24 A /8
04 Tonon Pin	4 A 172	82		½ Pipe x 4½" Long (Lunkenheimer #740
of Sarow-Slid Pini	on Sn. Plung 12-1000	83	Pipe Nipple	(Lunkenheimer #740
oc Spring-Slid Pin	ion Sh. Plung, 12-1034	84	Check Valve	Lunkenheimer #740 % Pipe
of Dinngon Sliding	Pinion Shitter 12-1000	85	Taper Pin	#4 x 2
00 Chifton Sliding	2inion 52-1001A	86	a d Tiellerry Chin Pi	-/4 - 4U X -/9
29 Set Screw—Hollo	W—Hf. Dog Pt. 5-6-18 x 3/8	87		
30 Shoe—Sliding Pi	nion Shifter	88	Comover Plummer	12240-02
31 Taper Pin	nion Shifter 12-1030	89	Diamon Chind Chitch Shi	TT 12240-00
		90	2 1 01 101 T 1-	12246-63
		91	Stud—Shifter Lock	$\begin{cases} \frac{5}{18} \text{ OD x } \frac{1}{32} \text{ Wall} \\ 3'' \text{ Long} \\ \text{Imperial $^{\pm}69\text{F-}\frac{1}{8}$ Pipe} \\ \frac{5}{18} \text{ Tube} \end{cases}$
		92	2 Tubing	
36 Indicator Plate	(Forward) 12-1680 (Forward) 10-24 x %	0.0	Tubing	Imperial #69F-% Pipe
37 Mach. Scr.—Fill	Hd. 10-24 x % 12246-672	93	3 Elbow—Tubing	( Tube
		94	4 Spring—Clust. Gear Plunge	er12240-345A
		95		
40 Mulcator Glass	Lunkenheimer #1   Fig. 1062	65 96	- Cluster	
41 Gasket—Cork	Fig. 1062	97	7 Shifter Toke—Spind. Older	#5 x 2
42 Indicator—Oil L	evel 22246-668  by Shifter 22-1017	99	a al-et amind Clutch Shift	ter22246-50
43 Handle—Feed Re	ev. Shifter 22-1017 #4 x 1½			
44 Taper Pin	3%-16 x 11/2	10:		
45 Screw—Soc. Hd.	22-1017 #4 x 1½ %-16 x 1¼ 22-1827 22-1827 12-2576	103	2 Set Screw—Hollow—Cup I	26246-705A (12"-14")
46 Bearing—Feed F 47 Taper Pin	12-2576	10	3 Lever—Dr. Clust. Shifter	Pt. 10-24 x % { 26246-705A (12"-14") } 22-1590 (16")
48 Shoe—Feed Rev.	Shifter 12-2276	4.0	. m D'	#4 x 1½
10 Cl. Clar Food D	04-44101	10-	Shoft Clutch Shifter Fin	ger12240-10411
50 Oil Cup		10 1") 10	C Duch ( Shift Shaff	12-20-0
51 Screw—Soc. Hd.	$\begin{cases} \frac{5}{16} - 18 \times 1 & (12'' - 14') \\ \frac{3}{8} - 16 \times 2\frac{1}{2} & (16'') \end{cases}$	10	Timmon Clutch Shitter	22240-100
	(22-2289 (12"-14"	10		
52 Bracket—Rear		10	9 Plug—Brass	
53 Self Tapping Sc	r.—Butt Hd. P-K #4 x ¼ Type	Z 11	0 Push Button	
54 Indicator Plate	(A-B (omp.)		11 Ding Plug Hollow Hex	½ Pipe
		11 11	O Company Plummon	12240-02
55 Speed Plate	22-2591 (16") 22-2591 (16")		19 Colf Tonning Ser Butt Hd	I-K 4 A 4 Type Z
56 Self Tapping Sc	r.—Butt Hd. P-K #4 x ½ Type	7. 11	14 Timber Dooming Plate	IIIIKEII "4
57 Solf Tanning Sc	r Bliff Hd. I-K 4 A 74 1 x PC		15 Oil Crade Plate	Socony Vac. Oil Co.
58 Instruction Plan	te	)	15 Oil Grade Plate	P_K #4 v 1/ Type 7.
59 Shaft—Feed Re	v. Shifter (Rear) 12-2275 (16")	11	16 Self Tapping Scr.—Butt H	d. P-K #4 x ¼ Type Z

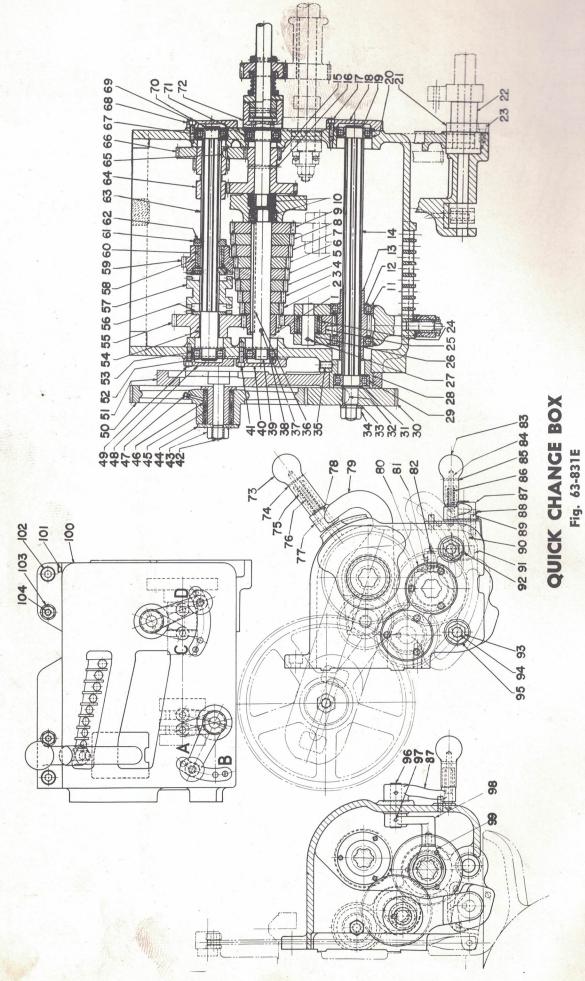


# HEADSTOCK Plunger Type Handles

Fig. 52-2629

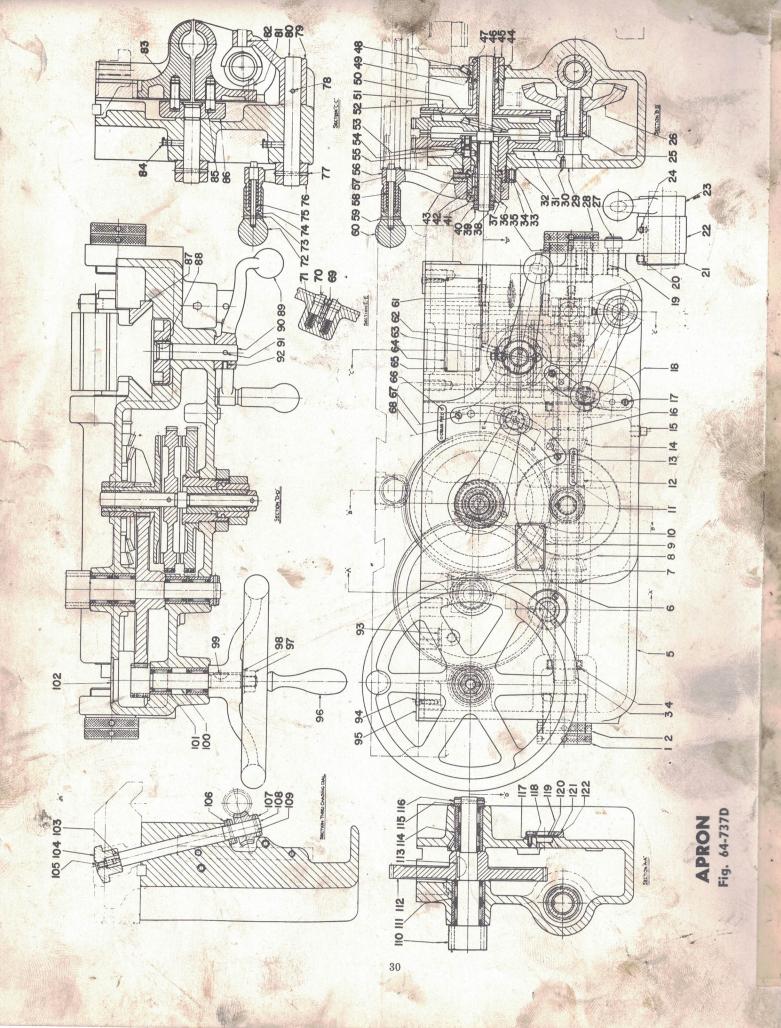
PART NO. 12"-14"-16"	#4 x 1½ #60096 Victoprene 32-1052 32-1054 #60245 Victoprene #4 x 2 22246-50 12-749A 12-749A 12-749A 12-740A 32-1061
DETAIL PART NAME NO.	15 Taper Pin 16 Oil Seal 17 Handle—Drive Cluster Gear 18 Handle—Spind. Clutch Shaft 19 Oil Seal 20 Taper Pin 21 Shaft—Spind. Clutch Shifter 22 Plunger—Shifter Handle 23 Spring—Shifter Handle 24 Taper Pin 25 Knob—Shifter Handle 26 Shifter—Cluster Gear 27 Shifter Yoke—Spind. Clutch
PART NO. 12"-14"-16"	12-750A #00 x 1" 12-748 12-748 12-749A 32-1048 22-1045 12-1049 12-1049 12-1044 #60318 Victoprene #4 x 1 14 #60318 Victoprene #4 x 1 34 1424-348 1424-383
DETAIL PART NAME NO.	Knob—Shifter Handle  Taper Pin Spring—Shifter Handle Plunger—Shifter Handle Handle—Spind Gear Shifter Shifter—Spind Gear Shifter Shifter—Spind Gear Shifter Sleeve—Spind Gear Shifter 10 Oil Seal 11 Taper Pin 12 Spring—Feed Rev. Lever 13 Plunger—Feed Rev. Lever 14 Knob—Rev. Lever





# QUICK CHANGE BOX Fig. 63-831E

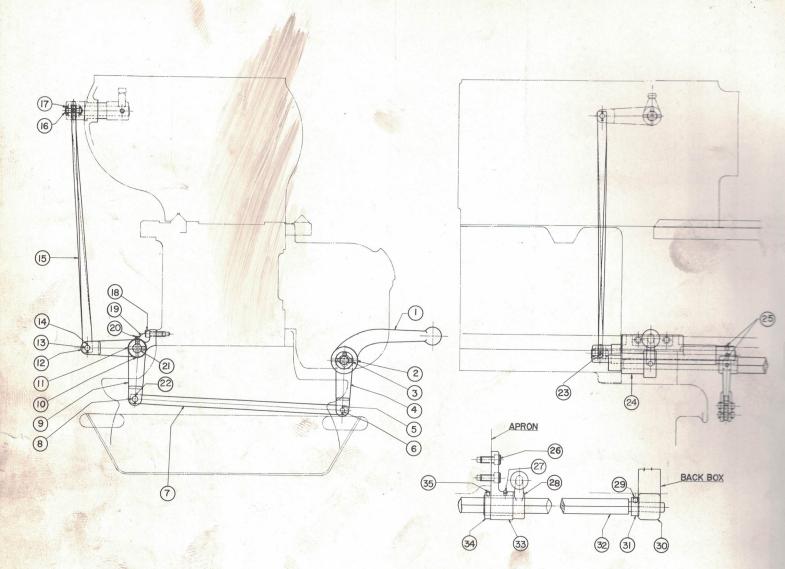
PART NO.	16"	N.D. #7504	Oilite #A-1110-3	13-890A	33-1110A	33-1109A	13-2115A	10-24 x 3%	23-1821A 33-886B	23-1850A	$\frac{161}{6}(\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{3}{16})$	Z3-1851 N D #7504	23-2585	½-20 x 5/8	Truare #5100-78	N.D. #99505 33-1853B	23-904	#00 x 1	13-901	14 Dia. x %		12-1016	10-32 x 1/4	13-2434	14-750A 14-749A	#00 × 1	14-748	33-883	1424-607	13-882	23-881	#2 x 1½	78-11 K.H.	166-670	13-885	#2 x 1½	23-884	23-1854	63-831G	1/2-13 x 11/4	%-16 13-919
1101	12"-14"	N.D. #7504	33-891R	13-890A	33-1110A Oilite # A 1616 1	33-889A	13-2115A	10-24 x %	33-886B	23-1850A	#61 (58 x 3)	N.D. #7504	23-2585	74-20 x 58	N.D. #99505	33-1853B	23-904	#00 x 1	13-903		13-902 43-835B	12-1016	10-32 x 1/4	13-2434 14 750 A	14-749A	#00 x 1	14-748	55-885 #9 v 11/2	1424-607	13-882	23-881	7.2 X 1.72 5%-11 P H	13-922	166-670	13-885	#2 x 1½	23-884	23-1854	Gits #501	1/2-13 x 11/4	$\frac{3}{8}$ -16 13-919
DETAIL PART NAME		53 Ball Bearing	utch	S.	57 Clutch—Clutch Shaft 58 Bush	Gear-Clutch	I.	62 Collar—Slip Clutch Gear	Shaft—(	64 Pinion—Cluster Gear	66 Gear—Chistor (Lorge)	:	Bearing	09 Screw—Soc. Hd.	. —	72 Clutch—Feed Drive	73 Knob—Tumbler Yoke	75 Sleeve—Tumbler Yoke Knob	Spring-Tumbler		79 Yoke—Tumbler	-Clutch Shifter	81 Set Screw—Hollow—Hf. Dog Pt.	2 24	Plung	Taper F	86 Spring—Shifter Handle	0.	Screw-	Shaft—Clutch S	91 Shifter Finger—Clutch 92 Taner Pin	1 2	Stud	Washer	96 Shaft—Cluster Gear Shifter	Taper Pin	_		101 Oiler	Screv	103 Nut—Hex 104 Dowel Pin
										137					86				94-CT					86-0	•											T,	4				.78
I NO. 16"		13-1122A 13-1121A	13-1120A	13-1119A	13-1117A	13-1116A	13-1115A	N.D. #5503	N.D. #4773L07	33-1119C	33-898C	33-1852A	1/2 X 1/2 1/2 - 20 v 3/2	23-2586	Truare #5100-	N.D. #47505	23-2584	5-18 x %	Orange #E-71	13-897	#2 x 1½	N D #77505	-1114	=	$^{#11}_{19}$ ( $^{78}_{16}$ x $^{3}_{16}$ )	56-11 B H	%-16 x %	14 Sq. x 614	"4 x 1% N D #7609	33-905E	23-2585	14-20 x 58	13-2382	%-11 K.H.	13-921R	Orange #7234-C	Gits #501	23-2585	14-20 x 5%	43-920 A	Truare #5100-78
12"-14" PART NO. 16"	19 019 4	-912B 13-	-2583 011 A	911A -910B	13	-908A -907A 13	13-906A 13-1115A	D. #5503	D. #4773L07	894C	33-898C 33-898C		1/2 X 1 1/2 1/4 - 20 v	23-2586	Truarc #5100-98	10.D. "4 (505 23-1807	23-2584	15-18 x 3/4	Gear—Tumbler Idler 13.896C #E-7194-CT 0range #E-71	13-897	#2 x 1½	N.D #77505	23-900	Truare #5100-98 Truare	Washer 12-1065 19-1065 19-1065 19-1065 19-1066	%-11 R.H. 5,-11 R H	%-16 x % %-16 x %	14 Sq. x 614 Sq. x 614	N D #7603 N D #7609	33-905E 33-905E	40 Bearing Cap 23-2585 23-2585	14-20 x 58 14-20 x 58	56-11 P H	1324-226 1384-226 1384-396 1386 1384-396 1384-396 1384-396 1384-396 1384-396 1384-396 1384-396 1386000000000000000000000	13-921B 13-991R	Orange #7234-CT Orange #7234-C	Gits #501 Gits #501	23-2585	74-20 x 58		#5100-78



#### APRON

Fig. 64-737D

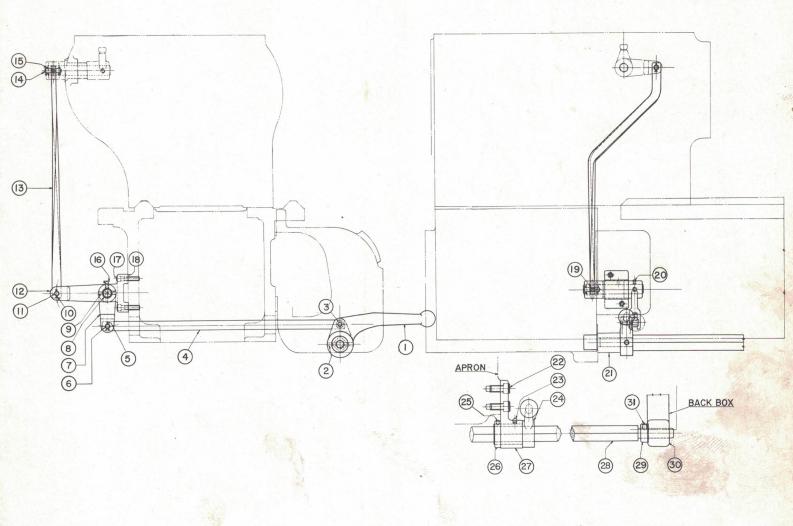
ETAIL PART NAME			, 17
0.	PART NO.	DETAIL PART NAME	D. D
1 Rush Auto Ster	12"-14"-16"	NO.	PART NO.
Bush—Auto Stop	24-771	63 Screw—Interlock	12"-14"-16"
Nut—Auto Stop  Sleeve—Bevel Pinion	14-772		146-608
Sleeve—Bevel Pinion Oil Seal Apron	24-740A	64 Instruction Plate—Chasing 65 Screw—Self Tanning Production	14-1705
Apron Key	······ Victoprene #60267	65 Screw—Self Tapping—Butt Hd. 66 Screw—Self Tapping—Butt Hd. 67 Screw—Interlock	
Key	04-120D	67 Screw—Interlock 68 Indicator Plate—Cross Food	P-K #4 x ¼" Type Z
Snap Ring Bevel Pinion	14-744B	68 Indicator Plate_Cross Food	
Bevel Pinion Instruction Plate Oiling	94.749D		
		70 Stop—Feed Clutch Handle	14-2513
Screw—Self Tapping—Butt. Hd. Screw—Self Tapping—Butt Hd.	P-K #4 v 1/ Two 7		
Screw—Self Tapping—Butt. Hd. Bush—Bevel Pinion Sleeve	P-K #4 v 1/ Type Z		
Bush—Bevel Pinion Sleeve Indicator Plate—Length Stee	24-850 24-850	73 Taper Pin 74 Plunger—Shifter Handle	#00 1
Indicator Plate—Length Stop Bevel Pinjon	14-1682	74 Plunger—Shifter Handle 75 Spring—Shifter Handle	14-749A
		75 Spring—Shifter Handle 76 Handle—Feed Poy Shift	14-748
Snap Ring Screw—Interlock		77 Taper Pin 78 Taper Pin	#4 x 1½
Oil Seal	1424-607	78 Taper Pin 79 Shifter—Feed Rev	#4 x 1½
Spool-Feed Por Chica	Victoprene #60454	79 Shifter—Feed Rev. 80 Shaft—Feed Ray Shifter	24-724
Set Screw—Hollow—Hf. Dog Pt.	24-741	80 Shaft—Feed Rev. Shifter 81 Interference Pin—Half Nut	24-747
Collar-Handwheel		81 Interference Pin—Half Nut 82 Shoe—Feed Rev. Shifter	14-770
Bracket-Clutch Control		82 Shoe—Feed Rev. Shifter 83 Half Nut	24-725
		83 Half Nut 84 Oiler 85 Stud—Half Nut Cam	34-721
Oiler Bush—Revel Coor	Gita #501	85 Stud—Half Nut Cam 86 Cam—Half Nut	Gits #501
		86 Cam—Half Nut 87 Gib—Half Nut	14-769
	7.	8/ (ilb—Half Nut	24-722
			#0 (3/. 2)
Bush—Auto Stop Shaft—Beyel Geor	24-771	89 Handle—Drive Cluster Gear	39946 616
Shaft—Bevel Gear Set Screw—Hd'ls—Flot Bt	24-746	90 Shaft—Half Nut Cam 91 Taper Pin	24-769
Set Scraw—Hd'ls—Flat Pt.	½-20 x ½	91 Taper Pin 92 Set Screw—Hd'ls—Flet Pt	#4 x 11%
ross Food Drive	134-755 (19" 14")	92 Set Screw—Hd'ls—Flat Pt. 93 Oiler	1/4-20 x 3/6
Bush Feed Clutch Nut Feed Clutch Push	(34-774 (16")	93 Oiler 94 Screw—Soc. Hd.	Gits #1702
Nut—Feed Clutch Bush Set Screw—Hd'ls Cope Bt	24-753	94 Screw—Soc. Hd. 95 Key—Carriage	10-24 x ½
		95 Key—Carriage 96 Handwheel 97 Nut—Hex 98 Washer	14-773
Nut—Auto Stop Sleeve—Feed Clutch Com		97 Nut—Hex	46-767A
		98 Washer 99 Woodruff Key	$\frac{1}{2}$ -13
Bush—Feed Clutch Cam Shaft—Traverse Food Com	14-759	99 Woodruff Koy	1424-279
Shaft—Traverse Feed Gear Collar—Traverse Feed Shaft	24-762	100 Pinion—Hand Feed 101 Roller Bearing 102 Welch Plug	#9 (¾ X 3/16)
Collar—Traverse Feed Shaft Taper Pin	14-764	101 Roller Bearing	24-766A
Taper Pin Key—Auto Ston College	#2 x 1"	102 Welch Plug 103 Pin (Dr. Rd.)	21/ Die - 000
Key—Auto Stop Collar Cam—Feed Clutch	11-1598	103 Pin (Dr. Rd)	2 /8 Dia. X .083
Set Sener III	24-751	104 Dial—Chasing 105 Screw—Flat Hd	24-782 A
Cam—Feed Clutch Set Serew—Hd'ls—Full Dog Pt. Sleeve—Traverse Clutch	½-20 x ¾	105 Screw—Flat Hd. 106 Collar—Chasing Diel	1/4-20 x 3/
Collar Trayrowa Class 1	14-760	106 Collar—Chasing Dial 107 Worm Wheel—Chasing Dial	14-785
Collar—Traverse Clutch Bush—Traverse Clutch Taper Pin	14-761	worm wheel—Chasing Dial	24-786
Taner Pin	14-759	Chasing Dial	14-784A (12"-14")
Set Screw—Hollow—Dog Pt	#2 x 1 ¼ "	109 Taper Pin 110 Pinion—Rack Food	24-1396A (16")
Snap Ring—Trav. Cl. Sleeve	½ -20 x ½	110 Pinion—Rack Food	#2 x 1¼
		111 Roller Bearing	24-765B
		112 Gear-Rack Pinion	Orange #7194-CT
		113 Woodruff Key	34-736A
DCI CW — III IS — HIGH D+	1/ 00	114 Roller Bearing 115 Collar—Rack Feed Pinion	
		115 Collar—Rack Feed Pinion 116 Taper Pin	Urange #7154-CT
		116 Taner Pin	14-783
Handle—Feed Clutch	34-732B	117 Screw—Soc. Hd.	#10-24 × 1/
lunger—Shifter Handle	14-749A	118 Fibre Washer	Lunken'r Fig. 1025
Ti Trancie	14-7484		) Size 278
nob-Shifter Handle	,#00 x 1	119 Glass—Oil Gage 120 Oil Level Indicator (Decel)	6167
nob—Shifter Handle et Screw—Hd'ls—Cone Pt	14-750A	121 Plate Oil C (Decal)	14-1678
et Screw—Hd'ls—Cone Pt. et Screw—Hd'ls—Dog Pt.		121 Plate—Oil Gage	6166
Dog Ft	16-18 x 1½	122 Cork Washer	Lunken'r Fig. 1062
		Sale Control of the C	Size 162
		See	20-2



### APRON CLUTCH CONTROL

Fig. 56-1318A

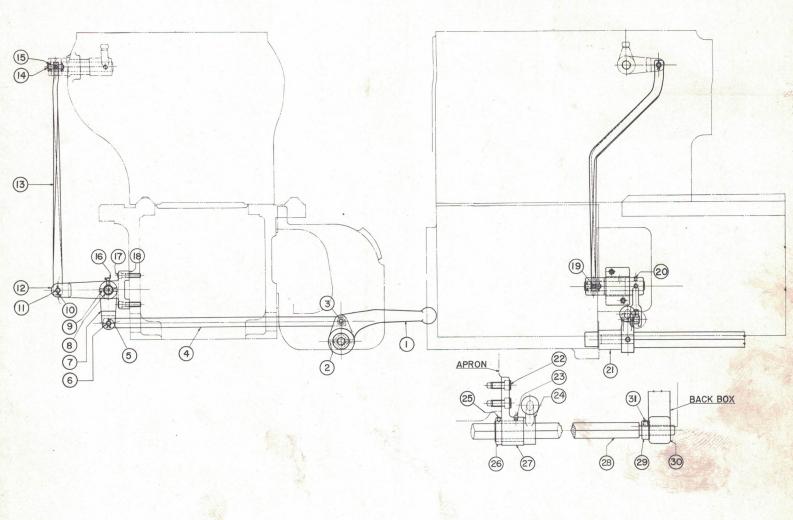
DETAIL PART NAME NO.	PART NO. 12"-14"	DETAIL PART NAME NO.	PART NO. 12"-14"
1 Control Handle 2 Taper Pin 3 Taper Pin 4 Clutch Shifter Lever 5 Cotter Pin 6 Link Pin 7 Cross Link 8 Link Pin 9 Clutch Shifter Lever 10 Taper Pin 11 Taper Pin 12 Clutch Shifter Lever 13 Link Pin 14 Cotter Pin 15 Rear Link 16 Link Pin 17 Cotter Pin	$\begin{array}{c} \frac{3}{12} \text{ Dia. x 1} \\ 16246-707 \\ 26-1325 \\ 16246-707 \\ 26246-705A \\ \#4 \text{ x } 1\frac{1}{2} \\ \#4 \text{ x } 1\frac{1}{2} \\ 26246-705A \\ 16246-707 \\ \frac{3}{32} \text{ Dia. x 1} \\ \begin{bmatrix} 262-706A & (12\text{''} \text{ M.D.}) \\ 36-2648 & (12\text{''} \text{ H.D.}) \\ \end{bmatrix} 264-718A & (14\text{''} \text{ M.D.}) \end{array}$	18 Screw—Soc. Hd. 19 Rear Bracket 20 Oiler 21 Lever Shaft (Rear) 22 Cotter Pin 23 Set Screw—Hollow—Flat Pt. 24 Bush—Clutch Control 25 Set Screw—Hollow—Flat Pt. 26 Screw—Soc. Hd. 27 Oiler 28 Shifter Handle 29 Set Screw—Hollow—Dog Pt. 30 Back Box 31 Collar 32 Operating Rod 33 Clutch Control Bkt. 34 Collar 35 Set Screw—Hollow—Dog Pt.	3%-16 x 1 36246-708A Gits #501 16246-716A 3½ Dia. x 1 ½-20 x % 23-2584 ½-13 x 1 Gits #501 36246-713 3%-16 x % 46-1324 11246-94 { 36-1327 (M.D.) 36-2651 (H.D.) 34-728



#### APRON CLUTCH CONTROL

Fig. 56-1320A

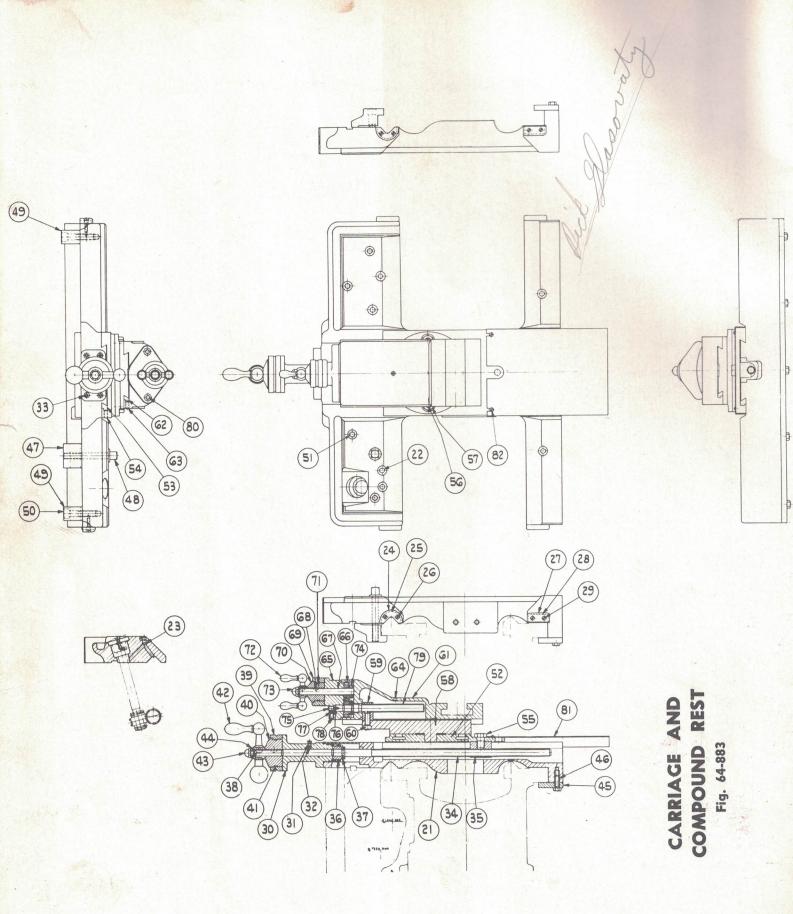
DETAIL P	PART NAME	PART NO.	DE NO	TAIL PART NAME	PART NO.
1 Control	Handle	36-1576	16	Oiler	Gits #501
2 Taper Pi	in	#4 x 21/4	17	Screw—Soc. Hd.	%-16 x 1¼
3 Link Pin	in .	16-1575	18	Rear Bracket	36-1572
4 Cross Li	nk	26-1574A	19	Screw—Soc. Hd. Rear Bracket Set Screw—Hollow—Flat Pt.	
5 Cotter Pi	in	$\frac{3}{39} \times 1$	20	Set Screw—Hollow—Flat Pt.	
6 Link Pin	in	16246-707	21.	Bush—Clutch Control	23-2584
7 Clutch Si	hifter Lever (Short)	26-1590 (M.D.) 26-2652 (H.D.)	22 23	Screw—Soc. Hd.	½-13 x 1 Gits #501
8 Lever Sh	naft (Rear)	26-1573	24	Shifter Handle	36246-713
9 Taper Pi	n	#4 x 1½	25	Shifter Handle Set Screw—Hollow—Dog Pt.	5-18 x 3/8
10 Cotter P	in	$\frac{3}{32} \times 1$	26	Collar	16246-714
11 Link Pin	in in	16246-707	27	Clutch Control Bkt.	34-728
12 Clutch S	hifter Lever (Long)	26246-705A	28	Operating Rod	36-1577
13 Rear Lin	ik	(36-1571 (M.D.)	29 30	Clutch Control Bkt. Operating Rod Collar Black Box	11246-94 46-1324
14 Link Pin	L	16246-707	31	Set Screw—Hollow—Dog Pt.	%-16 x %



## APRON CLUTCH CONTROL

Fig. 56-1320A

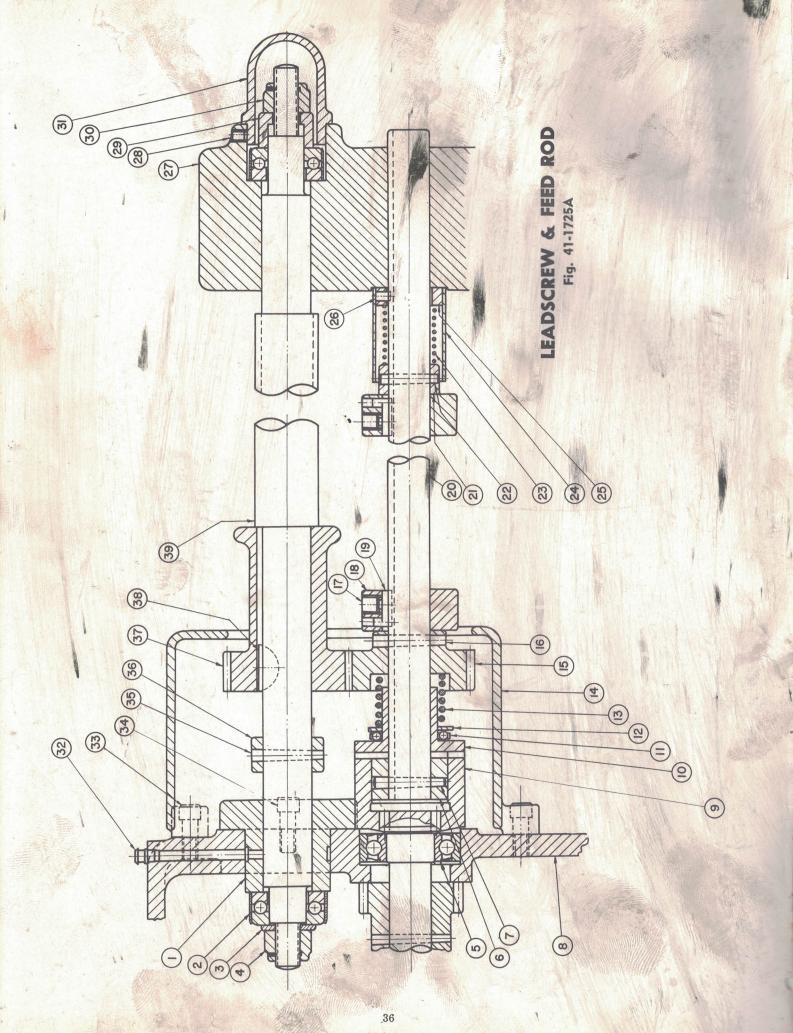
DETAIL PART NAME NO.	PART NO.	DETAIL PART NAME NO.	PART NO.
1 Control Handle	36-1576	16 Oiler	Gits #501
2 Taper Pin	#4 x 21/4	17 Screw—Soc. Hd.	38-16 x 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>
2 Taper Pin 3 Link Pin	16-1575	18 Rear Bracket	36-1572
4 Cross Link	26-1574A	18 Rear Bracket 19 Set Screw—Hollow—Flat Pt.	
5 Cotter Pin	$\frac{3}{32} \times 1$	20 Set Screw—Hollow—Flat Pt	1/4-2() X %
5 Cotter Pin 6 Link Pin	16246-707	21. Bush—Clutch Control	23-2584
7 Clutch Shifter Lever (Short)	(26-1590 (M.D.)	21. Bush—Clutch Control 22. Screw—Soc. Hd. 23. Oiler 24. Shifter Handle 25. Set Screw—Hollow—Dog Pt.	½-13 x 1
7 Clutch Shifter Lever (Short)	26-2652 (H.D.)	23 Oiler	Gits #501
8 Lever Shaft (Rear) 9 Taper Pin 10 Cotter Pin 11 Link Pin	26-1573	24 Shifter Handle	36246-713
9 Taper Pin	#4 x 1½	25 Set Screw—Hollow—Dog Pt.	$\frac{5}{16}$ 18 x $\frac{3}{8}$
10 Cotter Pin	$\frac{3}{32} \times 1$	26 Collar	16246-714
11 Link Pin	16246-707	27 Clutch Control Bkt.	34-728
12 Clutch Shifter Lever (Long)	26246-705A	28 Operating Rod	36-1577
		28 Operating Rod 29 Collar	11246-94
13 Rear Link	36-2650 (H.D.)	30 Black Box	46-1324
14 Link Pin		31 Set Screw—Hollow—Dog Pt.	3%-16 x 3%
15 Cotter Pin	$\frac{3}{2}$ x 1		



### CARRIAGE AND COMPOUND REST

Fig. 64-883

DE'	크리프라 병수에 보는 내가 되었다면 하는 것이 되었다. 이 기도 모습니다.	PART NO.	PART NO.	PART NO.
21	Carriage	64-834A	64-834A	54-11127A
22	Oiler	Gits No. 502	Gits No 502	Gits No. 502
23	Oil Wick	Gits 1/4 Dia x 3/16" lo	Gita 1/4 Dia v 3/16" la	Gits 1/4 Dia. x 3/16" lg.
24	Shear Wiper (Front)	1424-488	1424-488	14-1391
25	Shear Wiper Pad (Front)	1424-493	1424-493	14-1392
26	Mach. ScrFill Hd.	$10-24 \times 5/8'' \text{ lg}$	$10-24 \times 5/8'' \text{ loc}$	10 94 3 5/0" 10
27	Shear Wiper (Rear)	14-787	14-787	14 1909
28	Shear Wiper Pad (Rear)	14-788	14-788	14-1394
29	Mach. ScrFill Hd.	10-24 x 5/8" lg	10-24 x 5/8" lg.	10-24 v 5/8" lo
30	Bush-Feed Scr.	34-1447	34-1447	34-1395
31 32	Oil Wiel-	Gits No. 501	Gits No. 501	
33	Con San Saalrat Ud	Gits 3/16 Dia. x 1/8" lg3/8-16 x 1" lg.	Gits 3/16 Dia. x 1/8 lg.	Gits 3/16 Dia. x 1/8" lg.
34	Cross Food Savoy	3/8-16 X 1 1g.	3/8-16 x 1" lg.	3/8-16 x 1" lg.
35	Cross Feed Nut	1424-274A	34-778	34-1128
36	Cross Food Pinion	24-779	24-779	146-498A
37	Taper Pin	No. 3 x 1" lg.	24-779 No. 2 v 1" lo	24-1129
38	Woodruff Key	No. 5 (5/8 x 1/8")	No. 3 x 1" lg.	No. 3 x 1" lg.
39	Cross Feed Dial	24-1468	NO. 5 (5/8 X 1/8 )	No. 5 (5/8 x 1/8")
40	Cross Feed Dial Bush	24-1469	24-1400	24-1470 24-1471
41	Dial Spring	14-781	14-781	24-1471
42	Ball Crank	24-1544	21-1511	94 1659
43	Acorn Nut	3/8-16	3/8-16	1/0 19
44	Lock Nut	14-15/8	14-1578	14-1579
45	Rear Gib	24-789	24 780	04 1100
46	Cap. Scr. Hex Hd.	3/8-16 x 1 1/4" lg.	3/8-16 x 1 1/4" lo	3/8 16 v 1" 10
47	Carriage Clamp	24-731	24-731	94 791
48	Carriage Clamp Screw	2424-404	2424-404	0404 404
49	Front Gib	24-730	24-730	24-730
50	Cap ScrSoc. Hd.	$1/2-13 \times 1 3/4''$ lo	1/9-13 v 1 9/1" lo	1/0 10 1 0/4" 1
51	Cap ScrSoc. Hd.	1/2-13 x 2 1/2" lg.	1/2-13 x 2 1/2" lg.	1/2-13 v 3" lo
52	Cross Slide	442-691	444-325	446-512
53	Cross Slide Gib	1424-326	1426-326	146-513
54	Set ScrHolCone Pt.	5/16-18 x 3/4" lg.	5/16-18 v 3/4" lo	5/16 10 v 7/0" 10
55	Cross Feed Nut Screw	144-403A	144-403A	144-403A
56 57	Swivel Bolt	142-692	144-340	144-340
58	nex Nut	1/2-15 Jam	1/2-13 Std	1/9 19 5+2
59	Top Slide Nut	44-1554	44-1561	44-1552
60	Mach San Fill Ud		14-1553	14-1553
61	Ton Slide	1/10-14 X 5/4 lg	7/16-14 x 1" lg,	7/16-14 x 1 1/4" lg
62	Top Slide Gib	14-1559	44-1008A	44-1511
63	Set Scr -Hol -Cone Pt	5/16-18 x 5/8" lg.		14-1512
64	Oiler	Gits No. 521	5/16-18 x 5/8" lg	5/16-18 x 3/4" lg
65	Top Slide Bush	34-1560	34-1560	GITS NO. 521
66	Feed Pinion (Ton-Slide)	14-1516	14 1516	14 1510
67	Dial Shaft (Top-Slide)	14-1517 No. 2 (1/9 1/9")	14-1517	14-1510
68	Woodium Rev	IVO. 5 11/2 X 1/8 1	No 3 (1/9 v 1/8")	No 9 (1/9 = 1/9")
69	100 21106 11181	24-1518	9/11510	04 1510
70	Top Slide Dial Bush	24-1519	24 1510	04 1510
71	Diai Spring	14-781	14-781	14-781
72	Crank Handle	14246-859	14246-859	14246-859
73	Acorn Nut	3/8-16	3/8-16	3/8-16
74	Acorn Nut Taper Pin	3/8-16 No. 2 x 1" lg. 3/8-16 x 1/2" lg.	No. 2 x 1" lr.	No. 2 x 1" lg.
75	Set ScrHolFlat Pt.	3/8-16 x 1/2" lg.	3/8-16 x 1/2" lg.	3/8-16 x 1/2" lg.
76	Ball	1/4" Dia.	1/4" Dia.	1/4" Dia.
77	Plug	1/4 Dia v 3/16" lo	1/4 Dia. x 3/16" lg.	1/4 Dia. x 3/16" lg
78	Det ScrHolFlat Pt.	5/16-18 x 1/2" lg.	5/16 19 y 1/9" 1m	5/16-18 x 1/2" lg.
79	Con Son Son III	24-1520	24-1520	24-1520
80	Cross Clide Crowd	24-1520 3/8-16 x 3/4" lg. 2424-139A	3/8-16 x 3/4" lg.	3/8-16 x 3/4" lg.
81 82	Mach. ScrButton Hd.	2424-139A	2424-139A	346-518A
-04	mach, BerButton Hd.	1/4-20 X 3/8 1g.	1/4-20 x 3/8" lg	1/4-20 x 3/8" lg.



### LEADSCREW & FEED ROD

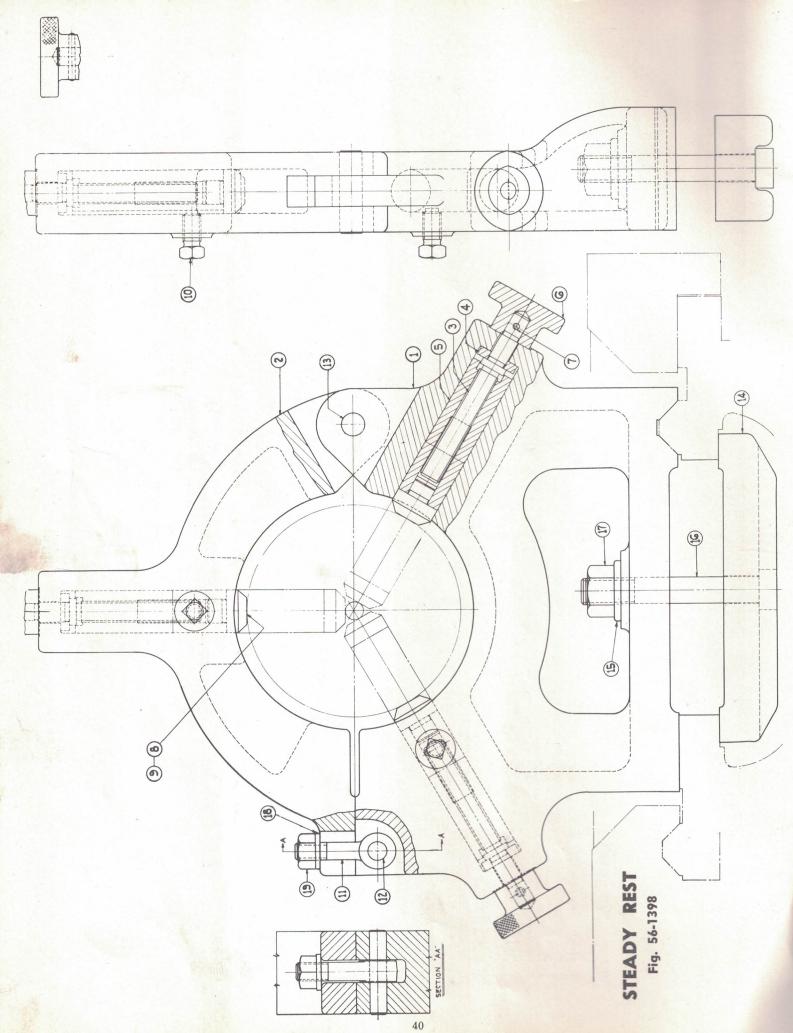
Fig. 41-1725A

D N	ETAIL PART NAME O.	PART NO. 12"-14"-16"
2		21-971 A
3		
4	Washer Nut	1424-279
5		
6	Ball Bearing Clutch—Inner	#99505 New Departure
7	Clutch—Inner Taper Pin	21-966
8	Quick Change Bar	#4 x 1½
9	Quick Change Box Clutch—Feed Drive	63-832G
10	Clutch—Feed Drive	33-1853B
11	Thrust Position	21-1448
12	Washer	R-5777 Nice
13	Clutch—Feed Drive Clutch—Outer Thrust Bearing Washer Spring—Feed Rod Gear Cover—Slip Gear	
14	Good Corres Cli- C	
15	Gear Cover—Slip Gear Gear—Feed Rod	31-975A
16	Gear—Feed Rod	21-965
17		
18		
19	Collar—Auto Stop Key—Auto Stop Collar	11-1567
20		
20	Feed Rod	31-964
	经实际价值 化二氢甲基乙基甲基酚 医动脉神经 医皮肤 计分别 化二氯甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基	
21	Collar—Feed Rod	11 069
22		
23		
24	Cover—Spring Collar—Feed Red	
25		
26		
27	Back Box Set Screw Hellow How Con Di	3/16 Dia. X 3/16
28		
29		
30	Nut Cap—Lead Screw	1/ 19 77 1 7
31	Cap—Lead Screw	21-14C1 Unshako—Hex
32		
33	Screw—Soc. Hd. Screw—Soc. Hd.	5 10 Gits
34	Screw—Soc. Hd. Taper Pin	
35	Taper Pin Ston Collar—Slip Coor	
36		
37		
38		
39	Lead Screw	#15(1 x ¼)
		31-969

TAILSTOCK Fig. 55-1312A

### TAILSTOCK Fig. 55-1312A

		39240-111	sz End Cap
101-100± 9K 9K77	120-1084	201-01	7,
#4 x ¼ P-K Type Z	#4 x 1/4 P-K Type Z	#4 x 1/4 P-K Type Z	30 Screw—Self Tapping—Button Hd.
22-2530	22-2530	22-253	1
35-2578	35246-113		28 Spindle
$\frac{5}{16}$ -18 x $\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$ -18 x $\frac{5}{16}$	$\frac{5}{16}$ -18 x $\frac{5}{16}$	
#501 Gits	#501 Gits	#501 Gits	
#607 Nice	#607 Nice	#607 Nice	
15246-115A	15246-115A	15246-115A	
15246-114	15246-114	15246-114	
$\frac{5}{16}$ -18 x 5%	<sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> -18 x 5%	<sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> -18 x 5/ <sub>8</sub>	
15246-123	15246-123	15246-123	
$^{+9}$ ( $^{3}_{4}$ x $^{\frac{3}{16}}$ )	$^{#9} (\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{3}{16})$	$^{+9}$ ( $^{3}$ x $^{\frac{3}{16}}$ )	
1/2-13	1/2-13	1/2-13	
35-1467	35-1467		
35-1380	3524-110		
45-1379A	45-1307A		
556-178B	554-107B.	552-106B	
15246-475	15246-475		
34-10	34-10		12 Nut—Hex.
15246-122	15246-122	15246-122	11 Key—Spindle
25-2580	25246-120A	25246-120A	10 Clamp Nut—Spindle
25-2579	25246-119A	25246-119A	9 Clamp Bush—Spindle
25-1384	25246-116		8 Set-over Screw
256-175B	254-131A		7 Screw—Clamp (Front)
256-174B	254-132A		6 Screw—Clamp (Rear)
25-1385	25246-116		5 Set-over Screw
58-11	5/8-11		4 Nut—Hex. Jam
25246-121	25246-121	25246-121	3 Screw—Clamp
$*11 (78 \times \frac{3}{16})$	$^{\sharp}11 \ (\frac{7_8}{8} \ \text{x} \ \frac{3}{15})$	$+11 \left( \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{3}{16} \right)$	2 Key—Woodruff
35246-118A	35246-118A	35246-118A	1 Handle—Spindle Clamp
16"	14"	12"	NO.
PART NO.	PART NO.	PART NO.	DETAIL PART NAME



### STEADY REST

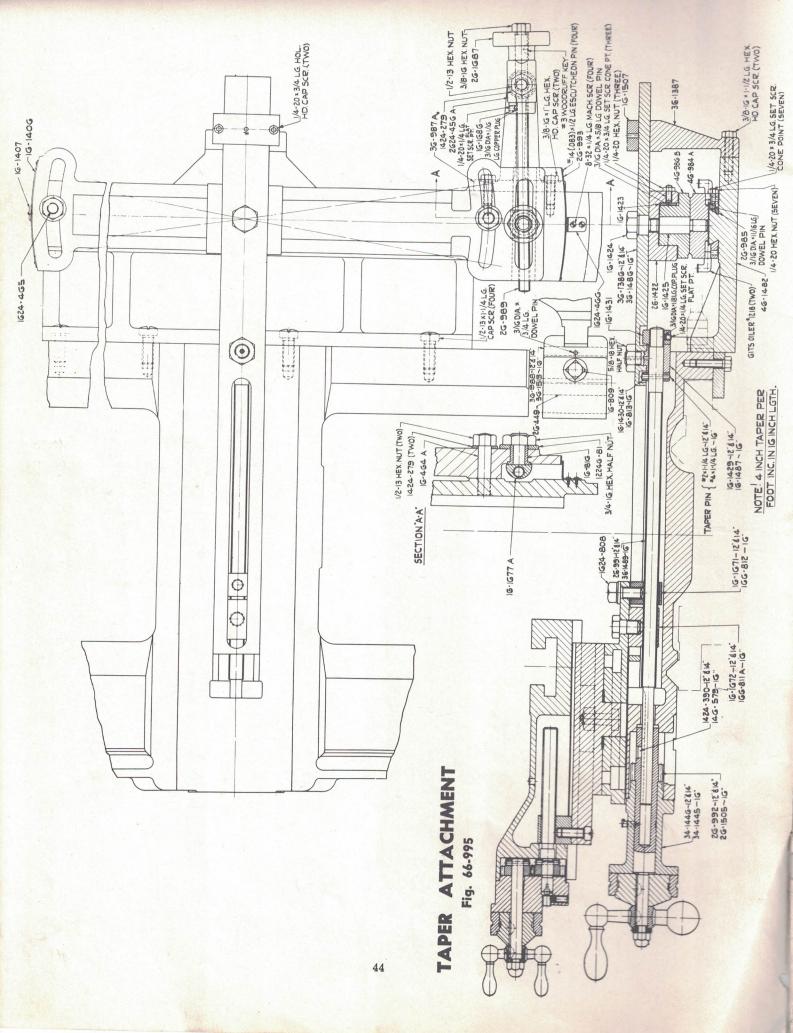
### Fig. 56-1398

DET NO.	'AIL NAME	PART NO.	PART NO.	PART NO.
1	Base	46-1494	46-1504	46-1399
2	Top	46-1495	46-1495	46-1400
3	Adjusting Screw		26-1496	26-1401
4	Washer	16-1497	16-1497	16-1402
5	Jaw	26-1498	26-1498	26-1403
6	Adjusting Knob	26-1499	26-1499	26-1404
7	Taper Pin		No. 2 x 1" lg.	No. 4 x 1 1/4" lg.
8	Tip-Renewable (CI)	16-1500	16-1500	16-1405
9	Tip-Renewable (Brz)	16-1551	16-1551	16-1488
10	Sq. Hd. Set Scr. (Dog PT.)	3/8-16 x 7/8" lg.	$3/8-16 \times 7/8"$ lg.	1/2-13 x 1" lg.
11	Latch Bolt	26-1501	26-1501	26-1501
12	Pin (Latch Pin)	16-1502	16-1502	16-1490
13	Pin (Hinge)		16-1502	16-1491
14	Clamp	36-1503	36-1503	36-1492
15	Washer	166-670	166-670	12246-81
16	Clamp Bolt (Sq. Hd.)	5/8-11 x 4" lg.	5/8-11 x 5" lg.	3/4-10 x 5" lg.
17	Hex. Nut (Std.)	5/8-11	5/8-11	3/4-10
18	Washer		16246-477	16246-477
19	Hex. Nut (Std.)	1/2-13	1/2-13	1/2-13

MOTOR DRIVE Fig. 61-2601

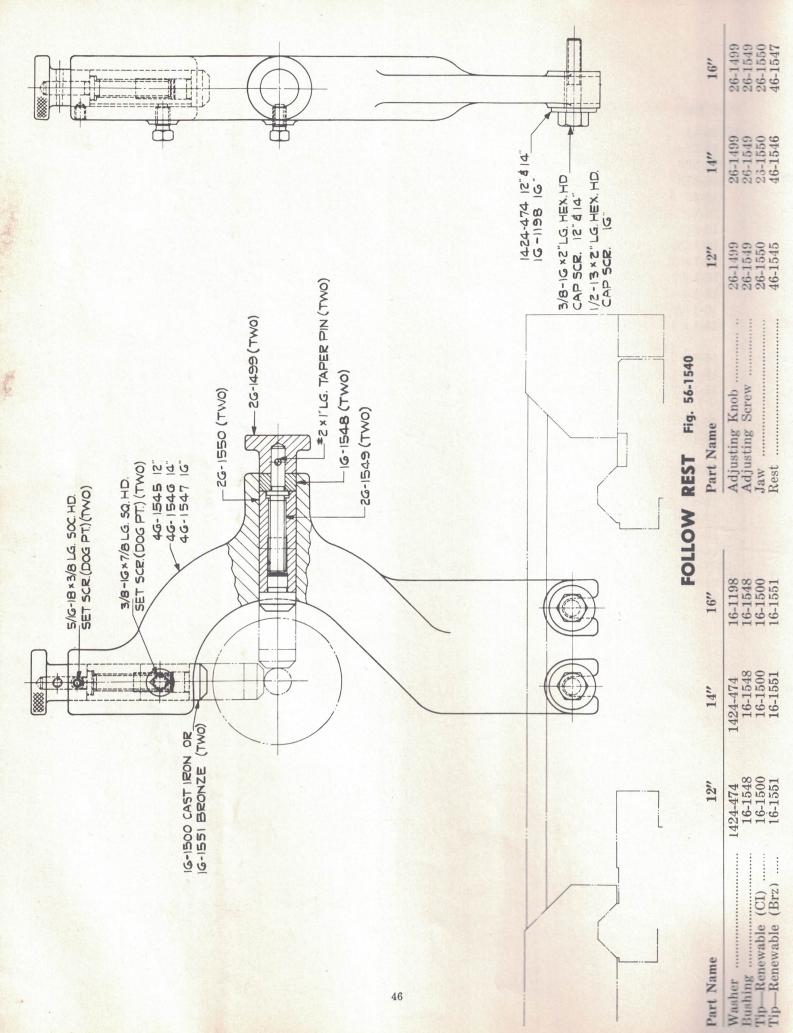
# MOTOR DRIVE Fig. 61-2601

DETAIL PART NAME NO.	12" (M.D.)	12" (H.D.)	PART NO. 14" (M.D.)	F NO. 14" (H.D.)	16" (M.D.)	16" (H.D.)
Bed	51-926A	51-9554	51-9264	75	61-1373A	61-1373A
Screw	16-1644	16-1644	16-1644	16-1644	16-1696	16-1696
Screw—Soc. Hd.	16-18 x 1/2	$\frac{5}{16}$ -18 x $\frac{1}{2}$	5-18 x 1/2	15-18 x ½	$\frac{5}{16}$ -18 x $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{5}{16}$ -18 x $\frac{1}{2}$
Screw—Fill. Hd.	5-18 x 1/2	15-18 x 1/2	5-18 x 1/2	\$\frac{5}{16} - 18 \text{ x } \frac{1}{12}	5 -18 x ½	5-18 x ½
Motor Leg	51-1002	61-2553	51-1002	61-2553	61-1374	61-2550
Knob	13246-280	13246-280	13246-280	13246-280	13246-280	13246-280
Door-Motor Leg	31246-97	31-1377	31246-97	31-1377	31-1377	31-1377
Adiusting Screw	21-1584	21-1584	21-1584	21-1584	21-1584	21-1584
Screw—Hex. Hd.	$\frac{5}{16}$ -18 x $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{5}{16}$ -18 x $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{5}{16}$ -18 x ½	$\frac{5}{16}$ -18 x $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{5}{16}$ -18 x ½	$\frac{5}{16}$ -18 x $\frac{1}{2}$
Gear Guard	46-1533 A	46-1533A	46-1098A	46-1098A	46-1566A	46-1566A
Head Sheave	42246-43	42-2536	42246-43	42-2536	42246-43	42-2536
Belt Guard	56-1599	56-2594	564-142	56-2644	56-1563	56-2594
Screw—Hex. Hd.	15-18 x 1/2	15-18 x 1/2	$\frac{5}{16}$ -18 x $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{5}{16}$ -18 x $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{5}{16}$ -18 x $\frac{3}{2}$	16-18 x ½
Belt Guard Back	56-1600	56-2595	564-141	56-2445	56-1564	56-2602
Screw—Hex. Hd	15-18 x 1/2	15-18 x 1/3	15-18 x 1/3	15-18 x 1/2	$\frac{5}{16}$ -18 x $\frac{1}{2}$	5-18 x ½
Gear Guard Back	26-1534	26-1534	36-1097	36-1097	26-1565	26-1565
Adi. Screw—Motor Plate	21246-92	21-1435	21246-92	21-1435	21-1435	21-1435
Nut-Hex.	34-10	34-10	34-10	34-10	34-10	34-10
Washer	%-Std.	%-Std.	%-Std.	%-Std.	%-Std.	34 Std.
Rod-Motor Adi Seraw	21246-96	21-2571	21246-96	21-2571	21-1436	21-2571
Collar	11246-94	11246-94	11246-94	11246-94	11246-94	11246-94
Set Screw—Hollow—Cun Pt.	%-16 x %	38-16 x 38	%-16 x %	%-16 x %	3%-16 x 3%	38-16 x 38
Motor Plate		To Suit Motor				
Hings Din Moton Dlate	91946-93	91-1437	91946-93	21-1437	21-1437	21-1437

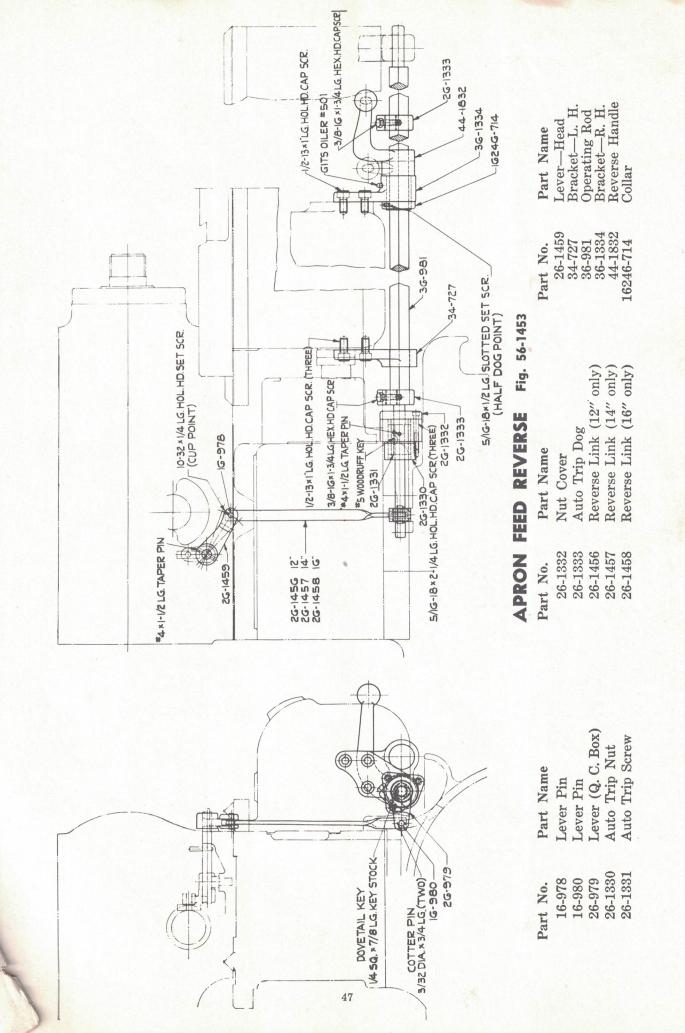


### TAPER ATTACHMENT Fig. 66-995

Part No. Part Name Part No.	Part Name
12246-81 Washer 166-811A	
14-279 Washer 166-812	(10 011)
1424-390 Key—Bevel Pinion (12-14" only)	Clamp-Cross Feed Screw (16"
140 500	only)
10.101	Cap-Locating Clamp
10,000	Gib
10 010 0 11 0 7 10	Screw Swivel
10 1 100 Till College (10 only)	Screw-Cross Feed (12-14" only)
16-1406 Index Scale (Degrees) 26-992 16-1407 Pointer-Index (Degrees)	Pinion Cross Feed Screw (12-14"
10 1 100 011 17 011 1 01	only)
10.1101 0 0: 0:	Index Scale (Taper per foot)
10 110 2 2 1 2 2 1	- P ionac
20-1000	(20
(12 11	only)
20-1001	The state of the s
10 1101	
10 1407 E. 1 D. 1	(10 OIII)
16-1487 End Bearing-Feed Screw (16" 34-1446 only)	201011 12 11
16-1507 Car-Bar Support	only)
16-1671 Clamp-Cross Feed Screw (12"-14" 36-987A	Bracket-Index Screw
only) 36-988	Clamp-Locating (12-14" only)
16-1672 Nut-Cross Feed Screw (12"-14" 36-1386	Bar (12-14" only)
only) 36-1387	
16-1677A Nut-Index Screw 36-1486	
16-1686 Nut-Thrust Adjusting 36-1489	
16-1816 Bush-Index Screw 36-1513	Clamp-Locating (16" only)
1624-465 Stud-Clamp (Short) 46-984A	
1624-466 Pointer-Index (Taper per foot) 46-986B	
1624-808 Screw-Bar Clamp 46-1482	Bracket

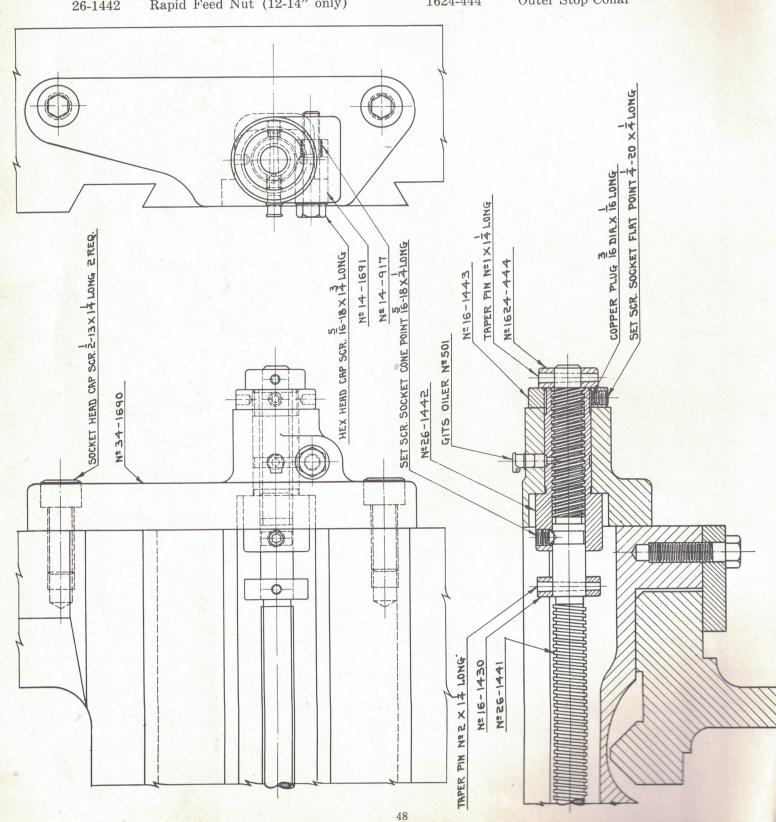


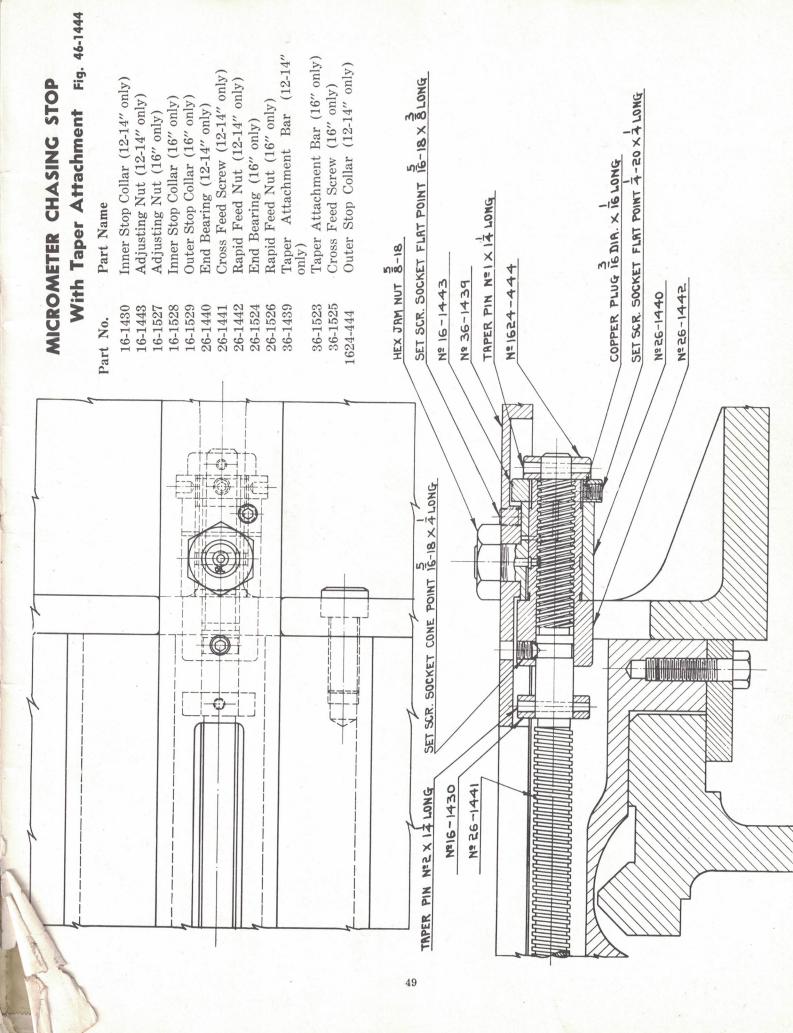


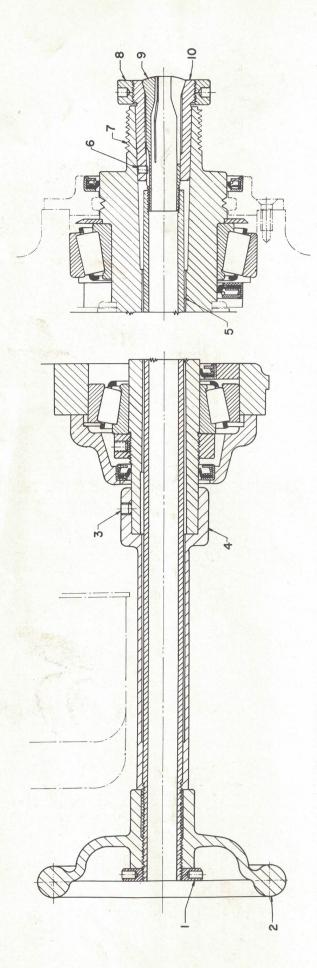


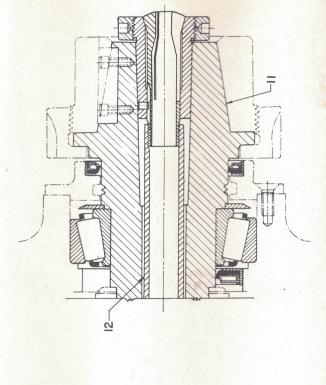
### MICROMETER CHASING STOP Fig. 46-1692

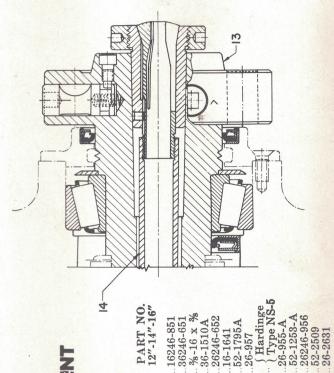
Part No.  14-917 14-1691 16-1430 16-1443 16-1527 16-1528 16-1529 16-1529 26-992 26-1441 26-1442 Part Name Clamp Screw Spring Clamp Bush Inner Stop Collar (12-14" of Adjusting Nut (12-14" of Adjusting Nut (16" only Inner Stop Collar (16" of Cross Feed Pinion (12-14) and Feed Nut (12-14" of Cross Feed Screw (12-14) Rapid Feed Nut (12-14")	34-1446 34-1690 y) 34-1802 y) 36-1525 only) 146-579 only) 1424-390	Part Name Cross Feed Pinion (16" only) Rapid Feed Nut (16" only) Feed Screw Bush (16" only) Feed Screw Bush (12-14" only) Bracket (12-14" only) Bracket (16" only) Cross Feed Screw (16" only) Pinion Key (16" only) Pinion Key (12-14" only) Outer Stop Collar
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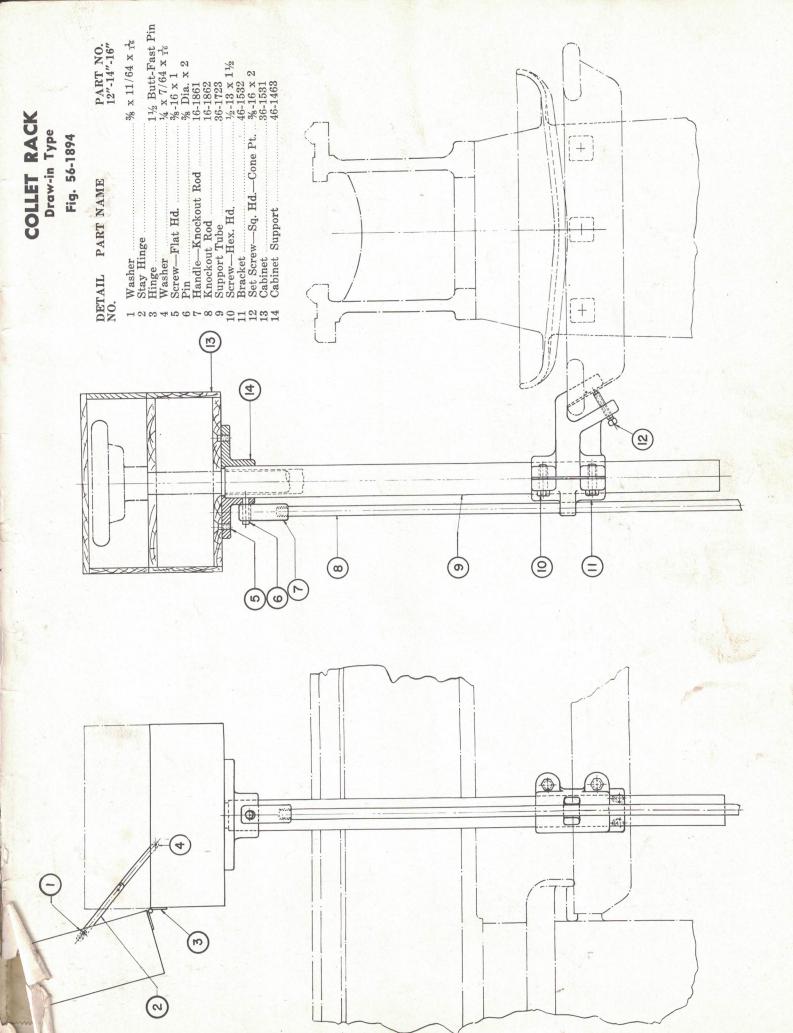


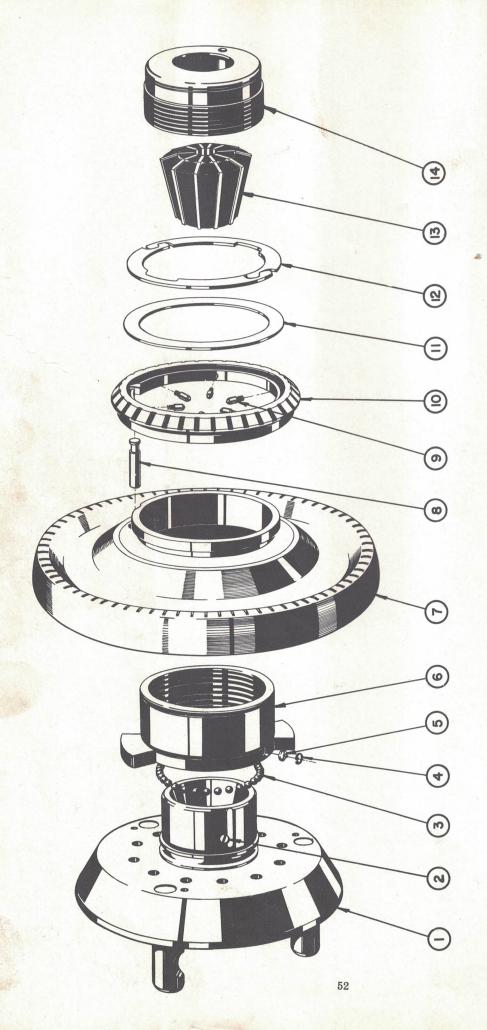




### COLLET ATTACHMENT Draw-in Type

Fig. 56-660A





## COLLET CHUCK Jacobs Rubber-flex

DETAIL PART NAME	PART NO. 12"-14"-16"	DETAIL PART NAME NO.
1 Body 2 Key and Screw 3 Ball Bearing 4 Disc Retaining Ring 5 Loading Hole Disc 6 Impact Sleeve 7 Handwheel Assembly	Jacobs #B91-C6 G-91 RP91 S91 HW91	8 Lock Pin       Springs       Springs       Springs       R91         10 Lock Ring       W-91       W-91         11 Washer       W-91       W-91         12 Truare Handwheel Retaining Ring       HR91         13 Rubberflex Collet       N91         14 Nose       N91

# COLLET RACK Jacobs Rubber-flex Collets

Fig. 56-2616

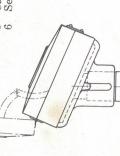
NAM	
PART	
DETAIL	

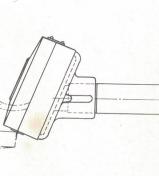
H

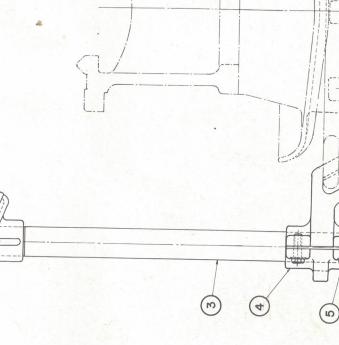
PART NO. 12"-14"-16"

Jacobs Collet Box
Box Support
Support Tube
Bracket
Cap Screw—Hex. Hd.
Set Screw—Sq. Hd.—Cone Pt.

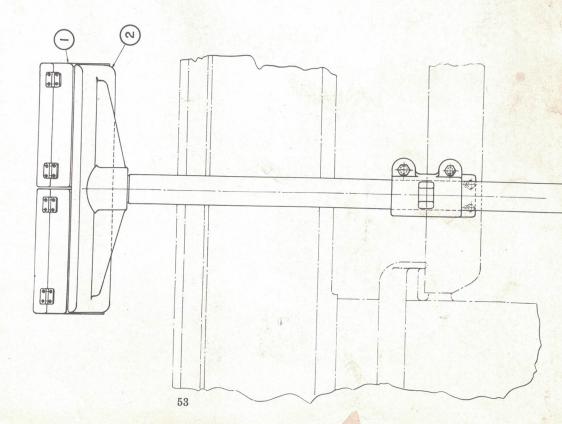
46-2615 36-1723 46-1532 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-13 x <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> <sup>3</sup>/<sub>8</sub>-16 x 2

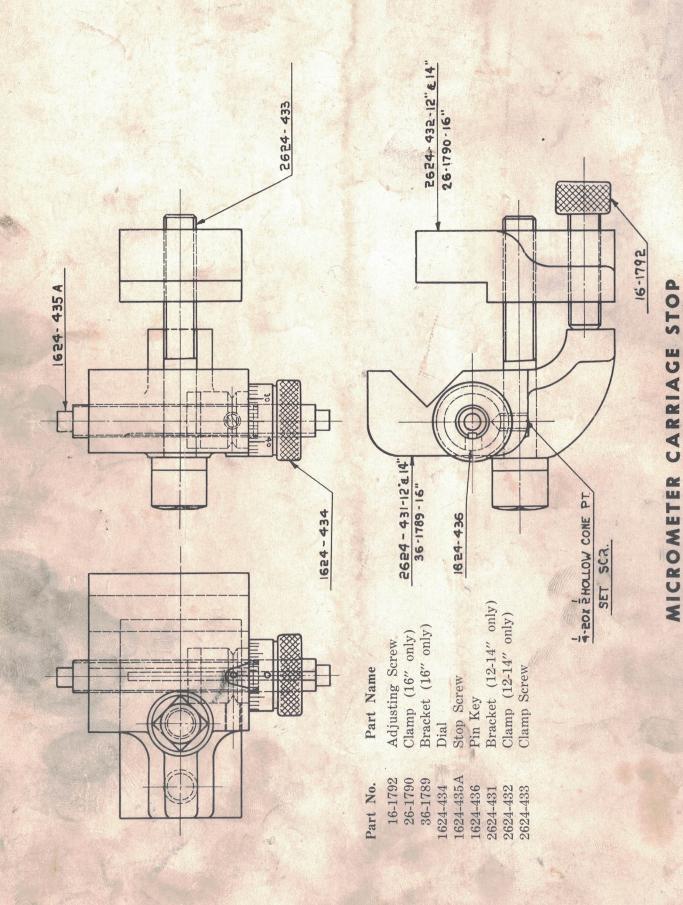






(9)





14" Bradford Lathe 1956 Serial # 8025 Hank 16-1672 NUT- Cross D'eed Screw 26-991 Sorew-Cross Heed (12-14 only) 340,00 556,00