OUICK CHANGE GEAR BOX Continued

Part No.	Name Of Part List Pr	e Part No.	Name Of Part List Price	Part No.	Name Of Part List Price
Q 517 Q 543	Tumbler Lever Hinge	*SP 416 (SP 441)	5/16-18x1" Socket Hd. Cap Screw (3) .15	*SP 524 (SP 521)	3/8 x 1/2 Socket Set Screw
Q 544 *Q 405 (Q 462)		86 *SP 424 (SP 462)	Cap Screw (mounting	*SP 213 (SP 259)	10-24x3/8 Rd. H. Mach. Screw (15) .03
	Plunger	.5		*SP 1517 (SP 1227)) ½ x½ Groov-pin T1 (1)
SP 500		06) ½ x1¼ Groov-pin T1 (1)	*SP 846 (Q 468)	5%''-18 Special Nut (1)
	1/8 x 7/8 Groov-pin	*SP 1521 (SP 1231) 1/8 x1 Groov-pin T1 (1)	*SP 1530 (Q 464)	Thumb Paddle Stop Pin (1)

*Indicates a combined assembly, or any change in part or design. Order part by the number in bracket ()

SPINDLE SPEEDS

Standard and Quick Change

BACK GEAR	DIRECT
50	250
73	437
134	700

SPINDLE SPEEDS

BACK GEAR	DIRECT	HIGH DIRECT
50	250	870
73	437	1460
134	701	2400

Metric Transposing Gears, quadrant, metal gear chart and additional change gears for cutting from .2 to 6. MM pitch threads on Clausing Standard lathes. CATALOG NO. 1037 \$12.00

Metric Transposing gears, quadrant, metal gear chart and change gears for cutting from .75 to 6. MM pitch threads on Clausing Quick Change lathes. CATALOG NO. 1038

Standard gear cover to replace Quick Change gear cover (needed on converted Quick CATALOG NO. DL115-S DL-117.

Inconverting an English Quick Change Lathe, much of the quick change feature is lost. This is not characteristic of the Clausing lathe, only, but all regular quick

METRIC PARTS FOR EITHER STANDARD OR **OUICK CHANGE LATHES**

M-110	Metric	Cross Slide Lead Screw, 2 MM pitch	\$2.25
M-111	Metric	Cross Slide Lead Screw Nut	\$1.00
M-114	Metric	Compound Lead Screw 2 MM Pitch	\$1.25
M-115	Metric	Compound Lead Screw Nut	\$.75
M 119	Metric	Micrometer Collars	\$.50
1/1-112	Metric		

Cut "Near" Metric Threads Without Conversion Gears

By using a 17-tooth or a 23-tooth stud gear, a number of "near" metric threads can be cut on a Clausing quick change lathe without the use of conversion gears. These threads are not exact but are useable for commercial purposes. If you desire to cut these threads, use the following schedule:

Use Stud Gear	Set Gear Box	Actual Result	Inread:	
With:	to Cut:	Will be:	Use for MM	
			g.	
17-teeth	4 threads	$5.997~\mathrm{MM}$	6.	
23-teeth	6½ threads	4.993 MM	5.	
17-teeth	6 threads	$3.998 \mathrm{MM}$	4.	
17-teeth	8 threads	2.998 MM	3.	
23-teeth	13 threads	$2.496~\mathrm{MM}$	2.5	
17-teeth	12 threads	1.999 MM	2.	
17-teeth	16 threads	1.499 MM	1.5	
23-teeth	26 threads	1.248 MM	1.25	
17-teeth	24 threads	.999 MM	1.	
17-teeth	32 threads	.749 MM	.75	
17-teeth	48 threads	.499 MM	.5	
M-118 17-tooth C	Jear	4	\$1.80	
M-119 23-tooth	Gear		2.00	

Full Information, Please . . .

YOU can be assured of the best possible service on replacement parts if you give full information regarding the part or parts wanted. Give the part number, name of part, and price. Always give serial number of your lathe—you will find number stamped on top of bed at tailstock end. All SP numbers in this book indicate standard parts, such

as bolts and nuts, and we ask that such parts be obtained locally if possible. The minimum order on SP items is twenty-five cents, unless purchased with other parts, in which case the price of 3 or 6 cents prevails. If SP items alone are ordered, they should total the 25-cent minimum. All prices apply only to replacement parts—prices cannot be used in calculating the price of any assembly "less" certain parts.

CLAUSING MFG. CO.

235 RICHMOND AVENUE OTTUMWA, IOWA, U.S.A.

LAUSING

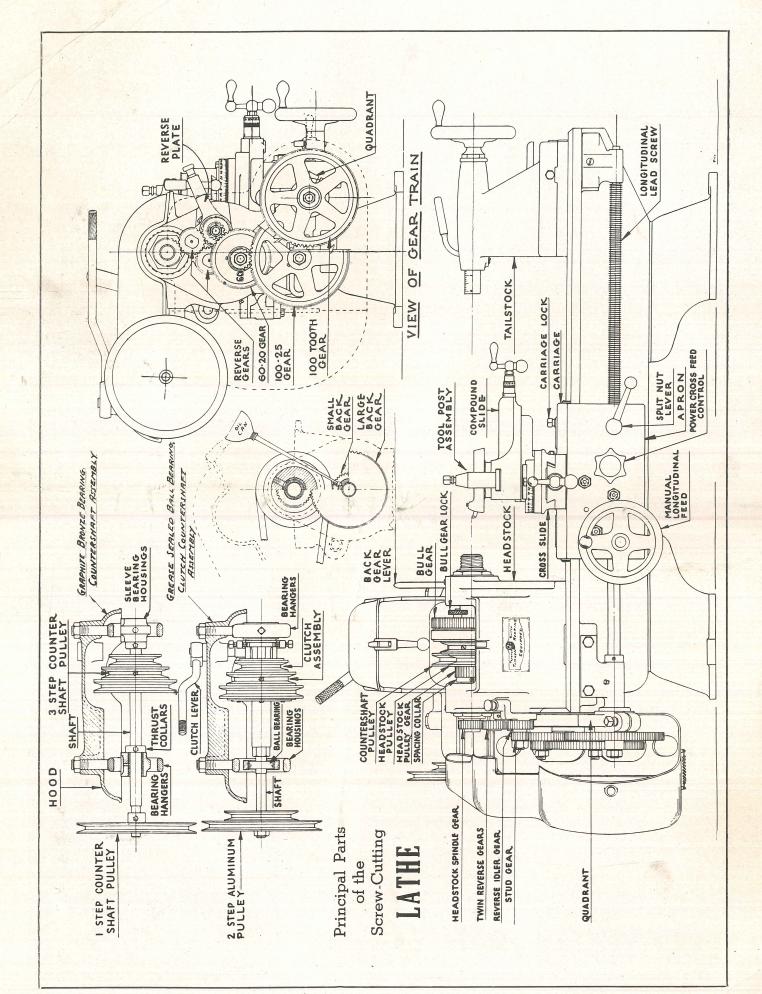
INSTRUCTIONS **PARTS LIST**

THIS book is valuable. Read it carefully before installing or operating your lathe.

CLAUSING MFG. CO.

235 Richmond Ave., Ottumwa, Iowa-U. S. A.

Four Models: **★ STANDARD** * DUAL * QUICK CHANGE ** DUAL QUICK CHANGE ... All 12-Inch Swing **Back-Geared Screw-Cutting** ... with Modifications to Fit Every Turning Need



INSTALLATION

HOW TO MOUNT YOUR CLAUSING LATHE AND CHECK FOR ACCURACY

YOU have purchased a precision screw-cutting lathe. It is well designed, carefully made and convenient to operate. Properly installed and given reasonable attention, it will hold its inbuilt accuracy over a considerable period of years.

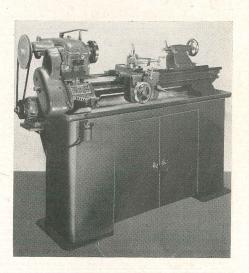
SETTING ALL Clausing lathes have four-

SETTING ALL Clausing lathes have four-point mounting and can be installed on any level wood or metal bench top of suitable size. If a wood top is used, it should be no less than 11/8 inches thick, select stock. A bench top height of 28 to 30 inches is correct. Fastenings should be % inch through bolts or lag screws. The bed bolts must not be pulled down tight on a rough or warped bench since "drawing down" to make contact with such a surface will distort the lathe bed. The lathe bed itself must be absolutely level, for otherwise its weight will cause distortion causing the lathe to turn and bore taper. Check carefully with a precision level, crosswise at both ends of the bed and lengthwise at the center. Adjust by placing thin metal shims under either the lathe itself or the bench or legs on which it is mounted. Take time and pains on the installation if you want your lathe to be accurate.

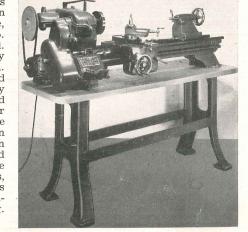
CLAUSING Standard and MOTOR Quick Change Lathes operate AND satisfactorily with a 1/4 or 1/3 SWITCH h.p., 1725 r.p.m. motor. The Dual and Dual Quick Change require 1/3 or 1/2 h.p., this being necessary for power on the higher speeds. A capacitor type motor is ideal since it permits easy installation of a reversing switch, but any type of motor except split phase can be used. The motor is mounted at the rear of the lathe, on or below the bench top. It is advisable to use two or three $\frac{1}{8}$ inch shims under the motor to permit belt adjustment, since any belt will stretch a little through wear. The logical place for the motor switch is on the left side where it is out of the way and less likely to be turned on accidentally. A reversing switch (Cat. No. 2050) is preferable since there are many jobs in tapping, grinding, etc., where it is necessary or convenient to reverse the spindle. However, a plain on-off switch of any type is practical for most work.

OILING FOLLOW the oiling chart that is enclosed with this booklet. Even before you use the lathe for the first time, oil all the places indicated on the chart. No. 10 motor oil or equivalent should be used. Oil regularly and completely—it is the only way to keep your lathe in good condition.

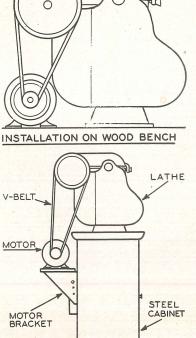
Wipe the bed and all polished parts of the lathe with an oily rag at frequent intervals. Hand in hand with oil goes the matter of cleanliness. Keep your lathe clean — oil and dirt form an abrasive compound which can easily damage carefully fitted bearing surfaces. If your lathe is out of use for long intervals, the use of a canvas cover is advisable to prevent the formation of surface dirt or rusting.

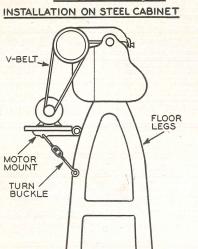


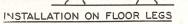
THE factory test card attached to CHECKING ACCURACY your lathe is a record of accuracy tests made immediately before shipment. Your lathe is identified by a serial number stamped on end of bed. A record of accuracy tests on each lathe is kept on file at the factory, and any reference to the accuracy of your lathe should mention the serial number. Most shops do not have the precision equipment necessary to recheck fully on accuracy tests, but under normal conditions of shipment the test figures can be accepted at face value. A worthwhile recheck which tests the alignment of headstock with bed can be made as shown in lower left diagram. Unless the headstock is perfectly parallel with the bed, the lathe will turn tapered work. Chuck a piece of steel 1 inch or more in diameter, letting it project about 4 inches from chuck. Turn the piece so that shoulders are formed at either end. Measuring with micrometer should show both shoulders the same diameter. Providing the chuck jaws are parallel, any error over .001 inch is probably

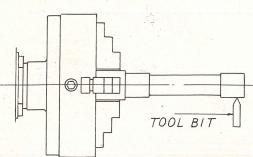


caused by distortion of the lathe bed

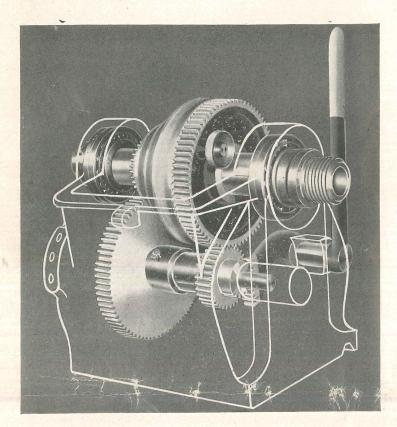








HOW TO OPERATE AND **OPERATION** ADJUST CLAUSING DUAL AND STANDARD LATHES



in mounting, and a careful recheck should be made. Rechecking the crosslide accuracy is easily done by taking a light cut across the faceplate and then testing the plate with a straight edge.

CTANDARD and Dual Lathes are back-geared, I screw-cutting lathes with independent gears which are substituted as needed in gear train to obtain proper carriage speed for a certain number of threads

per inch or a corresponding rate of travel for turning. The Standard model has plain, sleeve bearing countershaft while the Dual has ball bearing countershaft fitted with friction clutch.

In other respects the two lathes are the same.

HEADSTOCK

mechanism of the lathe. The headstock spindle is fitted with a three-step pulley so that three direct-drive speeds-250, 437 and 700

r.p.m.—can be obtained by shifting the drive belt. Automatic slacking of the belt when the hood is lifted makes belt shifting easy. The back gears are mounted below the spindle, and when these are engaged it is possible to obtain three back gear speeds-50, 73 and 134 r.p.m.

HOW BACK

REFER to the photo at top GEARS WORK of page for an understanding of the various spindle speeds. The large gear on the spindle is the bull gear, and it is keyed solidly to the spindle. The small gear on the spindle is fastened securely to the pulley and the combined gear-pulley floats on the spindle, that is, the spindle does not drive it. Now, when you want direct drive it is necessary to clamp the bull

gear to the pulley by turning the bull gear thumb wheel in a clockwise direction. The bull gear then turns with the pulley and the bull gear drives the spindle. To go into back gear raise the hood. Revolve the headstock pulley by hand until the thumb wheel comes up. Turn the thumb wheel counter clockwise until the bull gear is free of the headstock pulley. Next, pull the back gear lever forward. It is usually necessary to rock the headstock pulley in order to get the gears into mesh. The drive is now from countershaft to headstock pulley, but the pulley does not drive the spindle. Instead, the motion is transferred to the large back gear via the small spindle gear. The small back gear drives the bull gear and the bull gear drives

Refer to your own lathe. Note the oil cup on back gear shaft quill. Get a long spout oil can so that you can lubricate this weekly as required. Note, at back of headstock, the square head set screw which stops shift arm when back gears are in full mesh. Maintain this adjustment.

THE spindle has a ¾ inch through hole ground to No. 3 Morse taper HEADSTOCK SPINDLE at inboard end. All accessories

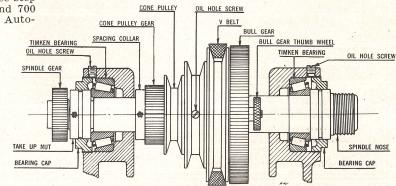
with No. 3 Morse taper shank can be used. Standard equipment includes a Morse No. 3 to 2 reducing sleeve. You should make a knock-out rod to remove centers from spindle. The rod should be brass, bronze or hardwood, 34 inch diameter by 12 inches long. The spindle nose is threaded to receive faceplates and chucks. Do not slam chucks on, as they are then sometimes difficult to remove. Ordinarily, the chuck can be removed with a light sharp tug on the chuck wrench. If this fails, lock the bull gear to headstock pulley and draw the back gears into mesh. This locks the spindle. Then, using a wood block and hammer, tap gently on the jaws of the chuck.

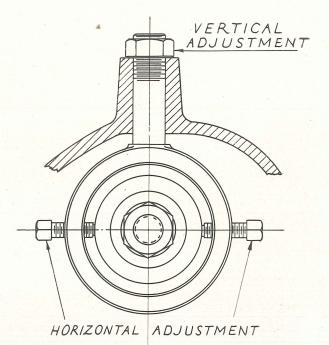
BEARING ADJUSTMENT

WHEN the lathe chatters easily and the spindle seems to be loose, tighten the bearings. Do this by

removing spindle gear on outboard end of spindle. Then remove bearing cap. Loosen the set screw that holds the take-up collar nut. With a metal rod, turn the take-up collar until the spindle has a slight drag. Reassemble.







CHANGING **HEADSTOCK** BELT

IF AN endless belt is to be fitted it is necessary to remove the spindle. First, remove gear on outboard end of spindle. Remove both bearing caps. Unscrew

take-up nut completely. Loosen the set screw in spacing collar. With a block of wood for pad, drive the spindle forward. The rear bearing will slide off the spindle. Do not let it drop or become dirty. Put a block of wood between the bull gear hub and the headstock casting so that all the pressure will be on the hub, and continue driving spindle forward. As the spindle is driven forward, the spacing collar, pulley and bull gear are stripped off. Fit the belt over the pulley and reassemble. Previous to knocking down the spindle in this manner, it is necessary to fit the belt over the countershaft. This is easily done by loosening the two hanger bolts to permit complete removal of the

countershaft. A much simpler alternate method of replacing belt is to use Cat. No. 1154 Veelos V-Belt. This is a link type belt of proven merit and has the advantage that it can be fitted without removal of spindle.

TAILSTOCK THE tailstock is used to hold the dead end of the work and can be set at any point along the bed. It is securely clamped in place by means of the toggle wrench provided. The tailstock can be set over for turning tapers by loosening the set over bolt on one side and tightening the set over bolt on the opposite side. The bed clamp should be released before doing this. Use the index marks when returning the tailstock to normal center position, or, for precision work, run a test turning and check both ends of work with micrometer, adjusting tailstock accordingly. The tailstock spindle is locked by friction plates worked by a handle at rear of tailstock. The handle is pushed forward to lock and pulled back to release. The travel necessary for release is stopped by a pin, which prevents the handle from making unnecessary revolutions. The handle fits over a cone and can be adjusted by loosening nut and then rotating handle so that locking point comes slightly forward of center.

SLEEVE BEARING COUNTERSHAFT adjusted in all di-

INSPECT your own lathe. Note that the countershaft can be rections. In making vertical adjustment, be sure to loosen the set screw in hood which

locks one bearing hanger in place. The horizontal adjustment is used most, since this controls belt tension. Keep the countershaft parallel with the headstock spindle for proper belt tracking.

THE clutch countershaft runs on COUNTERSHAFT ball bearings which should be kept well lubricated (see page 7 for com-

plete oiling instructions.) When clutch fails to pull it can be adjusted by tightening the nut on expanding clutch hub, as shown in drawing on page 9, locking the adjustment with second nut. Do not tighten clutch excessively as this puts an unnecessary load on the mechanism.

Proper belt tension can be obtained by adjusting the countershaft backward or forward inside the bearing hangers. Bearing hangers can also be raised or lowered after releasing set screw in hood and screw holding shift lever.

STANDARD The longitudinal feed is engaged by pulling up on the lever at right end of apron which closes split nut on lead screw. APRON

Make certain that the split nut is fully closed—partial closing will ride the edges of the thread and can do damage. The power cross feed is engaged by turning star wheel in center of apron. Here, again, make certain that you engage the gears fully. No harm is done if the long and cross feed are engaged at the same time. Your tool bit will then travel at about a 45 degree angle. The hand longitudinal feed is through a gear train which engages rack on underside of bed.

THREAD THE thread dial shows when to close the split nut when cutting threads so that the DIAL tool bit will not split the thread but always

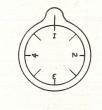
track in the same groove. Each numbered division of the thread dial represents 1 inch of carriage travel. Engagement of the feed takes place when certain marks on the dial come opposite the witness mark. If the dial should get out of alignment causing marks to register a little to one side of index mark, adjust by rotating gear slightly after loosening set screw (see drawing on page 12).

CARRIAGE GIBS are used at back and front of carriage to prevent climbing. The back gib is adjusted by backing off the two hex nuts a half turn, after which the actual adjustment is made with the slot head adjusting screws. The front gib is adjusted by turning the

socket head crew at left end of carriage. At the right side of carriage is the clamp bolt which locks the carriage in one spot so that it cannot creep when facing or cutting off. The carriage is locked for shipment and the clamp bolt must be loosened before using longitudinal hand or power feed.

SLIDE THIS is the top part of carriage consisting of a cross slide and REST compound slide. The cross slide gib should be adjusted for a free-running fit, while the compound should be very stiff. The compound slide is fastened to the cross slide by two bolts held in T slots in the circular base. By loosening the nuts on these bolts, the compound can be rotated. A scale on circular base reading 90 degrees on each side of center shows the degrees of rotation. When using such units as the milling attachment, the compound is removed entirely. This is done by loosening the two nuts, at the same time lifting up on the compound until it comes free.

SPEED of carriage travel can GEAR be set to obtain any number of TRAIN threads per inch or a similar inch-per-rev travel for power feed. A thread chart attached to gear cover shows how gear train is set up for various threads. The chart shows the carriage feed in threads per inch. The corresponding feed-per-rev is given in box in center of page. This applies to both cross and long feed. As shipped from factory, you will find gear train in "D" position, as shown in drawing. The 60 and 20-tooth idler gears are supplied as a combination gear, which simplifies setting up. The 25 and 100-tooth idler is likewise a



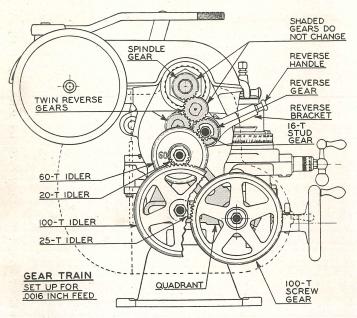
How To Use THREAD DIAL

EVEN THREADS . . if same as lead screw or any multiple, that is, 8 16, 24, etc., engage at will with out reference to thread dial

EVEN THREADS . . . other than above, engage on any line of the dial. ODD THREADS . . . are cut by engaging on any of the numbered lines.

HALF THREADS . . . such as 41/2, engage on 1 and 3 or 2 and 4, but not

QUARTER THREADS ... such as 534, use any mark and return to the same mark for each cut.



Gear train of standard lathe in D position Box at right shows feed of carriage per revolution of work at various thread positions.

combination. All other gears are single, including the twelve change gears. You will note from thread chart that the gear train can be set up in any of four positions. In each position, the idler gear arrangement is the same but the stud and screw gears change. The idler gears are fitted over bushings, each bushing holding two gears. Two gears must always be mounted on each bushing regardless of whether or not they mesh in the train. Proper clearance for the various gear trains is obtained by sliding the gear bolts in the slotted arms of quadrant, also by loosening the quadrant bolt so that the whole arrangement can be swung up or down as needed. A slight amount of clearance between meshing gears should be allowed to prevent binding.

MECHANISM

RIGHT hand threads are cut with carriage moving toward the headstock; left hand threads are cut when carriage moves toward tailstock. The direction of travel is controlled

by the reverse handle, which has three positions—up, down and center. In center position the gear train is disengaged. In upper position, the carriage moves toward tailstock, or, the crossfeed is from front to back. The "down" position moves carriage toward headstock, or, crossfeed from back to front. These movements apply only to A, C and D gear train positions. When in position "B," the direction of travel is reversed.

	Gear	Feed
Threads	Position	per Rev.
600	D	.0016 inch
300	D	.0033 inch
240	D	.0041 inch
200	D	.0059 inch
160	D	.0062 inch
120	C	.0083 inch
112	C	.0089 inch
104	C	.0096 inch
96	C	.0104 inch
92	C	.0109 inch
88	C	.0114 incl
80	C	.0125 inch
72	C	.0139 inch

OPERATION

CLAUSING QUICK CHANGE LATHES

CIMILAR to the Standard lathe in many respects, I the main differences in the Quick Change lathe are found at gear box and apron. Instead of having a stack of loose gears like the Standard lathe, all of the change gearing for the Quick Change lathe is enclosed in a gear box, and selection is made by means of two handles. The apron is considerably more complicated in design, the principal addition being a friction clutch.

POWER FEED

LONG TUDINAL LONG power feed is first set by pulling the shift handle located at center of apron to "out" position.

This in itself does not move the carriage, but only sets up the required gearing for long feed. If the gears do not mesh readily, rock the handwheel handle. Actual carriage movement is then obtained by turning the clutch star wheel in a clockwise direction. Carriage movement can be stopped instantly by releasing the clutch. The carriage can be made to move in either direction along the bed by using the reversing mechanism at headstock. When the reverse handle is up, the carriage will move toward tailstock.

POWER cross feed is set by pushing shift handle to "in" position. If the gears do not CROSS mesh readily, rock the hand cross feed handle. Actual carriage movement is then obtained by engaging the clutch. The carriage can be made to move either forward or back by means of the reverse lever. When the reverse handle is up, the cross feed is toward the back of the lathe.

THREAD WHEN cutting threads, the carriage movement is controlled by the split nut lever. The friction clutch shift handle is first moved to center position, which puts the power feed in neutral position. The split nut lever at right end of apron can then be pulled up to lock the split nut around the lead screw for carriage movement. The carriage can be made to travel either right or left by using the reverse lever on headstock. When reverse lever is up, the carriage moves toward headstock, cutting a right hand thread. It will be noted that the carriage movement is opposite to that obtained when using friction

REMOVING IT IS good practice to remove the apron at regular intervals for cleaning and APRON inspection. To do this, remove the four

socket head screws holding apron to saddle. Then, by lightly shaking the apron, it can be tilted forward, and this alone is often sufficient dismantling. If, however, it is necessary to remove apron entirely, first remove bracket holding end of lead screw. After tilting apron forward, it can be pushed to right until free of lathe. In reassembling, rock the handwheel and cross feed handles to get gears into mesh; also be sure that locating pins are seated before drawing up socket head screws.

THE gear box houses all of the change gearing GEAR of the quick change lathe, and permits forty-eight different rates of carriage feed. All of the changes are tabulated on the thread chart attached to front of gear box. For example of setting, say that you want to cut 32 threads per inch. First, find 32 on the thread chart. Note that the sliding gear must be out, so pull gear out. Locate the hole in front of gear box directly below the column in which 32 appears. Release the tumbler lever by depressing the thumb lever, then drop the tumbler lever down and slide it over below the required hole. Pull up on the tumbler lever and release the thumb lever to let plunger snap into hole. Finally, note that clutch shift handle must be in "center" position. You are now ready to cut 32 threads per inch. The design of the Clausing gear box permits changing gears while the lathe is running, and this procedure is recommended. If gear box set-up is made with lathe not running, rotate the lead screw with your fingers to get the gears into mesh.

AFTER setting up the lathe, removed fixed GEAR guard at outboard end of headstock and inspect gear train. All gears in the train are permanent and are not removed except for repair or adjustment. The twin reversing gear is the same as standard lathe. The knurled sleeve at center of train is the sliding gear handle. This fits over a stud and can be pushed to "in" or "out" positions. The gear train with sliding gear in is eight times as fast as with sliding gear out. While the guard is off, touch the gears lightly with graphite grease. Note the various oiling points.

TAILSTOCK THE tailstock is the same as Standard Lathe. The spindle is locked by friction plates worked by a handle at rear of tailstock, the handle being pushed forward to lock and pulled back to release. The handle fits over a cone and can be adjusted by loosening nut and then rotating handle so that locking point comes slightly forward of center.

NEW operators are advised to experiment a FEED little with the gear box to become acquainted RATE with feed rates. Start by setting the gear box for 32 threads, which gives a corresponding power feed of .0046 inch per revolution of work. This is a medium feed. It will take off quite a heavy chip with any style of roughing or turning bit; also, with square nose bit it is a good feed rate for finishing. With the lathe running, swing the clutch handle to left position, and the carriage feed rate will be immediately cut in half. Swing the clutch handle to right position, and the feed rate will be halved again. Now, stop the lathe. Push sliding gear in. Let the clutch handle remain in "right" position. Start the lathe. You will now find the tool bit taking a rough bite of .009 inch per revolution of work. This is about as fast a carriage feed as is ever needed in regular turning. However, just to observe the action, you can swing the clutch handle to left and then center. Don't take a deep cut in these positions, since the carriage really "walks." The very finest feed obtainable with the gear box is at the 224-thread position, where the carriage barely creeps at .0006 inch per revolution of work -sixty times slower and finer than the fastest carriage feed rate. The cross feeds are slower than corresponding long feeds, the exact ratio being 3/10 to 1. Expressed in round figures, the cross feed is three times as slow as the corresponding long feed, or one-third the long feed as shown on chart. For example, with gear box set for long feed of .0046 inch, the cross feed will be about .0015 inch per revolution of work. Here, again, a little experimenting will quickly acquaint the operator with the various feed rates which can be used.

OILING Your

Quick Change LATHE

USE the lubrication chart of Standard Lathe (enclosed) as a general guide. Regular motor oil, No. 10 or 20, is recommended for all oiling. Additions to or changes in the oiling system are as

GEAR TRAIN: All oiling points behind guard can be reached through holes drilled in guard. Sliding gear is oiled through hole in end of handle. Quadrant gear has Zerk fitting and should be shot with grease gun monthly, using automotive chassis grease. Screw gear has oil cup fitted on quadrant. Oil cup on reverse handle and oiling holes at ends of reverse gear studs are same as Standard Lathe.

GEAR BOX: Two oil cups on top of box permit oil to drip on gear cone which distributes it generally to all moving parts. Gears can be greased if desired, working from under open side of gear box. Five ball bearings at shaft ends are packed with grease; inspect at intervals of six months by removing covers and repack as needed.

APRON: Oil cup on face of apron leads to reservoir which supplies lubrication for entire apron. Initial filling is most easily done by loosening screws in saddle and tilting apron forward, or, running oil into crankcase through opening at back of apron behind handwheel. Fill to overflow level of oil cup, 12 oz. (34 pint) of oil required. Maintain level by periodic oiling through oil cup. Crankcase can be drained by removing plugs at bottom of apron.

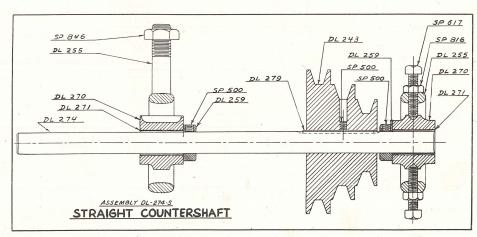
CLUTCH COUNTERSHAFT: Oil holes in each bearing housing should have shot of oil every twenty hours. Pulley is oiled by removing set screw—give several shots of oil every ten hours. Keep slip ring of clutch closer oiled.

REPLACEMENT PARTS • STANDARD AND QUICK CHANGE

STANDARD AND LATHES

STRAIGHT COUNTERSHAFT

Part No.	Name Of Part List	Price
DL 243	3-Step Pulley .\$	4.80
*DL 255 (DL 25	5-S) Bearing Hanger	
	Assembly (2)	1.50
DL 259	Spac. Collar (2)	.30
*DL 270 (DL 27	0-S) Bearing Housing	
	Assem., DL 270,	
	DL, 271 (2)	1 30
DL 271	Bronze Bushing	
	$(2) \dots \dots \dots$ Countershaft	.73
DL 274	Countershaft	1.2
DL 274-S	Complete Coun-	
	tershaft	
DL 279	Cone Pulley Key	.10
DL 304	3/16" Drive Pul-	
001	ley Key	.06
SP 500	1/4 ''-20x 1/4 '' Sock-	
SF 500	et set screw (2)	.08
*SP 617 (SP 618	5/16"-18x1-34"	
	Sq. Hd. Set	.0:
	Screw (2)	.0.
*SP 816 (SP 846	5) 5/16"-18 Hex.	
	Jam Nuts (4) .	.0:
*SP 846 (SP 876	5%"-18 Hex. Jam	
- 010 (2- 0.0	Nuts (2)	0:
SP 616	5/16"-18x1¼"	
ST OTO	Sq. Hd. Set	
	Screw (2)	.03
	DOLLOW (A)	.0.

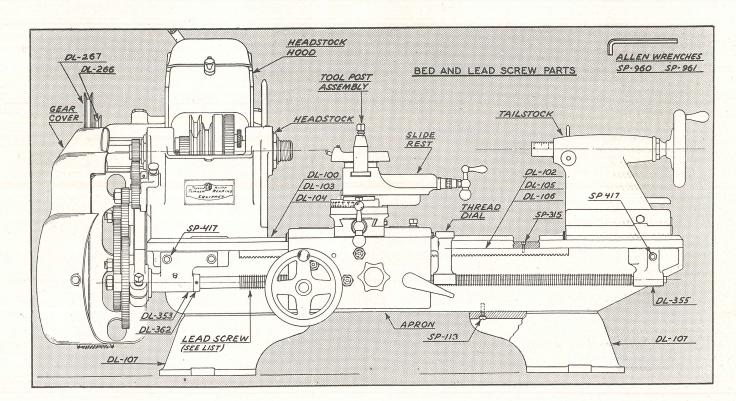


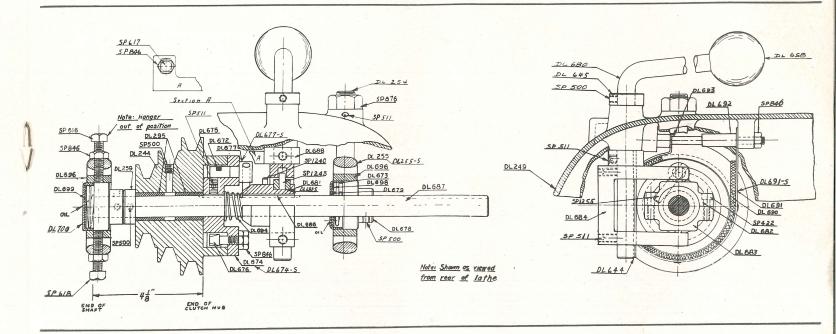
REPLACEMENT PARTS CONTINUED ON FOLLOWING PAGES

REPLACEMENT PARTS Continued

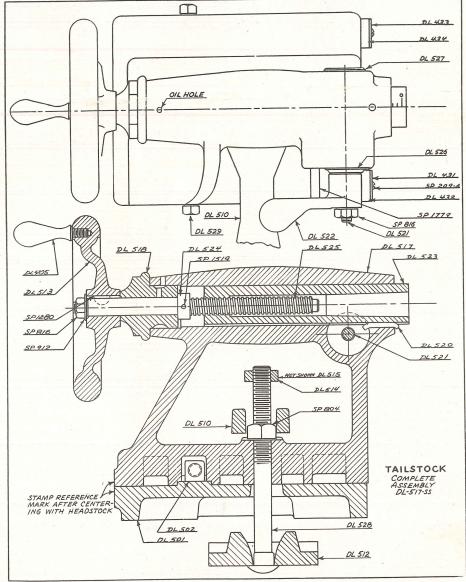
Part No.	Name Of Part List Pric	Part No.	Name Of Part List F	Price	Part No.	Name Of Part List	t Pric
BED ANI	D LEAD SCREW 36" Bed\$ 60.00	*SP 417 (SP441)	5/16" - 18x1" Soc. Hd Cap Screw (3) Std. (1)		DL 681-S	Clutch Pusher Assembly, DL 681, DL 682	3.6
DL 100 DL 102 DL 103	36" Rack 3.60 18" Bed 45.00	*SP 960 (SP990)	Q. C	.15	DL 682-S	Slip Ring Assembly, DL 681, DL 682	1.2
DL 104 DL 105	24" Bed 51.00 18" Rack 2.70	"SP 961 (SF991)	5/16" Allen Wrench	.10	DL 684	Clutch Pusher U Arm	1.0
DL 106 DL 107	24" Rack 3.00 Bed Feet 2) 3.00	CLUTCH	COUNTERSHAFT	•	DL 686 DL 687	Countershaft Key Clutch Shaft	.0
DL 110 DL 111 *DL 266 (DL 211)	18" Lead Screw 6.00 24" Lead Screw 6.60 2 Step Aluminum	1111 212	3/16" Sq. Key For Alum. Pulley (Not Shown)\$.06	DL 687-S	Complete Clutch Assembly, (Less Hood)	45.7
	Pulley 34'' Bore (Clutch Counter- shaft) 9.00	DL 244-S	Pulley & Bushing Assembly, (DL 244. DL 295)	7.00	DL 688 DL 691-S	Brake Push Arm Brake Band Lining	1.0
*DL 267 (DL 211) *DL 267 (DL 303)) 8" Steel Pulley 34" Bore (Std. coun-	DL 255-S	Bearing Hanger,	1.50	DL 692 DL 693	Brake Bolt Brake Push Rod	.0
DL 268	tershaft) 3.50 1-34'' Pulley, ½'' Bore	DL 295	Spacing Collar . Pulley Bushing .	.25	DL 694 DL 696	Anti-engage Spring Bearing Housing	.1 1.0
DL 269	1-¾'' Pulley, ¾'' Bore4	DL 672	Clutch Ring Spring Felt Retaining	.15	DL 698	Felt Washer (Open End)	.0
TD 107	1-¾'' Pulley, 5%'' Bore4		Ring	.10	DL 699	Felt Washer (Closed End)	.0
DL 280-S	1-34''-5'' Pulley, 1/2'' Bore 3.00		Hub	2.50	DL 700	Closed Bearing Cover	.2
DL 281-S	1-¾''-5'' Pulley, 5%'' Bore 3.00		sembly, DL 672, DL 674, DL		DL 700-S	Ball Bearing Hous- ing Assembly (Closed, DL 700,	
DL 282-S	1-¾''-5'' Pulley, ¾'' Bore 3.00 Leadscrew Brack-		675, DL 676, DL	6.50		DL 698, DL 696, DL 678, DL 673	2.0
DL 353 DL 355	et (Head) 2.1	DL 675	Expanding Clutch	1.40	DL 680-S	Clutch Lever & Ball Assembly, DL 680, DL 658	1.5
DL 356	et (Tail)60 36" Leadscrew	DL 676	Expanding Clutch Adjusting Bolt .	.50	DL 658 DL 644	Clutch Shift Ball Shift Shaft Key	.6
DL 362	(Std.) 7.5 Leadscrew Collar .4	DE 011 ~		1.25	SP 616	5/16-18x1¼'' Sq. Hd. Set Screw (2)	.0
DL 555 Q 442	6" Face Plate 1.7 18" Leadscrew . 6.0		Ball Bearing	2.25	SP 618	5/16-18x1-34" Sq. Hd. Set Screw (2)	
Q 443 Q 444	24" Leadscrew . 6.6" 36" Leadscrew . 7.50		Cover Ball Bearing	.35	*SP 617 (SP 618)	5/16-18x1-34" Sq. Hd. Set Screw (1)	
*SP 113 (SP190)	5/16" - 18x7/s Phillips Fill Hd. Screws (8) 0	22 010 2	Housing Assembly, DL 679, DL 696, DL 699, DL	1 00	SP 846 SP 876	5/16-18 Hex. Jam Nut (7) 5%''-18 Hex. Jam	.0
*SP 315 (SP376)	10 - 24x½" Fill. Hd. Mach. Screw	DL 681	Expanding Clutch	2.50	SP 500	Nut (2) '4''-20x'4'' Sock- et Set Screw (11)	.0

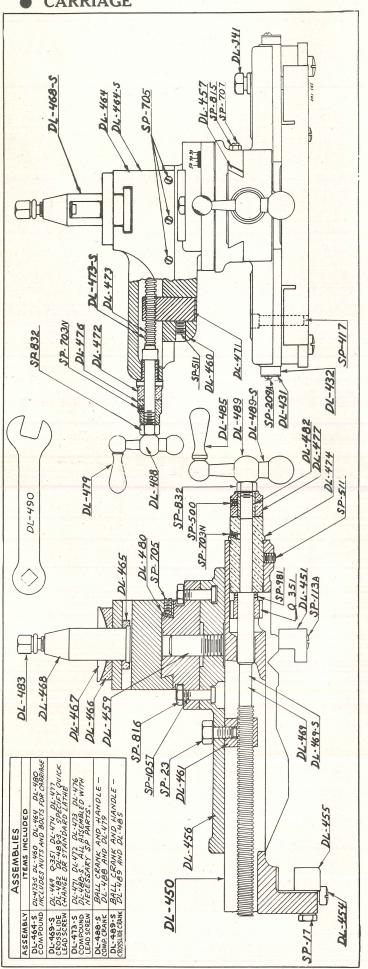
*Indicates a combined assembly, or any change in part or design. Order part by the number in bracket ().





Part No.			Name	Of	Par	ī.	List	Pri
*SP 511	(SP	510)	So	Cke	t Se	Asser	rew	
SP 511			5/:	7. (! 16"	2) -18x t Set	3/8 "		.1
			(4					.1
		TA	ILST	'n	CK			
DT 405					whee	1 11	on	
DL 405	,		dle				\$	
DL 431				ash	lar S	steel		
DL 432	2		A		lar 1	Felt		
DL 433	3		Se	mi-	circu	lar S	steel	
DT 49/				ash	er .	lar	Felt	٠١
DL 434	t		***	•				
DL 510)		Ta	ailst	ock	Wre	nch	
DL 513			Ha	indy	whee	&]	Han-	
DL 513	2-88		dle	e A	ssen	DIY	Lead-	2.
DH 916	טמ-נ		SC	rew	Ass	emb	ly,	
			DI	L51	3-S,			
				25-S				5.
DL 51'	7-SS				& E		m 517,	
			51	0-8	, 52	9 .		19.
DL 51	7-SS		Co	mp!	lete	Tails	stock	42.
DL 518	3		Ta	ailst	tock	But	ton	1.
DL 520					le K			
DL 52	L		Bo		le I	JOCK		
DL 525	2				le L	ock		
				eve				
DL 523				pind	lle le L	eads.		8.
DH 5%	T.			olla				
DL 52	5		SI	oind	lle I	ead-		
	- ~			rew			Col	1.
DL 52	5-S				crew		C01-	1.
DL 52	6		F	loat	ing :			
			Bı	ushi	ing			
DL 52'	7				le L	OCK		
DL 52	8		В	ed	Clar	ap 1	Bolt	
DL 52			3/8	3"-9	24x2	- 3/4 "		
					Hd.			
*SP209A	(SE	257)	()	$\frac{2}{327}$	x 1/2 ;;	Rd	Hd.	
			M	ach	. So	rew	(2)	
*SP 804	(SP	894)	N.	11t	(1)			
*SP 816	(SP	846)	5 , Ja	/16 am	''-18 Nut	Hez (1)		
*SP1280	(SP	1277)	1/	8''X	1/2'' Key	Wo	od-	
*SP1519	(SP	1251)	1/2	8 X 3	4'' (T5	Froot	7	
*SP1779	(SP	1245)	1/2	ın 4''X	11/2'	Gr	oov	
SP 83			. 5,	$/16 \cdot$	-18	(1) Hex.		
		1	N	ut	(1)			ohor
* Indica	tes a	comb	ined as n. Or	ssen	ably,	or	any	cnar
in pa	et ()	desig	II. Or	TCI	pall	. wy	mum	DCI





STANDARD AND QUICK CHANGE CARRIAGE

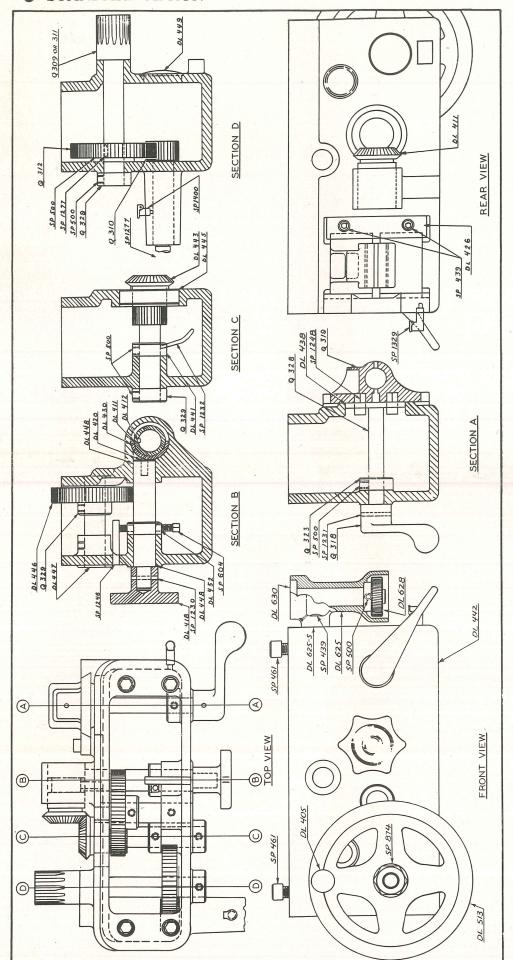
STANDARD	QUICK CHANGE	STANDARD	QUICK CHANGE	STANDARD
Part No.	Name Of Part List Price	Part No.	Name Of Part List Price	Part No.
Q 351	Crosslide Gear\$ 1 00	DL 468		*SP 209-A (SP 257)
DL 341	Lock Bolt	*DL 469 (Q 352)	Crosslide Leadscrew 3 50	*SP 417 (SP 449)
DL 432	Angular Steel Washer (2)06 Angular Felt Washer (2)06	*DL 469-S (Q 351-S)		THE TO
DL 433	Semi-Circular Steel Washer (2) .06	DL 471	Compound Leadsoner Buching 60	*SF 511 (SF 510)
DL 434	ular Felt Washer (2)			SP 500
*DL 450 (Q 350) DI, 451	Carriage Saddle 30 00 Front Gib	DL 473-S	^	SP 1944 (Not Shown
DL 454	al Cap Screw	*DL 474 (Q 353)	_	*SP 703N (SP 500)
DL 455	Back Gib75	DI 427	Crosside Miero Collar	
*DL 456 (DL 458)	Crosslide12.00	DI. 488-8	Rell Create & Hendle Assembly	*SP 705 (SP 797)
DL 457	Crosslide Gib45	2 000 1	DL 488. DL 479 1.90	
DL 459	Crosslide Swivel Post 25	DL 489-S	_	*SP 707 (SP 799)
DL 460	Lower Compound6 00		DL 489, DL 485 2.35	
*DL 461 (DL 453)	Crosslide Leadscrew Nut 1.00	*DL 490 (DL 500)	Tool Post Wrench50	*SP 815 (SP 845)
DL 464	Upper Compound 5.00	*SP 17 (SP 25)	5/16"-18x2" Hex. Cap Screw	*SP 816 (SP 846)
DL 464-S	Compound Assembly 17.50		90	(639 08) 669 08*
DL 465	Tool Post Sq. Washer40	*SP 23 (SP 512)	5/16"-18x1/2" Socket Set Screw	700 18) 700 18
DL 466	Tool Post Ring60	*SP 113-A (SP 149)	5/16-18x7/8 Fill Hd Cap Screw	*SP 981 (SP 1251)
DL 467	Tool Post Rocker60		(1)	*SP 1057 (DL 475)

_
-
- 9
e e
- 2
_
=
+/00
-
4
_
_
-
-
-
4
_
-
- 5
-
_
-
-
- 03
_
-
7
-
~
- 5
_
- 2
=
à
Psign
P
-
-
-
-
-
-
-
-
-
-
n part or de
-
-
-
-
-
nge in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
nge in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d
or any change in part or d

HEADSTOCK HOOD
SP-422 TO HOOD BRACKET SP-513 DL-286-S
DL-288 DL-286 DL-286 SP-310 DL-286 SP-500 SP-500 SP-500 DL-223 DL-223 DL-224 DL-222 DL-224 DL-225
SP-424 DL-319-5
DL-322-5
SP-915 / LL-205
DL-221 SP-500 DL-228 DL-239 DL-226 DL-233 DL-235 DL-228 DL-237 DL-237 DL-237 DL-328 DL
\$P.601 \$P.801 \$P.801
HEADSTOCK DL. 29455

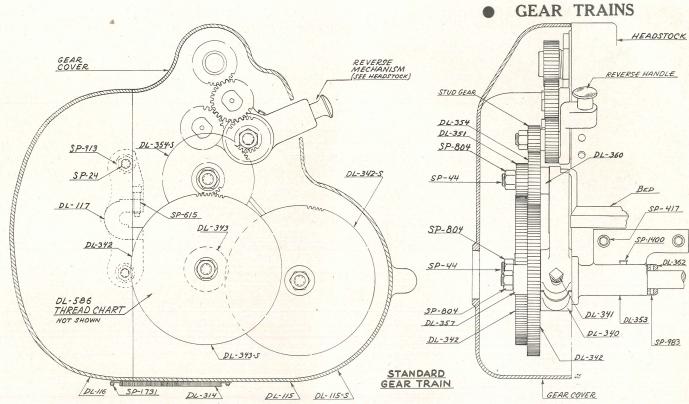
Part No.	Name Of Part List Price	e Part No.		Name Of Part Lis	t Price	Part No.	Name Of Part List Price
H	EADSTOCK	DL 233		Spindle Spacing Collar:	.90	DL 327 DL 328	Stud Gear Shaft 2.0 Stud Gear Shaft
DL 200 DL 200-S	Headstock Body \$ 24.0 Headstock Hood	0 DL 235 DL 237		Timken Bearing Cup (14274) Reducing Sleeve	1.00 3 90	DL 331	Key
	Assembly, DL200, DL207, DL235, DL249,	DL 237		28-T Headstock Gear	2.10	HOOD PAR	TS (Not Shown)
DL 200-SS	DL251, DL252, DL262 35.8 Headstock Complete Inc. Hood,	DL 258		Eccentric Shaft Cover (Exp. Plug) Vee Belt	.20 1.35	DL 207 DL 249 DL 252 DL 246-S	Hood Bracket \$ 2.5 Hood Casting 7.0 Bolt Sleeve (2) Hood Latch As-
	less Reverse As- sembly 108.2			Back Gear Lever	.60	SP 461	sembly 1.4 3/8-16x3/4 socket
DL 202-S	Headstock Cone Pulley Assembly, DL202, Cone	DL 286-S		Back Gear Arm, DL 288, DL 286, DL 287	1.70	SP 37	cap screw (2)
DL 202-SS	Pulley, DL 203 Bushing, DL 205 Gear	DL 291-8		Eccentric Shaft Assembly, DL 299, DL 291	2.73	S. P. PARTS F *SP 22 (SP 32)	FOR HEADSTOCK
DL 202-88	Gear Assembly, DL 202-S, DL	DL 292		Eccentric Shaft Bushing (2)	.60	*SP 42 (SP 61)	hd. cap screw (1) \$.(\frac{1}{2}-13x2 \text{ ditto (1)}
DL 210	218-S 16 5 Headstock Bed Clamp 2	DE 200		Eccentric Shaft Bushing S c r e w (2)	.30	*SP 424 (SP 462) SP 500	3/8 - 16x1 socket set screw (4) .1 1/4 - 20x 1/4 socket
DL 218-S	Bull Gear Assemsembly, DL 218, DL 219, DL 222,	DL 294-S	S	Back Gear Assembly, DL 294-S,		*SP 513 (SP 512)	set screw (2)
ann's	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			DL 296, DL 297 Reverse Bracket	$9.65 \\ 1.80$	SP 620	set screw (2) .1 $5/16-18x2\frac{1}{4}$ sq. hd. set screw
DL 226 DL 227	Take Up nut . 1.8 Rear Bearing Cap	The second		Reverse Gear Assembly, DL 319, DL 326 (2)		*SP 816 (SP 846) *SP 819 (SP 834)	(1)
DL 228	Front Bearing Cap	5		DL 327, DL 328. DL 331, DL 332	10.08	*SP 915 (SP 945)	½ Washer (1) (1/8 x ½ Woodruff
DL 229-S	Headstock Spindle Assembly, DL 229, DL 232 Cone	*DL 322-8	(DL 336	(2)	10.87	*SP 1282 (SP 1277) *SP 1517 (SP 1227)	Key (3)(
	(Timken 14137A) . 13.8	*DL 326	(DL 326	-S) 27-T Gear & Idler Gear Stud.	2.20	*SP 983 (SP 1013)	Pin T1 (5)
DL 232	Rear Bearing Cone (Timken	*DL 332	(DL 326	-S) 27-T Gear & Idler Gear Stud.	2.20	*SP 1400 (SP 1328)	Pin (1) (Gits Straight Oiler (2)

STANDARD APRON

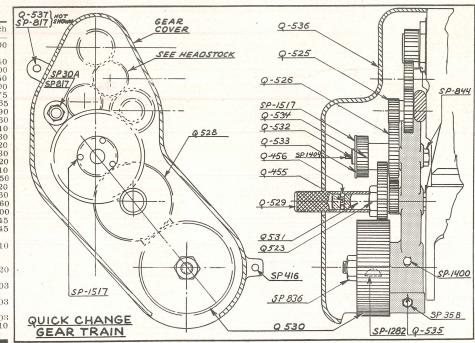


APRON STANDARD

Part No.	Name of Part List Price	Part No.	Name of Part List Price	Part No.	Name of Part List Price	Part No.	Name of Part
1	Handwheel Handle \$ 1.25	DL 443	Bevel Gear & Shaft 6.00	DL 628	Thread Dial Gear 3.00	Q 329	11/16" Shaft
DL 411	Sliding Bevel Gear 4.50	DL 445		DL 630			Collar (4)
DL 412	1/8" Square Key 10				Assembly	SP 439	5/16-18x34
DL 418	Star Wheel45	DL 446	47-T Idler Gear 1.40	DL 694			screw (3)
DL 420	Bevel Gear Shift	DL 447			Countershaft)	SP 461	3/8-16x3/4 socl
	Shaft Pin 10	DL 448			(Not Shown)		screw (4)
	Split Nut Gib 60		Shift Shaft45	0 309	16-T Rack Pinion 3 00	SP 500	1/4 -20x1/4 socke
DL 430	Bevel Gear Shoe45	DL 449		0 310	Handwheel Shaft &		screw (8)
DL 438	Scroll (Includes Q	DL 452	Bevel Gear Stop		pinion 3 00	SF 604	1/4 -20x 3/4 sq. I
	328) 3.50		Collar40	0 311	15-T Back Pinion 3 00		screw (2)
DL 441	Oil Splasher Collar60	DL 513	64	0,312	44-T Cpar	87 874 00 000	72-20 Hex Jan
	Apron Body 18.00	DL 625-8	Thread Dial (Com-	3318	Split Nut Lever 45		5/16" Lock
DL 442-S	Complete Apron Less			0 319	Split Nut	and of the second	(Z-not snown)
	Thread Dial 60.00	DL 625	Thread Dial Body 2.00	Q 323	Idler Gear Stud Collar .30	116 10	(DI, 491)
						SP 1930	-MOOUT %L 4/1



STANDARD GEAR TRAIN Part No. Name of Part Each DL 115 Front Gear Guard \$ DL 115-8 Guard Assembly, DL Nos. 115, 116, 314, 315 ... DL 116 Rear Gear Guard DL 117 Gear Guard Bracket DL 208 100-T Gear Bushing DL 314 Gear Guard Spring DL 315 Gear Guard Hinge (not shown) DL 340 Quadrant 7.40 3.00 1.50 *SP 983 (SP1232) 1/8 x1/4 Groov-pin T7 (2) *SP 983 (SP1232) 1/8 x1/4 Groov-pin T1 (1) *SP 1400 (SP1328) 1/4" Straight Oil Cap



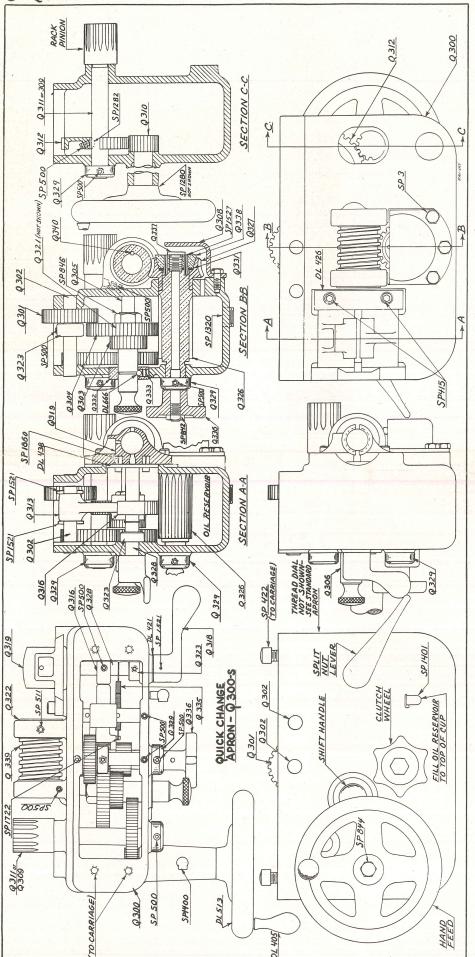
Change Gears

		N(OT SI	HOWN		
DL	577	64	Teeth	\$	1.50	
DL	578	60	Teeth		1.50	
DL	579	56	Teeth		1.50	
DL	580	52	Teeth		1.50	
DL	581	48	Teeth		1.50	
DL	582	46	Teeth		1.50	
DL	583	44	Teeth		1.50	
DL	584	40	Teeth		1.50	
DL	585	32	Teeth	(2 needed)	1.50	
DL	590	36	Teeth		1.50	
DL	591	54	Teeth		1.50	
			100			
OMERCHANISM STREET						-

QUICK CHANGE GEAR TRAIN

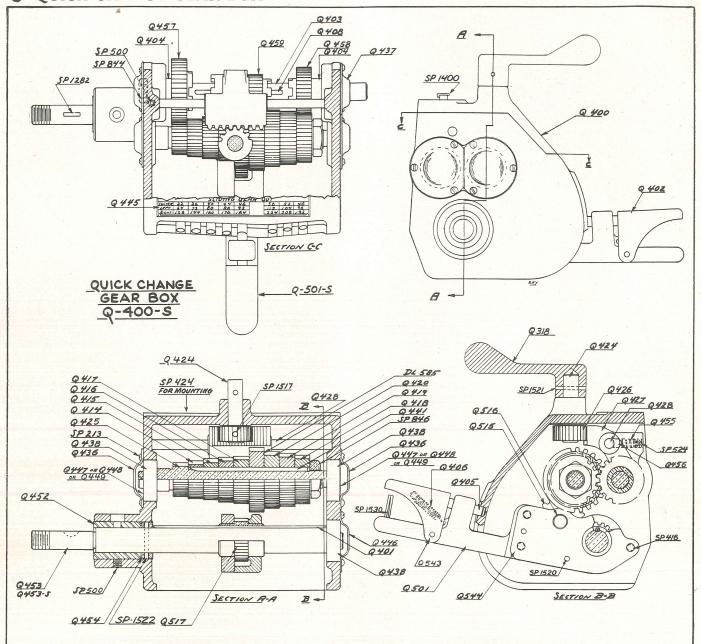
Part No.	Name of Part	Each	Part No. Name of Part Each
Q 455	Sliding Gear Index Spring\$.03	Q 536 Gear Cover\$7.80
Q 456	5/16" Steel Ball	.03	Q 537 Gear Cover Stud
Q 523	11/8" Special Hex Nut	.60	*SP 30-A (SP 40) 3%—16x21/4 hx. cp. scr05
Q 525	18-T Stud Gear	1.80	*SP 30-B (SP 51) 7/16—14x2 hx. cp. scr05
Q 526	72-T Gear	2.60	*SP 416 (SP 441) 5/16—18x1 sck. cp. scr15
Q 528	60-T Gear	1.80	*SP 817 (SP 847) 3/8—16 hx. jm. nt. (3) .03
Q 529	18-T Gear and Handle	4.50	*SP 836 (SP 866) 5%—18 hx. nt06
Q 530	75-T Gear	2.70	*SP 844 (SP 874) ½—20 hx. jm. nt. (2) .03
Q 531	Stud for Sliding Gear	.60	*SP 1282 (SP 1277) 1/8 x 1/2 Key
Q 532	Quadrant Stud Bolt	1.20	*SP 1400 (SP 1328) 1/4 oil cup
Q 533	Sliding Gear Stop Disk	.20	*SP 1404 (SP 1330) 5/16 Zerk
Q 534	30-T Gear and Hub	3.00	SP 1517 (SP 1223) Dr. Scr
Q 535	Quadrant	3.60	SP 943 % wash. (not shown) (3) .06

QUICK CHANGE APRON



Each	.18	.15	.10	01.	.03	.05	.03	.03	.03	.30	.10	.30	.03	.03	.15
Name of Part	5/16-18x7/s socket hd.cap screw(2)	%-16x% socket hd. cap screws(4)	1/4-20x1/4 socket set screw (9)	5/16-18x3% socket set screw	%-24 Hex. Jam nut	1/2-20 Hex. Jam nut	58-18 Hex. Jam nut	1/8 x 1/2 Woodruff Key (2)	1/8 x 1/2 Woodruff Key (2)	1/2 socket pipe plug (2)	14" straight oil cup	14" angle oil cup	1231 1/8 x1 Groov-Pin T1 (3)		%x ½ Groov-Pin T7 %x ¾ Groov-Pin T4 (2)
Part No.	SP 440	SP 461	SP 500	SP 511	SP 872	SP 874	SP 876	SP 1280	SP 1277	SP 1347	SP 1328	SP 1329	SP 1231	SP 1236	SF 1235 SP 1248
Each	90.	.10	.42	1.69	.74	4.50	.03	.75	.03	09.	1.80	1.80	2.50	.03	.02
Name of Part	Sliding Gear Bushing Spring	Lock Arm Spring	Star Wheel	Clutch Bolt	Clutch Cone	16-Pitch Worm	Worm Key	Handwheel Handle	Spring Washer (3)	Split Nut Gib	Scroll	Handwheel	513-S Handwheel Assem., DL 513, 405	14" Steel Ball	1/4-20x1/2 hex. hd. cap screw (3)
Part No.	Q 333	Q 335	9336	Q 337	0 338	0 339	Q 340	DL 405	DL 421	3.00 DL 426	DL 438	DL 513	DL 513-	DF 666	SP 3
Each	.45	3.60	.03	1.00	.30	.10	3.60		10.00	3.00	.30	06.	.30	90.	.75
Each Part No. Name of Part	Split Nut Lever	Split Nut	Sliding Gear Key	Worm Retaining Bushing	Idler Shaft Collar (2)	Oil Reservoir Gasket	Feed Drive Pinion	Pinion Assem., Q 326, 327, 331,	336, 337, 338	28-T Worm Gear	Scroll Shaft	Scroll Assem., Q 328, DL 438	11/16" Shaft Collar (2)	Worm Gear Retaining Washer	Sliding Gear Shaft Bushing
Part No.	Q 318	Q 319	Q 321	Q 322	Q 323	Q 324	Q 326	Q 326-S		Q 327	Q 328	Q 328-S	Q 329	0 331	.75 Q 332
Each	\$18.00	62.90	1.50	.20	1.20	1.50	.30	2.60	09.	3.00	3.00	3.00	1 50	.60	
art	Apron Casting \$18.00	Complete Apron 62.90	29-T Idler Gear	Gear Stud (2)	Sliding Gear	r Sliding Gear	Sliding Gear Stud	Sliding Gear Sleeve	Worm Gear Reservoir	16-T Rack Pinion	nd Wheel Shaft & Pinion	15-T Rack Pinion	T Gear	Sliding Lock Arm	Scroll Shaft Cam
Part No. Name of Part	Apron	Comp	29-T	Idler	20-T	50-T	Slid	Slid	Wo	16-	Hand	15-	44-T	Slid	Ser

• QUICK CHANGE GEAR BOX



QUICK CHANGE GEAR BOX

Part No.	Name of Part List Price	Part No.	Name of Part List	Price	Part No.	Name of Part List	Pric
DL 585	32-T Cone Gear 1.50	Q 418	24-T Cone Gear	1.00	Q 448	Adjusting Washer	
Q 318	Shift Lever45	Q 419	26-T Cone Gear	1.00		1/32"	.0:
Q 400	Gear Box Body 21.00	Q 420	28-T Cone Gear	1.00	Q 449	Adjusting Washer	
Q 400S .	Complete Gear Box 70.00	Q 424	Clutch Shift Shaft	.20		1/16"	.0
Q 401 (Q 451)	Tumbler Lever Shaft	Q 425	16-T Cone Gear &		Q 452	Tumbler Shaft Bush.	1.0
	Key	-	Shaft	4.50	Q 453	Tumbler Shaft .	2.7
Q 402 (Q 461)	Tumbler Lever	Q 425-S	Gear Assembly,		Q 453-S	Tumbler Shaft Ass-	
	Thumb Paddle20		Q414, 415, 416,			sembly, Q 452, 453,	
Q 403	Dog Clutch Gear		417, 418, 419, 420,			454	5.1
	Shaft		425, 441, DL 585	13.70	Q 454	Tumbler Thrust Co'lar	1
Q 403-S	Dog Gear Assembly,	Q 426	16-T Clutch Shift	THE STATE OF	Q 455	Sliding Gear Index	
	Q 403, 408, 457,	1 -	Gear			Spring	. 0
	458, 459 8.00	Q 426-S	Shift Gear Assembly,		Q 456	5/16" Steel Ball	.0
Q 404	Adjusting Spacer		Q 318, 424, 426		*Q 457 (Q 466-S)	32-T Gear & Bush-	
	Sleeve	Q 427	Dog Clutch Slide			ing Assembly, Q 466,	
Q 469	Adjusting Spacer	Q 428	Dog Clutch Shifter			Q 465	2.3
	Sleeve (not shown)	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	Bar			24-T Dog Clutch Gear	1.7
Q 470	Adjuster Spacer Sleeve	Q 436	Closed Bearing Cover		*Q 459 (Q 467)	18-T Dog Clutch	
Q 471	Adjusting Spacer		(3)			Gear	3.0
	Sleeve (not shown)	Q 437	Open Bearing Cover		Q 501	Tumbler Lever	2.0
100 (0 (00)	(Custom Fit)15	Q 438	Ball Bearing (Nice				2.0
Q 406 (Q 460)	Tumbler Lever Spring .06		409-29) (5)		*Q 501-S (Q 501-SS)	Tumbler Lever Assembly, Q 402, 405.	
Q 408	Dog Clutch Shaft Key .03	Q 441	Cone Gear Shaft Key			406, 501, 515, 516	
Q 414	18-T Cone Gear 1.00	Q 445	Thread & Feed Chart				0.0
Q 415	20-T Cone Gear 1.00	Q 446	Closed Bearing Cover	.10	Q ·515	517, 544 24-T Tumbler Gear	8.0
Q 416	22-T Cone Gear 1.00	Q 447	Adjusting Washer	00			
Q 417	23-T Cone Gear 1.00 *Indicates a combined asset		1/64"		Q 516	Tumbler Gear Shaft	.4