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#### INTRODUCTION

This little manual is intended to guide the users of the machine in its use, operation, maintenance and repair. The materials of construction have been carefully selected for durability and strength and all machined surfaces are held to accurate limits. With ordinary care and use it will give years of accurate satisfactory service.

# INSTALLATION AND OPERATION

#### Foundation

The size and weight of the Buffalo No. 18 drill are such that no special foundation is required. The base is provided with bolt holes to receive either foundation bolts, as in the case of concrete foundation or lag screws which are sufficient for wood flooring. The foundation bolts or lag screws should be  $\frac{5}{8}$ " diameter.

#### Erection

The machine should be set level and corners shimmed if necessary. Equal pressure should be applied on all foundation bolts to prevent cracking or warping the base. When erecting or planning space for machine, leave sufficient space on all sides for maintenance and repair.

#### Operation

Before placing machine in operation, it should be carefully cleaned of all grease and dirt. The protective coating of grease is a rust preventative and not a lubricant. Do not attempt operation without first removing this grease.

Electrical connections should be made and checked by a competent electrician. Wiring diagrams are found in the cover of the starting switch.

The Vee-belt should be free from dirt and grease and should be tightened to the point where the slack side throws a loop approximately 1" from a line of tangents between the pulley. A tight belt wears quickly and creates unwanted vibration.

The spindle nose is fitted with a No. 3 Morse taper socket. To use twist drills having a No. 1 shank, a sleeve must first be inserted into the spindle nose. Be sure both sockets are clean and free from dirt or they will not "grip". When using straight shank drills, a chuck and arbor is used. Be especially careful that both spindle socket and arbor are clean before using chuck. Place chuck and arbor in socket and with chuck jaws drawn down inside of chuck body, strike chuck a smart blow with wooden block or Babbitt hammer.

Before drilling any material, check to make sure the drill is correctly ground—the proper speed is set, and the work to be drilled is securely fastened.

#### TWIST DRILL FAILURES AND THEIR CAUSES

#### 1. Drill breakage:

Caused by—lack of lip clearance. —Speed too slow.

- —Dull drill.
- Back lash in work or machine.
- Flutes clogged (usually found in brass and wood).

#### 2.

Broken Tang: Caused by—Imperfect fit of taper shank, May be caused by nicks, dirt, burrs or worn-out socket.

#### 3. Chipping of lip or cutting edge:

Caused by—Too much pressure. — Too much lip clearance.

#### 4. Oversize hole:

Caused by—Unequal angle of point. — Unequal length of cutting edge. -Loose spindle.

#### 5. Rough hole:

Caused by—Dull drill.

— Improper grind on drill.

– Wrong or lack of lubricant.

—Too much pressure.

#### A FEW "DON'TS" FOR OPERATOR

- 1. Don't change belt with motor running.
- 2. Don't try to hold work-get a clamp or vise.
- Don't force the work-you will dull or break the drill. 3.
- 4. Don't try to stop revolving work—a broken drill is cheaper than a broken finger.
- 5. Don't take chances—if you are not sure, ask your superior.

# **CUTTING OILS**

All materials can be drilled dry if care is taken not to force the drill. If a drill starts to smoke when "dry" drilling, it should not be forced further but eased until excess smoking stops. When drilling with lubricant, the smoke arising from the chip is that of the oil and doesn't indicate injury to the drill.

#### The following cutting oils are suitable under most conditions:

- Hard Steel-Turpentine, Kerosene, Soluble oil. 1.
- Soft Steel-Lard oil. Soluble oil. 2.
- 3. Malleable Iron-Soluble oil.
- Cast Iron—Dry—or air jet. 4.
- 5. Brass—Dry.
- Aluminum—Kerosene or Soluble oil. 6.

#### FEED AND SPEED FOR DRILLS OF HI-SPEED STEEL

The following table covers speeds for most materials and in sizes within the capacity of the machine. The ratings are based on the use of "hi-speed" drills. For carbon drills use speeds about one-half those listed.

Size of Drill,	Feed per Revolution, Inches	Cast Steel	Alloy- Steel Drop- Forgings	Tool and Carbon- Steel Drop- Forgings	Hard Cast Iron	Malleable Iron	Mild Steel	Cast Iron	Bronze Brass	
inches		Feet per Minute								
	1	40	50	60	80	90	100	110	200	
		Revolutions per Minute								
4 /1/	0.007									
1/10	0.005	2,440	3,030	3,007	4,009	5,500	0,114	0.724	14,224	
3/34 1/0	0.0035	1,028	2,035	4 012	3,238	3,000	4,384	3,943	9,108	
1/8 5 (20	0.004	1,224	1,328	1,300	2,445	2.750	3,000	3,304	0,112 5 003	
0/34 0/1/	0.0045	970	1,221	1,205	1,934	2,198	2,349	2,802	5,092	
ə/10 17/20	0.005	013	1,019	1. 22	1,000	1,800	4,630 · 1.701	2,444	4,072	
1/84	0.0055	073	014	1,947	1,390	1,370	1,701	1,902	0,004	
1/4	0.005	611	704	917	1,244	1,375	1,548	1,081	3,056	
9/32	0.0005	542	678	814	1,034	1,222	1,375	1,513	2,750	
5/16	0.007	489	611	735	978	1,100	1,242	1,344	2,444	
11/32	0.0075	444	555	000	888	1,000	1,120	1,233	2,290	
3/8	0.008	407	509	611	815	917	1,018	1,121	2,036	
13/32	0.0085	376	469	563	752	846	946	971	1,892	
7/16	0.009	349	437	524	698	786	874	921	1,748	
15/32	0.0095	326	407	488	652	732	819	881	1,638	
1/2	0.010	306	382	458	611	688	764	840	1,528	
9/16	0.0105	271	339	407	543	611	679	747	1,358	
5/8	0.011	244	306	367	489	550	612	673	1,224	
11/16	0.0115	222	277	333	444	500	555	611	1,110	
3/4	0.012	204	255	306	407	458	508	559	1,016	
13/16	0.0125	188	234	281	376	423	474	521	948	
7/8	0.013	175	218	262	349	393	438	482	876	
15/16	0.0135	163	203	244	326	366	407	448	814	
1	0.014	153	191	229	306	344	382	420	764	

# **Operation Under** Abnormal Conditions:

No particular precaution need be taken other than cleanliness in the case of dirt or mud. In case of extreme low temperature, sudden shock loads should be avoided and the machine should be run slowly several minutes before applying a load or running at high speeds.



# LUBRICATION

All bearings are sealed and require no lubrication **throughout their** life.

The following lubrication is suggested :

- 1. Oil feed pinion bearings daily with SAE 30 oil, through small holes on top of hubs, *as* shown on lubrication chart.
- 2. Once a week, or oftener if service conditions are severe, rack feed sleeve to its maximum down position, clean thoroughly and wipe with light grease.
- 3. At intervals of one or two weeks, the upper spindle should be oiled through the Empress oiler on top of cover 10206.

#### REPAIR

Aside from lubrication, as shown on lubrication chart, it may become necessary or desirable to dismantle the head for cleaning, inspection or repair.

#### (a.) To remove spindle assembly.

 Place a wrench securely on collar 11787 to prevent spring from flying out and back off 5/16 setscrew. Unwind spring slowly and when free, feed pinion assembly can be withdrawn.
Remove collar 10251 and spindle assembly can be withdrawn.

# (b.) To remove spindle from feed sleeve.

1. Back out setscrew in collar 10210 and tap splined end of spindle against wooden bench or soft metal block, holding the feed sleeve with the hands.

# (c.) To remove spindle pulley assembly.

1. Remove cover 10206 and guard 10225.

2. Exert equal pressure on at least two places on lower edge of pulley pushing it up to clear top bearing from its seat. This can also be done by exerting pressure against lower end of sleeve 10208-P1. Do not use hard metal when driving against sleeve—use wooden or brass bar as end of sleeve can become slightly upset and destroy the fit of the external and internal splines. When top bearing has cleared its seat, it can be removed from sleeve, as can lower bearing; with both bearings removed, the sleeve can be pushed through the pulley.

# (d.) To replace spindle pulley assembly.

1. Seat bearing in lower bearing seat (in frame proper).

2. Place pulley in position and push sleeve through—entering it into lower bearing.

- 3. Replace key and upper bearing.
- 4. Replace cover and guard.

# (e.) To reassemble spindle and sleeve.

Place bearing 55505 in seat and push spindle through. Place bearing No. 88505 in seat and assembly collar 10210 inside of bearing. Tighten setscrew. Be careful not to get end adjustment too tight. A small amount of end play is more desirable than a tight fit.

# (f.) To reassemble feed pinion assembly.

1. Place spindle assembly in position and insert feed pinion, when spindle is at maximum up position.

2. Make sure return spring is attached both to Retainer 11730-1 and collar 11787.

3.Wind spring 11965 with wrench on collar 11787 and tighten setscrew. Tighten spring so that spindle returns gently.





# NO. 18 DRILL-REPAIR PARTS LIST

N	N	). Z I Decemientian	M	Weight
Item Ne.	Keq	Delt Deine (Cotue)	Dubber	Ca. LDS. 1/
50-A	1	Belt Drive "Gates"	Moldod	72 1/
20-1401	1	Adapter	CI	12
30-1401	à	Scrow Can 4"-13 x 14", Hey, Head	Steel	10
	2	Screw, Cap. 4/2-13 x 23/2", Hex. Head	Steel	1/2
3D-1408	ĩ	Column	Steel	66
3D-1409	1	Column (Bench Type)	Steel	35
3D-2453-1	1	Spindle, No. 3, Jacobs Taper.	Steel	4
10201	1	Base	<u>C</u> . <u>I</u> .	73
10203	1	Bracket, for Motor	C. I.	16
	2	Pin, Drive, $\frac{1}{16}$ " $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ "	Steel	/16
10204	10	Nut Iam 1 " 24 (Codmium Plated)	Steel	723 1/
10205	1	Sneeer for Upper Ball Rearing	Steel	716 14
10203	1 I	Cover for Spindle	CI	2 <sup>74</sup>
10200	3	Screw, Can. 44 "-20 x %". Fillister Hd.	Steel	1/10
10207	ĭ	Collar for Depth Stop	C. L	11%
10201	ī	Screw, Cap. 14-20 x 2"		- / -
		(Cadmium Plated)	Steel	1/18
10208-PI	1	Sleeve, Spindle Pulley	Steel	21/4
10209- <b>A</b>	1	Sleeve, Spindle	Steel	$7\frac{1}{2}$
	1	Key, # " x # " x 8"	Key St.	1/8
10210	1	Collar, Spindle Bearing	Steel	1/4
10011 B	1	Screw. Set, 4 -20 X 4 , "Bristo"	Steel	_1/18
10211-0	1	Emion Read Assembled	Steel	D 72
10212	î	Hub for Feed Pinion Assembled	Steel {	7
10214	3	Handle for Feed Pinion	Steel	14
10217	ĩ	Frame	C. I.	43 1/2
	2	Screw, Cap, %"-16 x 1¼"	Steel	1/16
	1	Screw, Set, 3% "-16 x % ", "Bristo"	Steel	1/16
	2	Screw, Cap, <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> "-20 x 2 <sup>8</sup> / <sub>4</sub> "	Steel	1⁄8
	2	Nut, $\frac{1}{2}$ "-20, Hex	Steel	1/16
10222	1	Screw, Inumo, %"-10 X %"	Steel	101/18
10222	1	Guard for Spindle Pulley	<u>C. I.</u>	151/
10223	3	Screw Can. 4 -20 x 4 "	U. I. Stool	10 74
10233-1	ĭ	Pulley, Spindle	Dia Cart	514
	1	Key, 4," x 4," x 1%"	Key St.	1/18
10234	1	Pulley, Motor	Die Cast.	3 2
	1	Screw, Set, fs "-18 x fs", "Bristo"	Steel	¥16
10244	2	Rod for Motor Bracket	Steel	1
10251	1	Collar for Depth Stop Bar	Steel	14
10211 9	1	Spindle No 2 Morse Tener	Steel	16خ
11180.1	2	Plug for Motor Bracket	Steel	14.4
11196	ĩ	Nut for Denth Stop Collar	Steel	14a
11970	- 0	Some Lashing (1 for Table )		1/
112/9	2	Screws, Locking 11 for Table Fork	Steel	*/4,
11280	2	Handle for Locking Screws	Steel	¥4
11730-1	1	Retainer for Spindle Return Spring	Steel	1/4
. 1 7 7 1	z	Screw, Flat Head, No. 10-24 $\mathbf{x}$ $\frac{1}{2}$	Steel	418
11794	1	Table	Steel	DC 7/2
11787	1	Collar for Feed Pinion	Steel	30 2/,
01	i	Screw, Set. A "-18 x & ". "Bristo"	Steel	1/1 e
11813-1	ī	Bushing for Safety Latch	St. Tubin	<b>g</b> 1/10
11813-2	1	Washer for Safety Latch	Steel	- 1/16
11814-1	1	Safety Latch	Steel	1/8
11814- <b>2</b>	1	Weight for Latch	Steel	1/8
11965	ĭ	Spring for Spindle Return	Sp. St.	%4 1/
	2	Bourews, Kound riead, No. 8-32 x ¼"	Steel	
	1	- Ball Bearing, New Departure" (55505) - Rall Rearing "New Departure" (29505)	ու. Տե	72 14
	2	Ball Bearing, "New Departure" (88508)	St.	11/2
	~	(0000d)	6.7 V 9	- (*

PRICES ON APPLICATION



# **GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Capacity	. 1″
Maximum distance spindle nose to table	34″
Maximum distance spindle nose to base	. 50″
Column diameter	3.906
Feed travel	. 5″
Swing	18″
Spindle—Morse taper	. #3
Working surface of base	l 1 x 1'2"
Net Weight	335 lbs.
Speeds 400-670-1100-1800	)3000
Overall height	. 78″
Overall width	. 17″
Overall depth (with motor)	. 33″
Spindle diameter	15/16"
Working surface of table 1	12 x 12"
Spindle sleeve diameter	23%8"

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